

# **Letter of Notification for the Jorden 138kV Station Project**



An **AEP** Company

BOUNDLESS ENERGY™

PUCO Case No. 25-0941-EL-BLN

Submitted to:  
The Ohio Power Siting Board  
Pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code  
Section 4906-6-05

Submitted by:  
AEP Ohio Transmission Company, Inc.

October 28, 2025

## LETTER OF NOTIFICATION FOR THE JORDEN 138KV STATION PROJECT

### LETTER OF NOTIFICATION

**AEP Ohio Transmission Company, Inc.**

**25-0941-EL-BLN**

#### **4906-6-05 Accelerated Application Requirements**

AEP Ohio Transmission Company, Inc. (the Company) provides the following information to the Ohio Power Siting Board (OPSB) in accordance with the accelerated application requirements of Ohio Administrative Code Section 4906-6-05.

#### **4906-6-05(B) General Information**

##### **B(1) Project Description**

**Provide the name of the project and applicant's reference number, names and reference number(s) of resulting circuits, a brief description of the project, and why the project meets the requirements for a letter of notification or construction notice application.**

The Company is proposing the Jorden 138 kV Station Project (the "Project") located in City of New Albany, Licking County, Ohio. The Project involves the construction of a new 10-acre transmission station, which will provide electric service to a customer's facility (**Appendix A**). The Jorden 138kV Substation is located on customer property and will receive 138 kV service from the existing Innovation-Brie 138kV transmission line (to be filed with OPSB at a later date).

The Project meets the requirements for a Letter of Notification (LON) as defined by Item 3 of Appendix A to Ohio Administrative Code Section 4906-1-01, *Application Requirement Matrix for Electric Power Transmission Lines*:

*(3) Constructing a new electric power transmission substation.*

The Project has been assigned Case No. 25-0941-EL-BLN.

##### **B(2) Statement of Need**

**If the proposed project is an electric power transmission line or gas pipeline, the applicant provide a statement explaining the need for the proposed facility.**

The New Albany area continues to see some of the fastest growing electric demand in the AEP system. The robust economic development activity in New Albany is creating a continued influx of new customer interconnection requests.

The approximate load in the New Albany area today is 500 MW and the demand is expected to exceed 2,000 MW by the end of 2027 and will continue to grow in future years. A customer has requested additional service to support an estimated initial load of 54 MW in the New Albany, Ohio area, with plans

## **LETTER OF NOTIFICATION FOR THE JORDEN 138KV STATION PROJECT**

to expand to an ultimate peak demand of 270 MW in the future. Due to the projected customer load, existing facilities that serve the area will exceed their thermal capacities under certain scenarios. To meet the customer's request, the Company will construct the new Jorden 138kV Station (subject of this filing) which will require tapping into the existing Innovation-Brie 138kV Transmission Line from two new 138kV transmission lines (to be filed separately). The customer has requested an in-service date of November 2026.

Failure to move forward with the proposed Project will result in the inability to service the customer's projected 270 MW ultimate peak load and jeopardize the customer's plans in the New Albany, Ohio area.

The need for the customer driven supplemental project was presented and reviewed with stakeholders during the June 15, 2022, PJM SRRTEP meeting. The solution was presented and reviewed with stakeholders during the December 5, 2023, PJM TEAC meeting, and subsequently assigned the PJM number of S3442.5. This Project was included in the Company's 2025 Long Term Forecast Report and can be found on pages 74 and 75 (see **Appendix B**).

### **B(3) Project Location**

**Provide the location of the project in relation to existing or proposed lines and substations shown on an area system map of sufficient scale and size to show existing and proposed transmission facilities in the project area.**

The location of the Project in relation to existing transmission lines and substations is shown on **Figure 1**, in **Appendix A**.

### **B(4) Alternatives Considered**

**Describe the alternatives considered and reasons why the proposed location or route is best suited for the proposed facility, including but not be limited to, impacts associated with socioeconomic, ecological, construction, or engineering aspects of the project.**

The Project is located on customer property. Based on the customer's proposed development and existing facilities in the area, the proposed location of the Jorden 138kV Station is the most suitable location for the Project. Other alternatives would require impacting neighboring properties, as opposed to remaining entirely on the customer's property. The Project is located on land previously associated with farmland and landscape areas, which have recently undergone conversion to developed/industrial/commercial use by the Customer. This Project will not require impacts to any delineated wetlands or streams, and will not require any forest clearing. The location of the Project minimizes impacts to the community and the environment, while considering the engineering and construction needs of the customer. The Project also represents the most suitable location and most appropriate solution for meeting the Company's and customer's needs.

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### **B(5) Public Information Program**

**Describe its public information program to inform affected property owners and residents of the nature of the project and the proposed timeframe for project construction and restoration activities.**

The Company will inform affected property owners and tenants about this Project through several different mediums. Within seven days of filing this LON, the Company will issue a public notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the Project area. The notice will comply with all requirements of Ohio Revised Code (“OAC”) Section 4906-6-08(A)(1-6). Further, the Company will mail a letter, via first class mail, to affected landowners, tenants, contiguous owners and any other landowner the Company may approach for an easement necessary for the construction, operation, or maintenance of the Project. The letter will comply with all requirements of OAC Section 4906-6-08(B). The Company maintains a website (<http://aeptransmission.com/ohio/>) which provides the public access to an electronic copy of this LON and the public notice for this LON. An electronic copy of the LON will be served to the public library in each political subdivision for this Project. The Company retains ROW land agents that discuss Project timelines, construction and restoration activities and convey information to affected owners and tenants throughout the Project.

### **B(6) Construction Schedule**

**Provide an anticipated construction schedule and proposed in-service date of the project.**

Construction of the Project is planned to begin in February 2026 with an anticipated in-service date of September 2026.

### **B(7) Area Map**

**Provide a map of at least 1:24,000 scale clearly depicting the facility and proposed limits of disturbance with clearly marked streets, roads, and highways, and an aerial image.**

**Figure 1, in Appendix A**, identifies the location of the Project area on a 1:24,000 scale United States Geological Survey 7.5' topographic quadrangle map. **Appendix A, Figure 2** displays the Project components on a 2025 aerial photograph.

### **B(8) Property Agreements**

**Provide a list of properties for which the applicant has obtained easements, options, and/or land use agreements necessary to construct and operate the facility and a list of the additional properties for which such agreements have not been obtained.**

A list of properties required for the Project are provided in **Table 1**, below.

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**Table 1– Property Agreements**

Property Parcel Number	Agreement Type	Easement or Option Obtained (Yes/No)
095-112236-00.000	New Easement	No

The easement form exhibit provided in **Appendix C** represents the minimum rights the Company would require in order to construct, operate, and maintain these facilities.

### **B(9) Technical Features**

**Describe the following information regarding the technical features of the project:**

#### **B(9)(a) Operating characteristics, estimated number and types of structures required, and right-of-way and/or land requirements.**

The equipment and facilities to be installed for the Project are anticipated to include the following:

- 1 – 27'x16' Drop In Control Module
- 4 – 138kV Circuit Breakers

#### **B(9)(b) Electric and Magnetic Fields**

**For electric power transmission lines that are within one hundred feet of an occupied residence or institution, the production of electric and magnetic fields during the operation of the proposed electric power transmission line.**

No occupied residences or institutions are located within 100 feet of the Project.

#### **B(9)(c) Project Cost**

The cost estimate for the Project, which is comprised of applicable tangible and capital costs, is approximately \$13,910,000 using a Class 4 estimate. Pursuant to the PJM OATT, the costs for this Project will be recovered in the AEP Ohio Transmission Company Inc.'s FERC formula rate (Attachment H-20 to the PJM OATT) and allocated to the AEP Zone.

### **B(10) Social and Ecological Impacts**

**The applicant shall describe the social and ecological impacts of the project:**

#### **B(10)(a) Land Use**

**Provide a brief, general description of land use within the vicinity of the proposed project, including a list of municipalities, townships, and counties affected.**

## **LETTER OF NOTIFICATION FOR THE JORDEN 138KV STATION PROJECT**

The Project location and vicinity have historically been primarily agricultural land with scattered woodlots and single-family residences. While the area remains primarily rural, multiple industrial developments have been constructed in the vicinity in recent years. An aerial photograph of the Project vicinity is provided as **Figure 2**. The Project is mapped within the City of New Albany, in Jersey Township within Licking County. The Project vicinity was previously rural, old fields, scattered woodlots, and hedgerows that are actively being converted into industrial, commercial, or landscape areas part of current and future developments by others. The Project location is entirely within properties that have been cleared by the customer for their development. No tree clearing is anticipated for the Project.

### **B(10)(b) Agricultural Land**

**Provide the acreage and a general description of all agricultural land, and separately all agricultural district land, existing at least sixty days prior to submission of the application within the potential disturbance area of the project.**

The Project Area is characterized by old fields formerly used for row crops with several large industrial developments in the vicinity. Large, open agricultural fields are present in the Project Area along Clover Valley Road and Jug Street; however, these areas do not appear to have been planted in several years. The Project Area is rapidly changing, as evidenced by the development of several industrial facilities and data centers in recent years. The current Project Area is located within these areas of recent development and no agricultural fields are present.

Based on data received from the Licking County Auditor's office on October 2, 2025, there are no agricultural district parcels within the potential disturbance area of the Project

### **B(10)(c) Archaeological and Cultural Resources**

**Provide a description of the applicant's investigation concerning the presence or absence of significant archaeological or cultural resources that may be located within the potential disturbance area of the project, a statement of the findings of the investigation, and a copy of any document produced as a result of the investigation.**

A cultural resource survey and report were conducted by the Company's consultant for the Project in summer 2024. Correspondence from the State Historic Preservation Office ("SHPO") was received in October 2024, see **Appendix D**. The SHPO stated that the Project will have no adverse effect on historic properties, and that no further archaeological work is necessary.

### **B(10)(d) Local, State, and Federal Agency Correspondence**

**Provide a list of the local, state, and federal governmental agencies known to have requirements that must be met in connection with the construction of the project, and a list of documents that have been or are being filed with those agencies in connection with siting and constructing the project.**

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A summary of anticipated permits and authorizations for the Project is provided in **Table 2**, below. There are no other known local, state, or federal requirements that must be met prior to commencement of the Project.

**Table 2—Anticipated Permits**

Permit/Authorization/Coordination	Agency	Date
Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	City of New Albany	To be submitted
	Ohio Environmental Protection Agency	
Road Use Maintenance Agreement	Licking County	Anticipated prior to construction
Temporary Construction Entrance	City of New Albany	Anticipated prior to construction
Road Crossings	City of New Albany	Anticipated prior to construction
Clean Water Act Section 404/401	United States Army Corps of Engineers	Not required; no stream or wetlands are impacted by Project.
	Ohio Environmental Protection Agency	
Archaeology/Architectural	Ohio Historic Preservation Office	Coordination complete 10/23/2024, no additional work required
Threatened and Endangered Species	United States Fish and Wildlife Service	Consultation complete December 2024
Threatened and Endangered Species	Ohio Department of Natural Resources	Consultation complete December 2024

### **B(10)(e) Threatened, Endangered, and Rare Species**

**Provide a description of the applicant's investigation concerning the presence or absence of federal and state designated species (including endangered species, threatened species, rare species, species proposed for listing, species under review for listing, and species of special interest) that may be located within the potential disturbance area of the project, a statement of the findings of the investigation, and a copy of any document produced as a result of the investigation.**

Coordination letters were submitted to the United State Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) Ohio Natural Heritage Program (ONHP) and Division of Wildlife (DOW), seeking an environmental review of the Project for potential impacts to state and/or federally protected species. ODNR and USFWS provided responses for the Jorden Station Project on December 30, 2024, and December 16, 2024, respectively. Copies of the agencies' responses are presented in **Appendix E**.

**Table 4, in Appendix E** lists the federal and state threatened or endangered species in the Project area.

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Based on the nature of the proposed Project activities and habitat characteristics of the surrounding vicinity, construction impacts to protected species are not anticipated.

### **B(10)(f) Areas of Ecological Concern**

**Provide a description of the applicant's investigation concerning the presence or absence of areas of ecological concern (including national and state forests and parks, floodplains, wetlands, designated or proposed wilderness areas, national and state wild and scenic rivers, wildlife areas, wildlife refuges, wildlife management areas, and wildlife sanctuaries) that may be located within the potential disturbance area of the project, a statement of the findings of the investigation, and a copy of any document produced as a result of the investigation.**

The Company's consultant conducted a wetland and stream delineation survey covering the Project study area on September 17, 2024 (**Appendix E**). The survey of the Project area identified one wetland and one pond. The Project's construction activities are not expected to result in discharge of fill in any of the delineated features with complete avoidance of both the wetland and pond. No streams were identified within the Project Site.

Based on a review of the Protected Areas Database of the United States as well as the Conservation Easement Database, there are no state or national parks, forests, wildlife areas or mapped conservation easements in the vicinity of the Project.

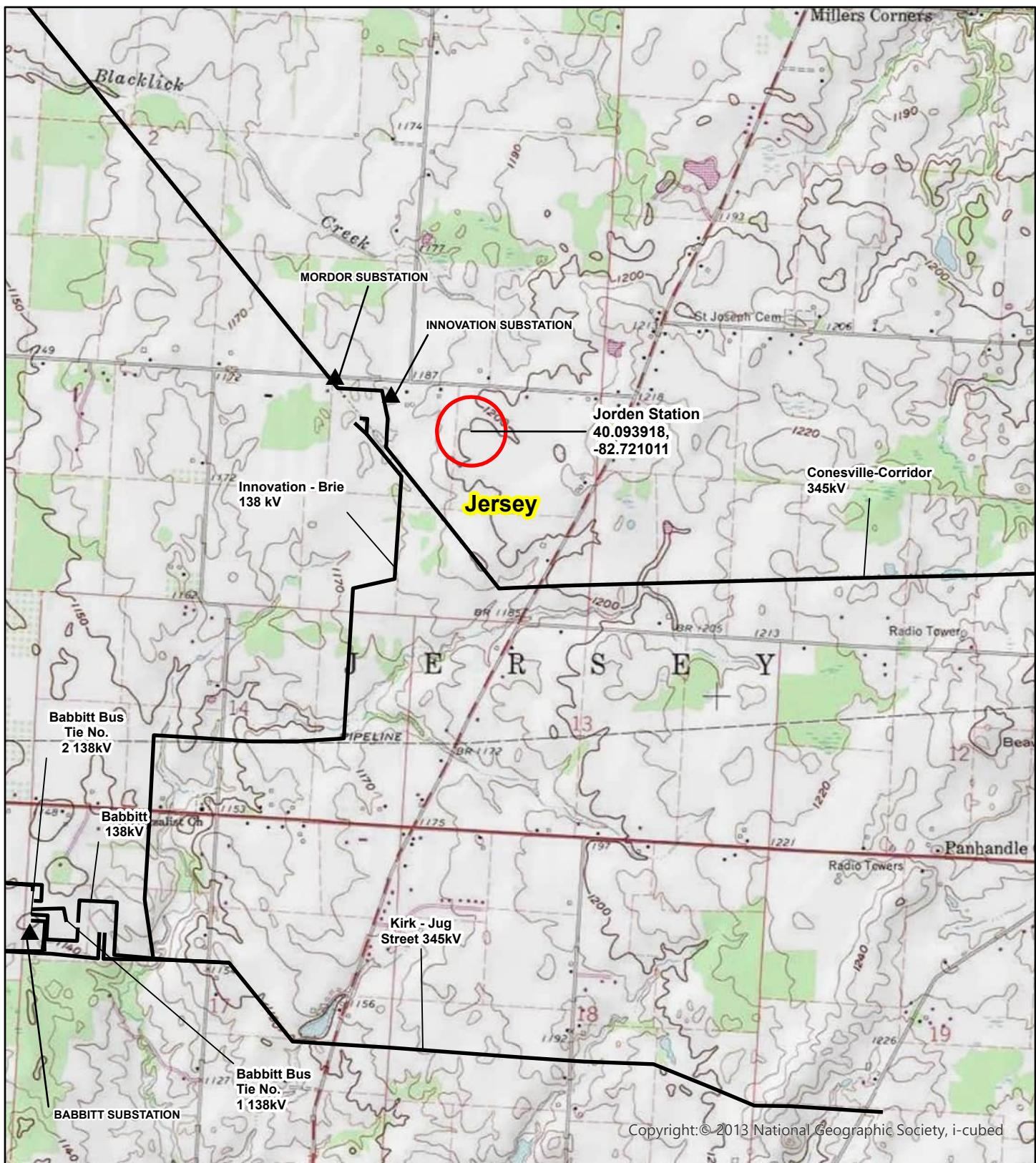
The FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map ("FIRM") was reviewed to identify any floodplains/flood hazard areas that have been mapped within the Project Area (specifically, map number 39089Co280J). Based on this mapping, no FEMA-designated 100-year floodplains occur in the Project Area.

### **B(10)(g) Unusual Conditions**

**Provide any known additional information that will describe any unusual conditions resulting in significant environmental, social, health, or safety impacts.**

To the best of the Company's knowledge, no unusual conditions exist that would result in significant environmental, social, health, or safety impacts.

## **Appendix A Project Maps**



- ▲ Existing Station
- Existing Transmission Line
- Project Area
- Ohio USGS 7.5' Topographic Quadrangle

Data Sources: AEP (2025),  
ESRI Topographic Map (2013),  
USGS 7.5 Topographic  
Quadrangle (Jersey)

Coordinate System:  
State Plane Ohio South  
NAD 83

October 28, 2025

#### PROJECT LOCATION

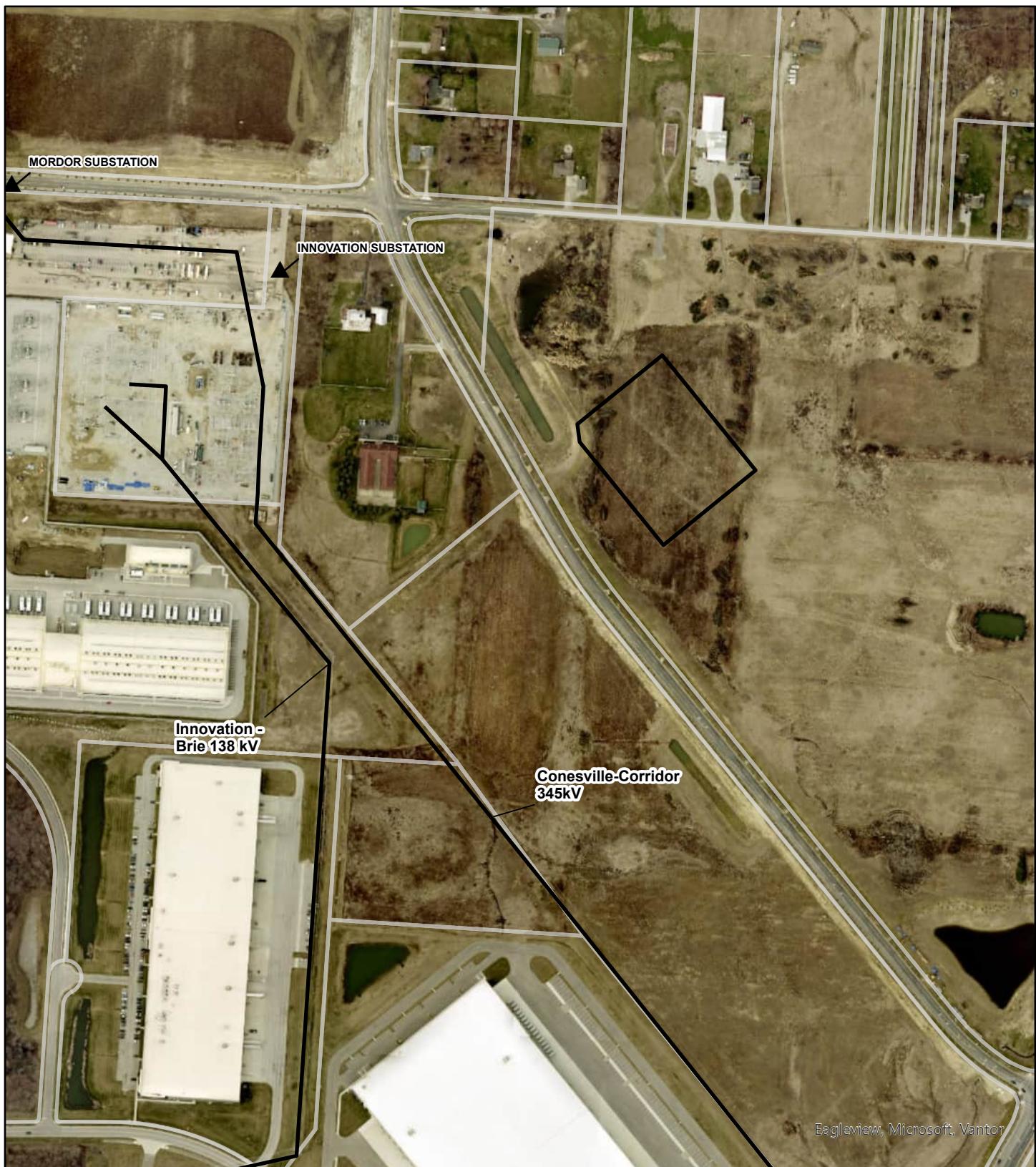


**FIGURE 1**  
**TOPOGRAPHIC OVERVIEW**



Jorden 138kV Station Project

0 2,000  
US Feet



**FIGURE 2**  
**AERIAL MAP**



Jorden 138kV Station Project

0 200 400  
US Feet

## **Appendix B PJM Solution and Long Term Forecast Report**

Need Number: AEP-2022-OH046

Process Stage: Submission of Supplemental Project for inclusion in the Local Plan  
9/16/2024

Previously Presented:

Solutions Meeting 5/9/2023, 12/5/2023

Need Meeting 6/15/2022

Project Driver: Customer Service

Specific Assumption Reference:

AEP Connection Requirements for the AEP Transmission System (AEP Assumptions Slide 12)

Problem Statement:

Customer Service:

- A customer has requested transmission service at a site East of AEP's existing Jug Street station in New Albany, OH.
- The customer has indicated their initial demand of 50 MW with an ultimate peak demand up to 270 MW in the future.
- The customer has requested an ISD of 6/28/2024



**Need Number:** AEP-2022-OH046

**Process Stage:** Submission of Supplemental Project for inclusion in the Local Plan 9/16/2024

**Solution:**

**The following work is all direct connect substations to physically connect demand to the grid.**

- **Jorden 138 kV:** Cut into the Innovation – Kirk 138 kV circuit with two single circuit 138 kV lines ~0.35 miles terminating into Jorden station, utilizing 2-bundled ACSS Curlew 1033.5 (54/7) conductor, SE rating 1123 MVA, to Construct a greenfield 138 kV 4-CB ring bus station, configurable to 4-strings breaker and half station in future, with (4) 4000 A, 80 kA circuit breakers. Construct two single circuit 138kV lines ~0.1 miles, between Jorden and the customer. Cost: **\$12.5 M (\$3442.5)**

<b>10</b>	<b>PARTICIPATION WITH OTHER UTILITIES</b>	N/A
<b>11</b>	<b>PURPOSE OF THE PLANNED TRANSMISSION LINE</b>	Tie new station into Green Capel - Innovation 138 kV line
<b>12</b>	<b>CONSEQUENCES OF LINE CONSTRUCTION DEFERMENT OR TERMINATION</b>	Unable to provide requested service to customer
<b>13</b>	<b>MISCELLANEOUS:</b>	
<b>1</b>	<b>LINE NAME AND NUMBER:</b>	Jug Street - Corridor 345 kV (s3442.11 TP2022947)
<b>2</b>	<b>POINTS OF ORIGIN AND TERMINATION</b>	Jug Street - Corridor 345 kV INTERMEDIATE STATIONS - N/A
<b>3</b>	<b>RIGHTS-OF-WAY: LENGTH / WIDTH / CIRCUITS</b>	~6.31 mi / 150 ft / 2 circuits (~0.1 line work)
<b>4</b>	<b>VOLTAGE: DESIGN / OPERATE</b>	345 kV / 345 kV
<b>5</b>	<b>APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE:</b>	2025
<b>6</b>	<b>CONSTRUCTION:</b>	2025
<b>7</b>	<b>CAPITAL INVESTMENT:</b>	\$2.75 M
<b>8</b>	<b>PLANNED SUBSTATION:</b>	Fiesta
<b>9</b>	<b>SUPPORTING STRUCTURES:</b>	Steel
<b>10</b>	<b>PARTICIPATION WITH OTHER UTILITIES</b>	N/A
<b>11</b>	<b>PURPOSE OF THE PLANNED TRANSMISSION LINE</b>	Tie new station into Corridor - Green Chapel 138 kV line
<b>12</b>	<b>CONSEQUENCES OF LINE CONSTRUCTION DEFERMENT OR TERMINATION</b>	Unable to provide requested service to customer
<b>13</b>	<b>MISCELLANEOUS:</b>	
<b>1</b>	<b>LINE NAME AND NUMBER:</b>	Jorden Extension North (s3442.5 TP2022083)
<b>2</b>	<b>POINTS OF ORIGIN AND TERMINATION</b>	Innovation - Jorden 138 kV INTERMEDIATE STATIONS - Hazelton 138 kV Station
<b>3</b>	<b>RIGHTS-OF-WAY: LENGTH / WIDTH / CIRCUITS</b>	~0.75 mi / 100 ft / 2 circuits (~0.25 mi of line work)
<b>4</b>	<b>VOLTAGE: DESIGN / OPERATE</b>	138 kV / 138 kV
<b>5</b>	<b>APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE:</b>	2025
<b>6</b>	<b>CONSTRUCTION:</b>	2024 - 2026

7	<b>CAPITAL INVESTMENT:</b>	1.75 M
8	<b>PLANNED SUBSTATION:</b>	Jorden
9	<b>SUPPORTING STRUCTURES:</b>	Steel
10	<b>PARTICIPATION WITH OTHER UTILITIES</b>	N/A
11	<b>PURPOSE OF THE PLANNED TRANSMISSION LINE</b>	Tie new station into Innovation - Kirk 138 kV line
12	<b>CONSEQUENCES OF LINE CONSTRUCTION DEFERMENT OR TERMINATION</b>	Unable to provide requested service to customer
13	<b>MISCELLANEOUS:</b>	
1	<b>LINE NAME AND NUMBER:</b>	Jorden Extension South (s3442.5 TP2022083)
2	<b>POINTS OF ORIGIN AND TERMINATION</b>	Jorden - Kirk 138 kV INTERMEDIATE STATIONS - Hazelton 138 kV Station
3	<b>RIGHTS-OF-WAY: LENGTH / WIDTH / CIRCUITS</b>	~1.90 mi / 100 ft / 2 circuits (~0.25 mi of line work)
4	<b>VOLTAGE: DESIGN / OPERATE</b>	138 kV / 138 kV
5	<b>APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE:</b>	2025
6	<b>CONSTRUCTION:</b>	2025 - 2026
7	<b>CAPITAL INVESTMENT:</b>	2.5 M
8	<b>PLANNED SUBSTATION:</b>	Jorden
9	<b>SUPPORTING STRUCTURES:</b>	Steel
10	<b>PARTICIPATION WITH OTHER UTILITIES</b>	N/A
11	<b>PURPOSE OF THE PLANNED TRANSMISSION LINE</b>	Tie new station into Innovation - Kirk 138 kV line
12	<b>CONSEQUENCES OF LINE CONSTRUCTION DEFERMENT OR TERMINATION</b>	Unable to provide requested service to customer
13	<b>MISCELLANEOUS:</b>	
1	<b>LINE NAME AND NUMBER:</b>	Innovation - Brie 138 kV (s3442.5 TP2022083)
2	<b>POINTS OF ORIGIN AND TERMINATION</b>	Innovation - Brie 138 kV INTERMEDIATE STATIONS - N/A
3	<b>RIGHTS-OF-WAY: LENGTH / WIDTH / CIRCUITS</b>	~1.75 mi / 100 ft / 2 circuits (~0.1 mi of line work)

## **Appendix C Easement Form**

**Line Name:**

**Line No.:**                   **Easement No.:**

**EASEMENT AND RIGHT OF WAY**

On this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025, in consideration of Ten and NO/100 Dollars (\$10.00), and other valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, and the covenants hereinafter set forth, **LANDOWNER**, whose address is MAILING ADDRESS, ("Grantor"), whether one or more persons, hereby grants, sells, conveys, and warrants to **AEP Ohio Transmission Company, Inc.**, a(n) Ohio corporation, a unit of American Electric Power, whose principal business address is 1 Riverside Plaza, Columbus, Ohio 43215, ("AEP") and its successors, assigns, lessees and tenants a permanent easement and right of way ("Easement"), for electric transmission, distribution, and communication lines and appurtenant equipment and fixtures, being, in, on, over, under, through and across the following described lands of the Grantor, situated in the State of Ohio, County, Township, Quarter section, Section, Township No., Range No., Tax Parcel Number.

Grantor claims title by, OR \_\_\_, Page \_\_\_, recorded on \_\_\_\_\_; in the County Recorder's Office.

Auditor/Key/Tax Number:

The Easement Area is more fully described and depicted on Exhibit "A", a copy of which is attached hereto and made a part hereof ("Easement Area").

**GRANTOR FURTHER GRANTS AEP THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS:**

The right, now or in the future, to construct, reconstruct, operate, maintain, alter, improve, extend, inspect and patrol (by ground or air), protect, repair, remove, replace, upgrade and relocate within the Easement Area, poles, towers, and structures, made of wood, metal, concrete or other materials, and crossarms, guys, anchors, grounding systems, and all other appurtenant equipment and fixtures, and to string conductors, wires and cables; together with the right to add to said facilities from time to time, and the right to do anything necessary, useful or convenient for the enjoyment of the Easement herein granted.

The right, in AEP's discretion, now or in the future, to cut down, trim, remove, and otherwise control, using herbicides or tree growth regulators or other means, any and all trees, overhanging branches, vegetation or brush situated within the Easement Area. AEP shall also have the right to cut down, trim or remove trees situated on lands of Grantor which adjoin the Easement Area when in the opinion of AEP those trees may endanger the safety of, or interfere with the construction, operation or maintenance of AEP's facilities or ingress or egress to, from or along the Easement Area.

The right of unobstructed ingress and egress, at any and all times, over, across and along and upon the Easement Area, and across the adjoining lands of Grantor as may be necessary for access to and from the Easement Area for the above referenced purposes.

**THIS GRANT IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:**

The Grantor reserves the right to cultivate annual crops, pasture, construct fences (provided gates are installed that adequately provide AEP the access rights conveyed herein) and roads or otherwise use the lands encumbered by this Easement in any way not inconsistent with the rights herein granted. In no event, however, shall Grantor, its heirs, successors, and assigns plant or cultivate any trees or place, construct, install, erect or permit any temporary or permanent building, structure, improvement or obstruction including but not limited to, storage tanks, billboards, signs, sheds, dumpsters, light poles, water impoundments, above ground irrigation systems, swimming pools or wells, or permit any alteration of the ground elevation, over, or within the Easement Area. AEP may, at Grantor's cost, remove any structure or obstruction if placed within the Easement Area, and may re-grade any alterations of the ground elevation within the Easement Area.

AEP agrees to repair or pay the Grantor for actual damages sustained by Grantor to crops, fences, gates, irrigation and drainage systems, drives, or lawns that are permitted herein, when such damages arise out of AEP's exercise of the rights herein granted.

The failure of AEP to exercise any of the rights granted herein, or the removal of any facilities from the Easement, shall not be deemed to constitute an abandonment or waiver of the rights granted herein.

This instrument contains the complete agreement, expressed or implied between the parties herein and shall inure to the benefit of and be binding on their respective successors, assigns, heirs, executors, administrators, lessees, tenants, and licensees.

This Easement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which, taken together, shall constitute one and the same instrument.

**Any remaining space on this page left intentionally blank. See next page for signatures.**

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Grantor has executed this Easement effective the day, month and year first above written.

## GRANTOR

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## LANDOWNER

State of §  
§  
County of §

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025, by LANDOWNER.

Notary Public  
Print Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
My Commission Expires: \_\_\_\_\_

This instrument prepared by Thomas G. St. Pierre, Associate General Counsel - Real Estate, American Electric Power Service Corporation, 1 Riverside Plaza, Columbus, OH 43215 for and on behalf of AEP Ohio Transmission Company, Inc., a unit of American Electric Power.

When recorded return to: American Electric Power - Transmission Right of Way, 8600 Smiths Mill Road, New Albany, OH 43054.

## **Appendix D State Historic Preservation Act Coordination**



In reply, refer to  
2024-LIC-62481

October 23, 2024

Ryan J. Weller  
Weller & Associates, Inc.  
1395 West Fifth Avenue  
Columbus, Ohio 43212  
rweller@wellercrm.com

**RE: Jorden Station Project, Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio**

Dear Mr. Weller:

This letter is in response to the correspondence received on September 27, 2024, and September 30, 2024, regarding the proposed Jorden Station Project located in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio. We appreciate the opportunity to comment on this project. The comments of the Ohio State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) are made pursuant to Section 149.53 of the Ohio Revised Code and the Ohio Power Siting Board (OPSB) rules for siting this project (OAC 4906-4 & 4906-5). The comments of the Ohio SHPO are also submitted in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (54 U.S.C. 306108 [36 CFR 800]).

The following comments pertain to the *Phase I Cultural Resource Management Investigations for the 7.5 ha (18.5 ac) Jorden Station Project in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio* by Ryan J. Weller and Scott A. McIntosh (Weller & Associates, Inc. 2024). These investigations were conducted in relation to the greenfield installation and construction of the proposed Jorden Station.

A literature review, visual inspection, shovel probes, and shovel test unit excavations were completed as part of the investigations. The project area had not been previously professionally surveyed. Areas of disturbance were noted in the project area. There were no previously documented archaeological sites located within the project area and no new archaeological sites were identified. Our office agrees that no additional archaeological survey is needed for this project area. Architectural resources within the Area of Potential Effect (APE) have either been demolished or previously addressed and found not eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP; 2022MLT53565).

The following comments pertain to the *Phase I Cultural Resource Management Investigations for the 1 km (.3 mi) Jorden Extension Greenfield Project in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio* by Ryan J. Weller and Scott A. McIntosh (Weller & Associates, Inc. 2024). These investigations were conducted for the proposed Jorden Extension project, which will connect the future Jorden Station to an extant transmission line to the southwest.

A literature review, visual inspection, shovel probes, and shovel test unit excavations were completed as part of the investigations. The southwestern part of the project area had been previously investigated through several prior professional surveys. Areas of disturbance were noted in the project area. There were no previously documented archaeological sites located within the project area and no new archaeological sites were identified. Our office agrees that no additional archaeological survey is needed for this project area. Architectural resources within the APE have either been demolished or previously addressed and found not eligible for the NRHP

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(2022MLT53565).

The following comments pertain to the *Phase I Cultural Resource Management Investigations for the 1 km (.3 mi) Jorden-DBT Tie-in Line #1 Project in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio* by Ryan J. Weller and Scott A. McIntosh (Weller & Associates, Inc. 2024). These investigations were conducted for the greenfield installation of the proposed Jorden-DBT Tie-in Line #1.

A literature review, visual inspection, and shovel test unit excavations were completed as part of the investigations. Much of the project area had been investigated through several prior professional surveys. Areas of disturbance were noted in the project area. There were no previously documented archaeological sites located within the project area and no new archaeological sites were identified. Our office agrees that no additional archaeological survey is needed for this project area. Architectural resources within the APE have either been demolished or previously addressed and found not eligible for the NRHP (2022MLT53565).

Based on the information provided, we agree that the project, as proposed, will have no effect on historic properties. No further coordination with this office is necessary, unless the project changes or unless new or additional cultural resources are discovered during the implementation of this project. In such a situation, this office should be contacted. If you have any questions, please contact me by e-mail at [cgullett@ohiohistory.org](mailto:cgullett@ohiohistory.org). Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,



Catherine Gullett, Project Reviews Coordinator - Archaeology  
Resource Protection and Review  
State Historic Preservation Office

RPR Serial Nos. 1105025, 1105026, and 1105047

## **Appendix E      Ecological Survey Report**

# **JORDEN STATION PROJECT**

## **LICKING COUNTY, OHIO**

### **ECOLOGICAL REPORT**

*Prepared for:*

American Electric Power Ohio Transmission Company  
8500 Smiths Mill Road  
New Albany, Ohio 43054



*Prepared by:*



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Project #: 60736731

January 2025

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

American Electric Power Ohio Transmission Company (AEP Ohio Transco) proposed the construction of a new, greenfield substation within a 19-acre parcel as part of the Jorden Station Project (Project), located in the City of New Albany, Licking County, Ohio (OH). The Project Survey Area associated with this Ecological Report is located on Jersey, OH United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute topographical quadrangle as displayed on the Project Overview Map (**Figure 1**).

A portion of the Jorden Station Project (herein referred to as “Project”) Survey Area overlaps with an area previously surveyed by EMH&T, that is covered under approved Jurisdictional Determinations (JDs) LRH-2022-691-SCR and LRH-2021-907-SCR-Blacklick Creek, and Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) Permit DSW401227865W. Two wetlands (EMHT Wetlands E and F) within the Project Survey Area were permitted for a complete fill by others under this OEPA permit. At the time of the AECOM survey, Wetland F was still present, and Wetland E was filled and field confirmed as UPL-AGS-003. A copy of the JDs and OEPA permit are included as **Appendix A**. For clarity, this report will refer to the names of previously delineated wetlands by others under JD LRH-2021-907-SCR-Blacklick Creek.

The purpose of the field survey was to assess the presence of wetlands and possible “waters of the United States” (WOTUS) that occur within the proposed Project area. Secondarily, land uses were also recorded to classify and characterize potential habitat for threatened, and endangered species. This report will be used to assist AEP Ohio Transco’s efforts to identify potential WOTUS and threatened and endangered species habitat present within the proposed Project area to avoid or minimize impacts during construction activities.

## 2.0 METHODOLOGY

The field survey was completed within the Project Survey Area totaling approximately 19 acres. Prior to conducting field surveys, digital United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soil survey data, United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) data, USGS National Hydrography Dataset (NHD), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) 100-year floodplain data, and USGS 7.5-minute topographic maps were reviewed to identify the occurrence and location of potential wetland areas and/or streams.

Field survey activities included recording the physical boundaries of observed water features using sub-meter capable EOS Arrow Global Positioning System (GPS) units in conjunction with the ArcGIS Field Maps application on iPad tablets. The GPS data was imported into ArcMap Geographic Information System (GIS) software, where the data was reviewed, edited for accuracy, and compiled in a format suitable for transfer and use by AEP Ohio Transco. Water features were delineated and assessed based upon the

appropriate procedures detailed below. Land uses observed within the Project Survey Area were assigned a general classification based upon the principal land characteristics and vegetative cover of the location.

## 2.1 WETLAND DELINEATION

The Project Survey Area was evaluated according to the procedures outlined in the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) *Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory, 1987) and *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Midwest Region (Version 2.0)* (USACE, 2010).

During field survey activities AECOM utilized the routine on-site delineation method described in the 1987 *Manual* and *Regional Supplement* that consisted of a pedestrian site reconnaissance, including identifying the vegetative communities, soils identification, a geomorphologic assessment of hydrology, and notation of disturbance. If a wetland was identified, AECOM completed a USACE Wetland Determination Data Form (USACE Data Form) within each unique wetland habitat to serve as a representative of the wetland hydrology, vegetative community, and soil characteristics. Adjacent to each wetland complex, AECOM completed an additional USACE Data Form as a representative of the upland community.

### 2.1.1 WETLAND CLASSIFICATION

Wetlands identified in the field were classified based on the naming convention found in *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States* (Cowardin *et al.*, 1979). The unique wetland habitats were classified as palustrine emergent (PEM), palustrine forested (PFO), palustrine unconsolidated bottom (PUB), palustrine scrub-shrub (PSS), or other classifications for some wetlands. Multiple Cowardin classifications may be present where more than one classification's vegetation is dominant (vegetation type covers 30 percent or more of the substrate). Where multiple Cowardin classifications are present, the Cowardin classification of the plants that constitute the uppermost layer of vegetation having 30% or greater coverage is used for the classification.

### 2.1.2 WETLAND ASSESSMENT

Each delineated wetland was assessed following the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) *Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands v. 5.0* (ORAM) (Mack, 2001). Wetland assessments utilized the 10-page ORAM form, providing a final Category rating for each wetland.

## 2.2 STREAM ASSESSMENT

Streams were identified by the presence of a defined bed and bank, and evidence of an ordinary high-water mark (OHWM). The USACE defines the OHWM as "that line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics such as a clear, natural line impressed on the bank, shelving, changes in the character of soil, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, the presence of litter and

debris, or other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas" (USACE, 2005).

### 2.2.1 OEPA PRIMARY HEADWATER HABITAT ASSESSMENT

Stream assessments were conducted using the methods described in the OEPA's *Methods for Assessing Habitat in Flowing Waters: Using OEPA's Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI)* (Rankin, 2006) and in the OEPA's *Field Methods for Evaluating Primary Headwater Streams in Ohio* (OEPA, 2020). Streams associated with watershed area less than or equal to 1.0 square mile (259 hectares), and a maximum depth of water pools equal to or less than 15.75 inches were evaluated utilizing the Headwater Habitat Evaluation Index (HHEI) methodology and all other streams assessed using the QHEI methodology. Flow regime (ephemeral, intermittent, perennial) was determined by the appropriate stream assessment score per OEPA manuals (OEPA, 2020) and by AECOM's professional opinion.

Streams assessed in the Project Survey Area were reviewed for existing OEPA Aquatic Life Use Designations per OEPA's Water Quality Standards (OAC Chapter 3745-1). Those without an existing use designation were assigned a provisional aquatic life use designation based upon habitat assessment results (Rankin, 1989; OEPA, 2020).

### 2.2.2 OEPA 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION FOR NATIONWIDE PERMIT ELIGIBILITY

The OEPA has designated each watershed in the state on based on whether it may be ineligible for coverage under the OEPA's 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) for Nationwide Permits (OEPA, 2023). Mapping provided by the OEPA illustrates the eligibility of streams in the area to fall under a Nationwide Permit for 401 certification or if an individual state WQC needs to be applied for. Impacts to streams within each watershed would then have eligibility for 401 WQC determined by the watershed category. The three categories are defined as:

**Eligible:** Streams within the watershed are eligible for coverage under the OEPA's water quality certification for the Nationwide Permits if all other general and regional special terms and conditions are met.

**Ineligible:** Projects affecting high quality streams and undesignated streams draining directly to high quality streams, as represented in the map, must undergo an individual 401 Water Quality Certification review process.

**Possibly Eligible:** Additional field screening procedures are required for streams in the watershed to determine appropriate eligibility. Projects affecting undesignated streams within those HUC12 watersheds that do not directly but eventually drain into high quality waters, might be eligible for coverage under the OEPA's 401 Water Quality Certification for Nationwide Permits depending on the results of a field screening assessment. The procedures for determining individual stream eligibility in this scenario are specified in

Appendix C “Stream Eligibility Determination Process” of the OEPA Ohio State Water Quality Certification of the 2017 Nationwide Permit Reauthorization (OEPA, 2017).

### **2.2.3 UPLAND DRAINAGE FEATURES**

An upland drainage feature (UDF) is a non-jurisdictional drainage that does not meet the criteria of either a jurisdictional stream or a wetland. A UDF generally lacks an OHWM (USACE, 2005) and are equivalent to a swale or an erosional feature as described by the USACE: “generally shallow features in the landscape that may convey water across upland areas during and following storm events. Swales usually occur on nearly flat slopes and typically have grass or other low-lying vegetation throughout the swale” (USACE, 2005).

A roadside ditch may also be documented as a UDF if it meets the “not potentially jurisdictional” characterization as described in the Office of Environmental Services *Roadway Ditch Characterization Flowchart* (Ohio Department of Transportation, 2014). This would include a ditch that originates entirely within the roadway right-of-way, has a seasonal flow regime, was not constructed to drain a wetland, and does not have hydrophytic vegetation extending more than an insignificant amount beyond its original configuration.

In addition, UDF’s (including swales, ditches, and other erosional features) are generally not WOTUS except in certain circumstances, such as relocated streams.

### **2.3 RARE, THREATENED, AND ENDANGERED SPECIES**

AECOM conducted a threatened and endangered species review and general field habitat surveys within the Project Survey Area. AECOM submitted requests to the Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) Office of Real Estate – Environmental Review Section and the USFWS Ohio Ecological Services Field Office soliciting comments on the proposed Project. Agency-identified species of concern and available species-specific information was reviewed to identify the various habitat types that listed species are known to inhabit.

AECOM field ecologists conducted a general habitat survey in conjunction with the stream and wetland field surveys as part of assessing potential impacts to threatened and endangered species. Land uses within the Project Survey Area were assigned a general classification based upon the principal land characteristics and vegetative cover as observed during the field surveys.

AECOM conducted a desktop assessment of the Project Survey Area and a quarter-mile buffer around it to identify potentially occurring winter bat hibernaculum that may be present near the Project which is in **Appendix B**. This assessment was conducted by reviewing data on mining activity and karst geology from the ODNR Division of Mineral Resources and USGS websites.

### 3.0 RESULTS

On September 17, 2024, AECOM ecologists walked the Project Survey Area to conduct the wetland delineation, stream assessment, and habitat survey. During the delineation, within the Project Survey Area, AECOM confirmed the boundary of EMH&T Wetland F and delineated one pond and two upland drainage features. The delineated features are discussed in detail in the following section.

#### 3.1 WETLAND DELINEATION

##### 3.1.1 PRELIMINARY SOILS EVALUATION

According to the USDA/NRCS Web Soil Survey, five soil map units are mapped within the Project Survey Area (USDA NRCS, 2024a and 2024b). Of these, one was identified as a hydric soil and four were identified as containing hydric inclusions. Soils indicated as hydric inclusions are not predominately hydric soils and hydric soils are more likely to be found in topographic settings. **Table 1** below provides a detailed overview of all soil series and soil map units present within the Project Survey Area. Soil map units located in the Project Survey Area and vicinity are shown on **Figure 2**.

TABLE 1 - SOIL MAP UNITS AND DESCRIPTIONS WITHIN THE PROJECT SURVEY AREA

Soil Series	Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Description	Topographic Setting	Hydric	Hydric Component (%)
Bennington	BeA	Bennington silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Ground moraines, end moraines	Yes*	Condit 10% Pewamo 8%
	BeB	Bennington silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Ground moraines, end moraines	Yes*	Condit 8% Pewamo 8%
Centerburg	Cen1B1	Centerburg silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Ground moraines, end moraines	Yes*	Condit 10% Marengo 8%
	Cen1C2	Centerburg silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded	Ground moraines, end moraines	Yes*	Condit 7%
Pewamo	Pe	Pewamo silty clay loam, low carbonate till, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Drainageways, depressions	Yes	N/A

Yes\* = Hydric inclusion present

##### 3.1.2 NATIONAL WETLAND INVENTORY MAP REVIEW

According to NWI data covering the Project location, no mapped NWI features were identified within the Project Survey Area.

### 3.1.3 DELINEATED WETLANDS

During the field survey on September 17, 2024, AECOM confirmed the boundary of one wetland previously delineated by EMH&T (Wetland F) and confirmed the filling of EMH&T Wetland E with an upland data point (UPL-AGS-003) during previous construction approved under OEPA Permit No. DSW401227865W (**Figures 2 and 3**). Wetland F was assigned ORAM Category 1. The AECOM delineation boundaries are provided on **Figures 2 and 3**.

EMH&T Wetland F that is covered under JDs LRH-2022-691-SCR and LRH-2021-907-SCR-Blacklick Creek is determined to be isolated according to the USACE. The locations and approximate extent of the wetland within the Project Survey Area is shown on **Figures 2 and 3**. Details for the delineated wetland are provided in **Table 2**. Completed USACE data forms and photographs of the delineated wetland are provided in **Appendix C**.

TABLE 2 – SUMMARY OF DELINEATED WETLANDS WITHIN THE PROJECT SURVEY AREA

Wetland ID	Location		Isolated?	Habitat Type	Delineated Area (acre)	ORAM		Nearest Structure # (Existing / Proposed)	Existing Structure # in Wetland	Proposed Structure # in Wetland	Structure Installation Method	Proposed Impacts	
	Latitude	Longitude				Score	Category					Temporary Matting Area (acre)	Permanent Impact Area (acre)
EMHT Wetland F	40.09469	-82.721807	Yes	PEM	0.22	28	1	None	None	None	N/A	TBD	TBD
Total:				0.22								TBD	TBD

### 3.2 STREAM DELINEATION

During the field survey, AECOM did not identify any streams within the Project Survey Area (**Figures 2 and 3**).

#### 3.2.1 OEPA STREAM ELIGIBILITY

The Project occurs within two watersheds, Headwaters Blacklick Creek (HUC-12 050600011503) and Headwaters South Fork Licking River (HUC-12 050400060402), that have been designated by 401 WQC as Possibly Eligible, and Eligible, respectively. OEPA stream eligibility mapping for the Project vicinity is provided on **Figure 4**.

### 3.3 FEMA 100 YEAR FLOODPLAINS

No regulated FEMA 100-year floodplains and/or floodways are located within the Project Survey Area (FEMA, 2024) (**Figures 2 and 3**).

### 3.4 PONDS

During the field survey, AECOM identified one pond within the Project Survey Area. The extent of the pond is displayed on **Figures 2 and 3**. Photographs of the delineated pond are provided in **Appendix D**.

### 3.5 UPLAND DRAINAGE FEATURES PONDS

During the field survey, AECOM identified two upland drainage features within the Project Survey Area. The extent of the upland drainage features are displayed on **Figures 2 and 3**. Photographs of all delineated upland drainage features are provided in **Appendix E**.

### 3.6 VEGETATIVE COMMUNITIES

AECOM ecologists conducted a general habitat survey in conjunction with the stream and wetland field surveys. As described in **Table 3** below, the Project area contains old field, scrub-shrub woodlands, and wetlands/streams areas. Habitat descriptions applicable to the Project are provided below. Vegetative communities are depicted visually on aerial photography in **Figure 5**. Representative photographs of the vegetative communities in the Project Survey Area are provided as **Appendix F**.

TABLE 3 - VEGETATIVE COMMUNITIES WITHIN THE PROJECT SURVEY AREA

Vegetative Community	Description	Approximate Acreage Within the Project Survey Area	Approximate Percentage Within the Project Survey Area
Old Field	Herbaceous cover exists alongside roads, field borders, and abandoned fields within the survey area of the Project in the form of successional old-field communities. These communities are the earliest stages of recolonization by plants following disturbance. This community type is typically short-lived, giving way progressively to shrub and forest communities unless periodically re-disturbed, in which case they remain as old fields. The old-field areas within the study corridors and adjacent areas are infrequently mowed areas of grasses, forbs, and occasional shrubs.	16.24	85.5%
Scrub-Shrub	Scrub-shrub habitats represent the successional stage between old-field and second growth forest, and often emerge in recently harvested forests responding to the lightness of the remaining canopy. Dominant species consist of herbaceous communities similar to that of old field habitat with 30% or greater coverage of woody species that are not trees (including sapling trees generally <3" dbh and <20' in height).	1.40	7.4%
Woodlands	Woodlands (floodplain, upland, successional-mixed, etc) are present along the Project Survey Area. Woody species dominating these areas included Northern Red Oak ( <i>Quercus rubra</i> ).	1.00	5.3%
Wetlands/Streams	Wetlands were observed within the survey area for the Project	0.36	1.8%
<b>Totals:</b>		<b>19.00</b>	<b>100%</b>

### 3.7 RARE, THREATENED, AND ENDANGERED SPECIES AGENCY COORDINATION

#### ***Protected Species Agency Consultation –***

On September 16, 2024, coordination letters were sent to USFWS and the ODNR Ohio Natural Heritage Program (ONHP) and Division of Wildlife (DOW), seeking an environmental review for potential impacts to threatened and endangered species for a project adjacent to the Project Survey Area.

Responses were received from the USFWS on December 16, 2024, and from the ODNR on December 30, 2024. According to a response letter received from the USFWS, two federally endangered bat and one federally proposed bat were identified within range of the Project area. Regarding state threatened and endangered species that may occur within the Project vicinity, seven species were listed by the ODNR. Correspondence letters from the USFWS and ODNR are included as **Appendix G**.

**Table 4** provides a list of species of concern identified by the agencies as potentially occurring within the vicinity of the Project. Photographs of the habitat within the Project Survey Area are provided as **Appendix F**.

TABLE 4  
ODNR AND USFWS LISTED SPECIES WITHIN THE PROJECT SURVEY AREA

Common Name (Scientific Name)	State Status	Federal Status	Typical Habitat	Habitat Observed	Avoidance Dates	Agency Comments	Potential Impacts
<b>Mammals</b>							
Indiana Bat ( <i>Myotis sodalis</i> )	Endangered	Endangered	<u>Summer habitat</u> During spring/summer, bat species roost in trees behind loose, exfoliating bark, in crevices and cavities, or in leaves.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> During winter, these species hibernate in humid mines, caves, and occasionally man-made structures.	<u>Summer habitat</u> Within the Project survey area, areas of young successional forest were identified which appear to be potentially suitable summer roosting and foraging habitat.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> No Mines openings and/or known caves are located within 0.25 miles of Project area and USFWS did not identify known hibernacula within 5-miles of the Project.  Furthermore, field evaluations did not identify any potential hibernaculum(a) within the Project area.	<u>Summer Tree Clearing</u> April 1 – September 30	<u>Summer habitat</u> If suitable habitat occurs within the Project survey Area, the USFWS and ODNR DOW recommends seasonal tree cutting (October 1 and March 31). If summer tree clearing is required, additional coordination with the ODNR/USFWS is warranted.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> In accordance with 2024 Ohio ODNR DOW and USFWS Joint Guidance for Bat Surveys and Tree Clearing (2024 Joint Guidance)*, a 0.25-mile tree cutting and subsurface disturbance buffer around hibernaculum entrance is recommended.	<u>Summer habitat</u> Potential summer roosting habitat is present within the Project area and seasonal tree clearing, between October 1 and March 31, is recommended.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> No impacts to winter hibernacula were identified due to absence of caves, mines, or portals within 0.25-miles of the Project.
Little brown bat ( <i>Myotis lucifugus</i> )	Endangered	NA	<u>Summer habitat</u> During spring/summer, bat species roost in trees behind loose, exfoliating bark, in crevices and cavities, or in leaves.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> During winter, these species hibernate in humid mines, caves, and occasionally man-made structures.	<u>Summer habitat</u> Within the Project survey area, areas of young successional forest were identified which appear to be potentially suitable summer roosting and foraging habitat.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> No Mines openings and/or known caves are located within 0.25 miles of Project area and USFWS did not identify known hibernacula within 5-miles of the Project.  Furthermore, field evaluations did not identify any potential hibernaculum(a) within the Project area.	<u>Summer Tree Clearing</u> April 1 – September 30	<u>Summer habitat</u> If suitable habitat occurs within the Project survey Area, the USFWS and ODNR DOW recommends seasonal tree cutting (October 1 and March 31). If summer tree clearing is required, additional coordination with the ODNR/USFWS is warranted.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> In accordance with 2024 Ohio ODNR DOW and USFWS Joint Guidance for Bat Surveys and Tree Clearing (2024 Joint Guidance)*, a 0.25-mile tree cutting and subsurface disturbance buffer around hibernaculum entrance is recommended.	<u>Summer habitat</u> Potential summer roosting habitat is present within the Project area and seasonal tree clearing, between October 1 and March 31, is recommended.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> No impacts to winter hibernacula were identified due to absence of caves, mines, or portals within 0.25-miles of the Project.
Northern Long-eared Bat ( <i>Myotis septentrionalis</i> )	Endangered	Endangered	<u>Summer habitat</u> During spring/summer, bat species roost in trees behind loose, exfoliating bark, in crevices and cavities, or in leaves.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> During winter, these species hibernate in humid mines, caves, and occasionally man-made structures.	<u>Summer habitat</u> Within the Project survey area, areas of young successional forest were identified which appear to be potentially suitable summer roosting and foraging habitat.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> No Mines openings and/or known caves are located within 0.25 miles of Project area and USFWS did not identify known hibernacula within 5-miles of the Project.  Furthermore, field evaluations did not identify any potential hibernaculum(a) within the Project area.	<u>Summer Tree Clearing</u> April 1 – September 30	<u>Summer habitat</u> If suitable habitat occurs within the Project survey Area, the USFWS and ODNR DOW recommends seasonal tree cutting (October 1 and March 31).  Additionally, the ODNR indicated that there is a known presence of this species within the Project area and summer surveys would not constitute a presence or absence of this species.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> In accordance with 2024 Ohio ODNR DOW and USFWS Joint Guidance for Bat Surveys and Tree Clearing (2024 Joint Guidance)*, a 0.25-mile tree cutting and subsurface disturbance buffer around hibernaculum entrance is recommended.	<u>Summer habitat</u> Potential summer roosting habitat is present within the Project area and seasonal tree clearing, between October 1 and March 31, is recommended.  Additional summer surveys would not constitute presence/absence within the Project area for the northern long-eared bat.  <u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> No impacts to winter hibernacula were identified due to absence of caves, mines, or portals within 0.25-miles of the Project.

TABLE 4  
ODNR AND USFWS LISTED SPECIES WITHIN THE PROJECT SURVEY AREA

Common Name (Scientific Name)	State Status	Federal Status	Typical Habitat	Habitat Observed	Avoidance Dates	Agency Comments	Potential Impacts
Tricolored bat ( <i>Perimyotis subflavus</i> )	Endangered	Proposed	<p><u>Summer habitat</u> During spring/summer, bat species roost in trees behind loose, exfoliating bark, in crevices and cavities, or in leaves.</p> <p><u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> During winter, these species hibernate in humid mines, caves, and occasionally man-made structures.</p>	<p><u>Summer habitat</u> Within the Project survey area, areas of young successional forest were identified which appear to be potentially suitable summer roosting and foraging habitat.</p> <p><u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> No Mines openings and/or known caves are located within 0.25 miles of Project area and USFWS did not identify known hibernacula within 5-miles of the Project.</p> <p>Furthermore, field evaluations did not identify any potential hibernaculum(a) within the Project area.</p>	<u>Summer Tree Clearing</u> April 1 – September 30	<p><u>Summer habitat</u> If suitable habitat occurs within the Project survey Area, the USFWS and ODNR DOW recommends seasonal tree cutting (October 1 and March 31). If summer tree clearing is required, additional coordination with the ODNR/USFWS is warranted.</p> <p><u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> In accordance with 2024 Ohio ODNR DOW and USFWS Joint Guidance for Bat Surveys and Tree Clearing (2024 Joint Guidance)*, a 0.25-mile tree cutting and subsurface disturbance buffer around hibernaculum entrance is recommended.</p>	<p><u>Summer habitat</u> Potential summer roosting habitat is present within the Project area and seasonal tree clearing, between October 1 and March 31, is recommended.</p> <p><u>Hibernaculum(a)</u> No impacts to winter hibernacula were identified due to absence of caves, mines, or portals within 0.25-miles of the Project.</p>
<b>Fish</b>							
Lake chubsucker ( <i>Erimyzon suetta</i> )	Threatened	None	This species is found mainly in lakes, ponds, swamps, and streams.	No lakes, ponds, swamps or perennial streams of significant size within the Project survey area.	March 15 – June 30	Due to the location, and there is no in-water work proposed in a perennial stream, this Project is not likely to impact this species.	No
<b>Reptile</b>							
Eastern massasauga ( <i>Sistrurus catenatus</i> )	Endangered	None	The species is found mainly in wet prairies, fens, and other wetlands	None	N/A	Due to the location, the type of habitat within the project area, and the type of work proposed, this project is not likely to impact this species.	No
<b>Birds</b>							
Northern harrier ( <i>Circus hudsonius</i> )	Endangered	None	This species hunts over grasslands and nests can be found in large marshes and grasslands of 2-acres or greater in size.	Based on desktop and field reviews, the Project area is situated within dense commercial area and does not provide contiguous habitat.	April 15 - July 31	Habitat should be avoided during the bird's nesting period between April 15 through July 31. If habitat will not be impacted, this Project will not likely impact species.	No

\*2024 Joint Guidance – Refers to the 2024 ODNR DOW and USFWS Joint Guidance for Bat Surveys and Tree Clearing, a copy of the guidance is provided within **Appendix H** of this report.

**Protected Species Agency Summary –**

Based on general observations during the ecological field survey, forested areas were identified within the Project Survey Area and tree clearing is anticipated to be required for this Project. The ODNR and the USFWS recommends implementations of seasonal tree clearing between October 1 and March 31 to avoid adverse effects to Indiana bat, northern long-eared bat, little brown bat, and tricolored bat. Additionally, the ODNR indicated that there is a known presence of the northern long-eared bat within the Project area and summer surveys would not constitute a presence or absence of this species. If summer tree clearing is needed, additional coordination will be completed with the ODNR and the USFWS.

AECOM completed a desktop review for potential hibernaculum in accordance with the 2024 Ohio ODNR DOW and the USFWS Joint Guidance for Bat Surveys and Tree Clearing within 0.25 miles of the Project Survey Area and no caves, mines, and/or karst features were identified. As per ODNR and USFWS guidance, further coordination regarding potential hibernaculum is only necessary if the habitat assessment finds potential habitat within 0.25 miles of the Project Survey Area. Therefore, no further coordination is necessary with either the ODNR and/or the USFWS regarding the listed bat species. Results of the desktop habitat assessment are included in **Appendix B**.

No impacts are anticipated to occur to the fish species listed in **Table 4**, as no in-water work is proposed as part of the Project.

No impacts are anticipated to occur to the reptile species listed in **Table 4**, as no suitable habitat is present within the Project Survey Area.

The ODNR noted that the Project is within the range of the northern harrier; however, AECOM ecologist and approved avian specialist concluded an absence of this species nesting habitat within the Project survey area. According to ODNR, open grasslands and wet meadow marshes, of at least 2-acres, is considered nesting habitat for the northern harrier. Based on field and desktop review, the Project survey area is predominately old field habitat with interspersed patches of scrub-shrub and a small woodlot in the northern portion. Further, the Project is situated within a commercialized area that has experienced a large amount of new development over the recent months, including a new road development (Clover Valley Rd NW), which directly borders the survey area to the south. While >2 acres of suitable landcover (old field habitat) are present, the survey area is interspersed with scrub-shrub habitat and is situated within a highly active, dense commercial development area. Therefore, suitable nesting habitat within the Project survey area not present and no further coordination regarding this listed species is necessary concerning this Project.

#### 4.0 SUMMARY

The ecological survey of the Project Survey Area confirmed the boundary of one EMH&T wetland (Wetland F), one pond, two upland drainage features, and no streams. The representative wetland data form and photo documentation are provided in **Appendix C**. Pond photo documentation is provided in **Appendix D**, and photographs of upland drainage features are provided in **Appendix E**.

The reported results of the ecological survey conducted by AECOM on this Project are limited to the areas within the Project Survey Area provided in **Figures 2** and **3**. Areas that fall outside of the Project Survey Area were not evaluated in the field and not included in the reporting of the survey.

Of the seven state and/or federally listed threatened and endangered species within range of the Project Survey Area, no habitat for any of the listed fish, reptile, or bird species were identified within the Project Survey Area. If tree clearing activities are required, the USFWS and ODNR recommend a seasonal tree clearing be completed between October 1 and March 31. If summer tree clearing is required, further coordination is required with the USFWS and/or ODNR.

The field survey results presented herein apply to the existing and reasonably foreseeable site conditions at the time of our assessment. They cannot apply to site changes of which AECOM is unaware and has not had the opportunity to review. Changes in the condition of a property may occur with time due to natural processes or human impacts at the project site or on adjacent properties. Changes in applicable standards may also occur as a result of legislation or the expansion of knowledge over time. Accordingly, the findings of this report may be invalidated, wholly or in part, by changes beyond the control of AECOM.

## 5.0 REFERENCES

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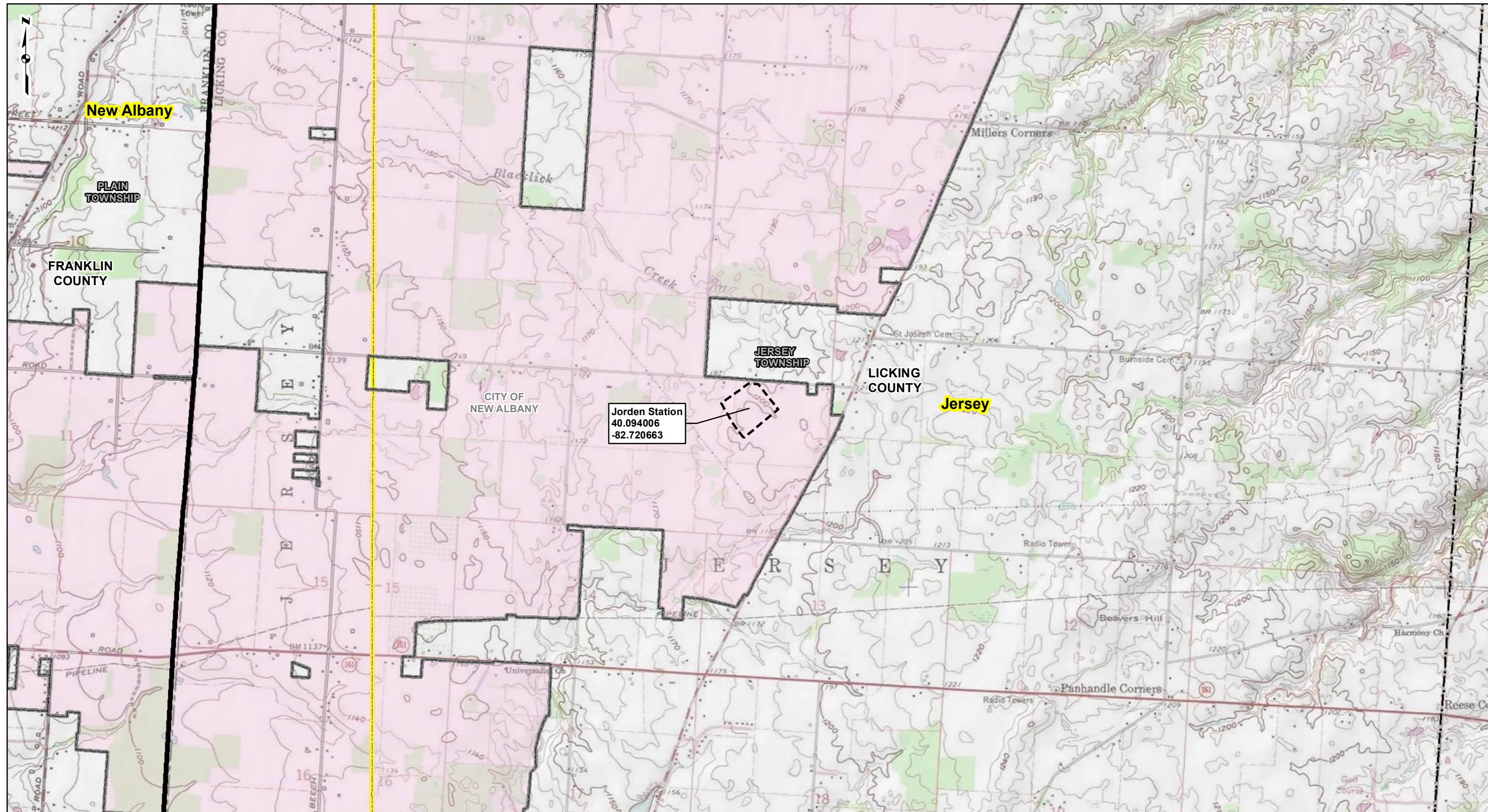
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**FIGURES**



PROJECT LOCATION

LICKING COUNTY, OHIO

10/21/2024

0 2,000 4,000 8,000  
Feet

**FIGURE 1**  
**PROJECT LOCATION MAP**

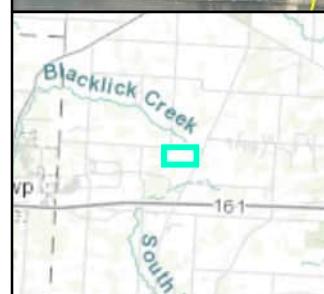
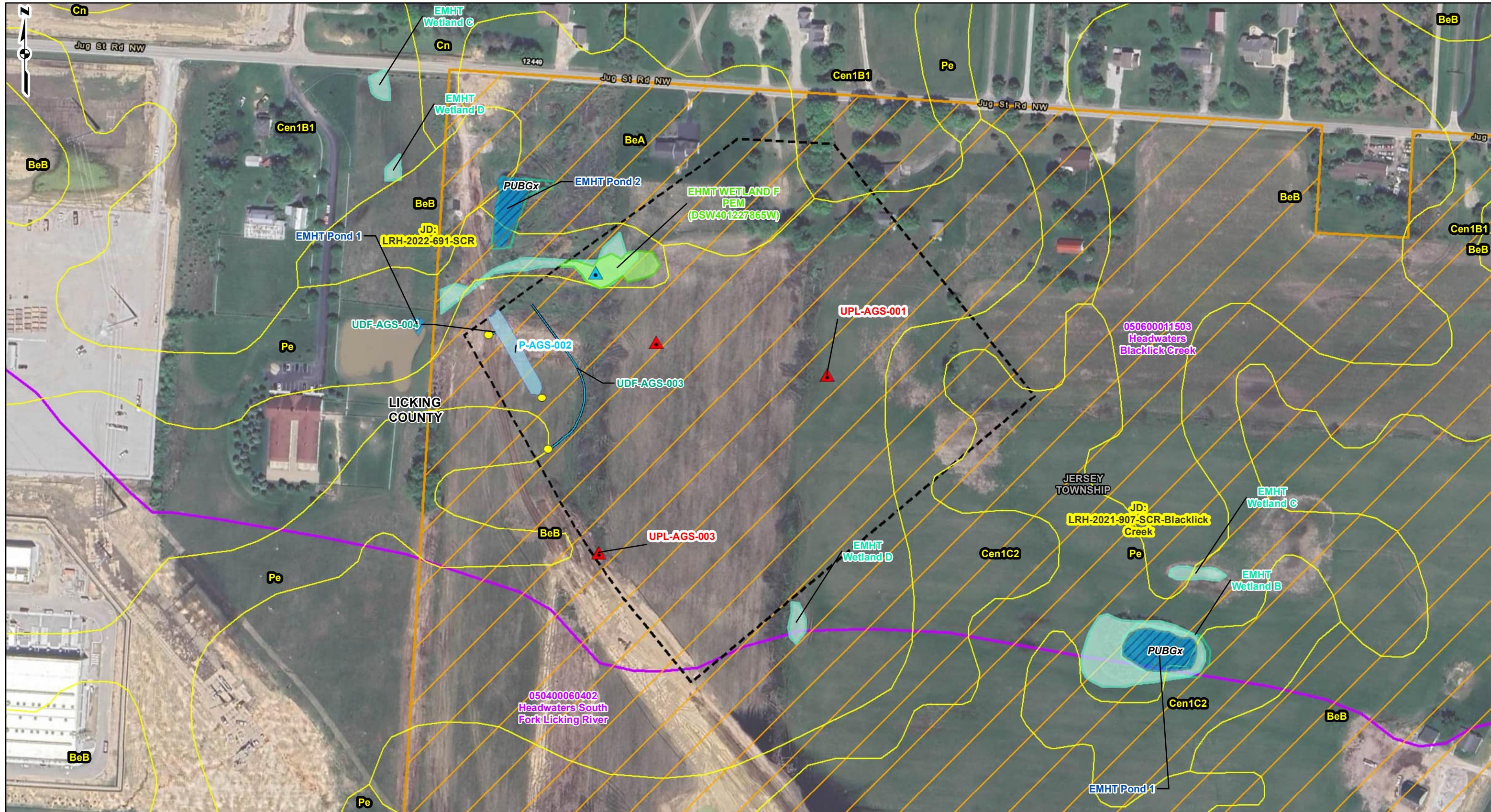
**AECOM**

JORDEN STATION PROJECT  
AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER



DRAWN BY: AJH  
CHECKED: CT

DATE: 10/21/2024  
APPROVED:



LEGEND

- CULVERT
- HUC 12 WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- AECOM DELINEATED UPLAND DRAINAGE FEATURE
- SOIL MAP UNIT
- AECOM DELINEATED POND
- EMHT DELINEATED POND
- EMHT DELINEATED WETLAND
- PROJECT SURVEY AREA
- NWI WETLAND (USFWS)

SOIL MAP UNIT DESCRIPTION

- BeA: BENNINGTON SILT LOAM, 0 TO 2 PERCENT SLOPES
- BeB: BENNINGTON SILT LOAM, 2 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES
- Cen1B1: CENTERBURG SILT LOAM, 2 TO 6 PERCENT SLOPES
- Cen1C2: CENTERBURG SILT LOAM, 6 TO 12 PERCENT SLOPES, ERODED
- Pe: PEWAMO SILTY CLAY LOAM, LOW CARBONATE TILL, 0 TO 2 PERCENT SLOPES

0 100 200 400  
Feet

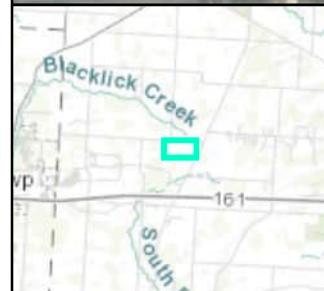
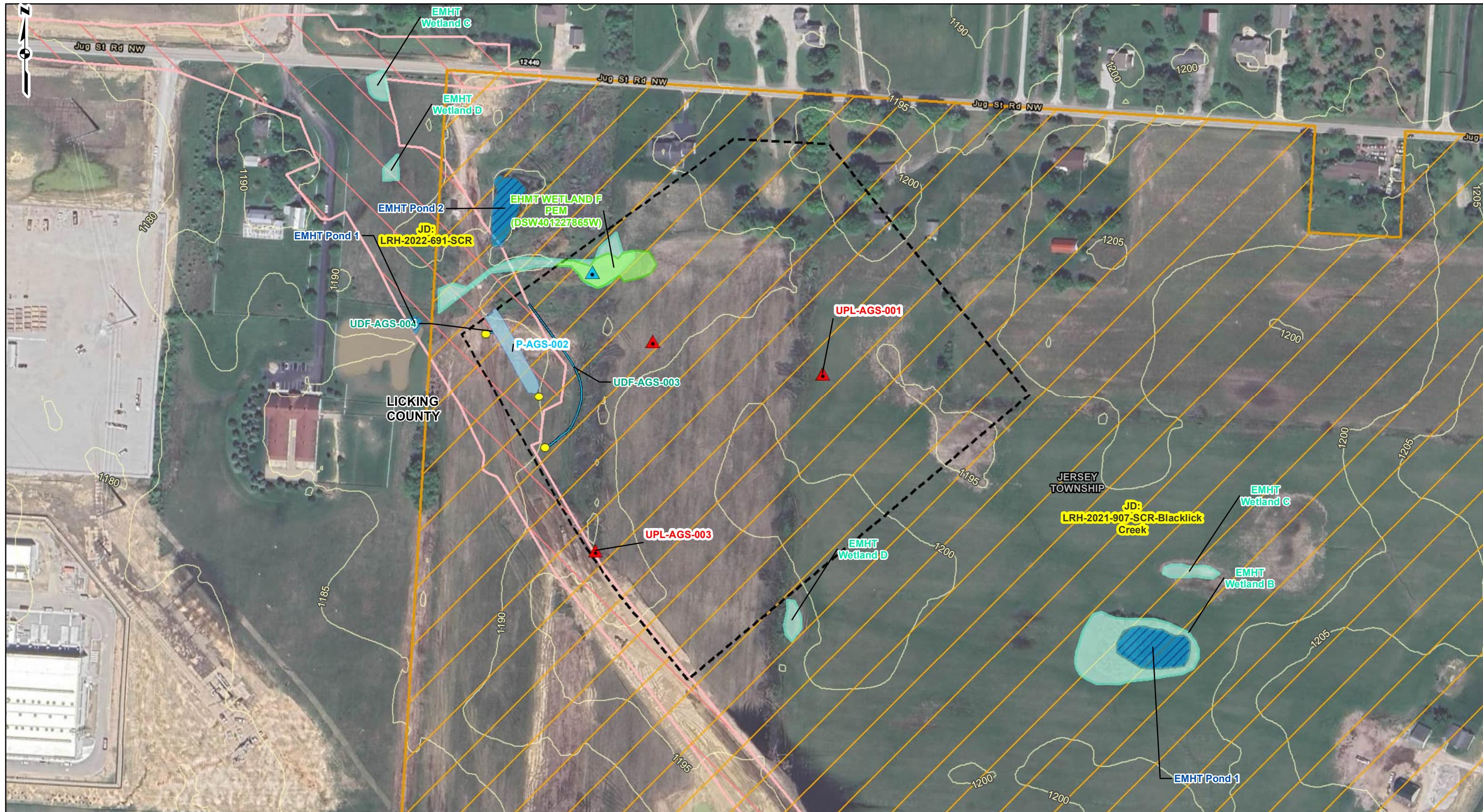
FIGURE 2  
SOIL MAP AND  
NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY MAP

AECOM JORDEN STATION PROJECT  
AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER



DRAWN BY: AJH  
CHECKED: CT

DATE: 1/6/2025  
APPROVED:



REFERENCE: WORLD IMAGERY (CLARITY),  
ESRI, ARCGIS ONLINE, ACCESSED 01/2025.  
SOIL SURVEY GEOGRAPHIC (SSURGO),  
USDA/NRCS, 2024. NHD, USGS 2024. NWI,  
USFWS 2024. HUC 12, USGS 2024.

● CULVERT  
 — AECOM DELINEATED UPLAND DRAINAGE FEATURE  
 ■ AECOM DELINEATED POND  
 ■ AECOM DELINEATED PEM WETLAND  
 ■ EMHT DELINEATED WETLAND

LEGEND

■ EMHT DELINEATED POND  
 ■ PROJECT SURVEY AREA  
 ■ JD BOUNDARY: LRH-2021-907-SCR-Blacklick Creek  
 ■ JD BOUNDARY: LRH-2022-691-SCR  
 ■ CONTOUR (5FT)

0 100 200 400  
Feet

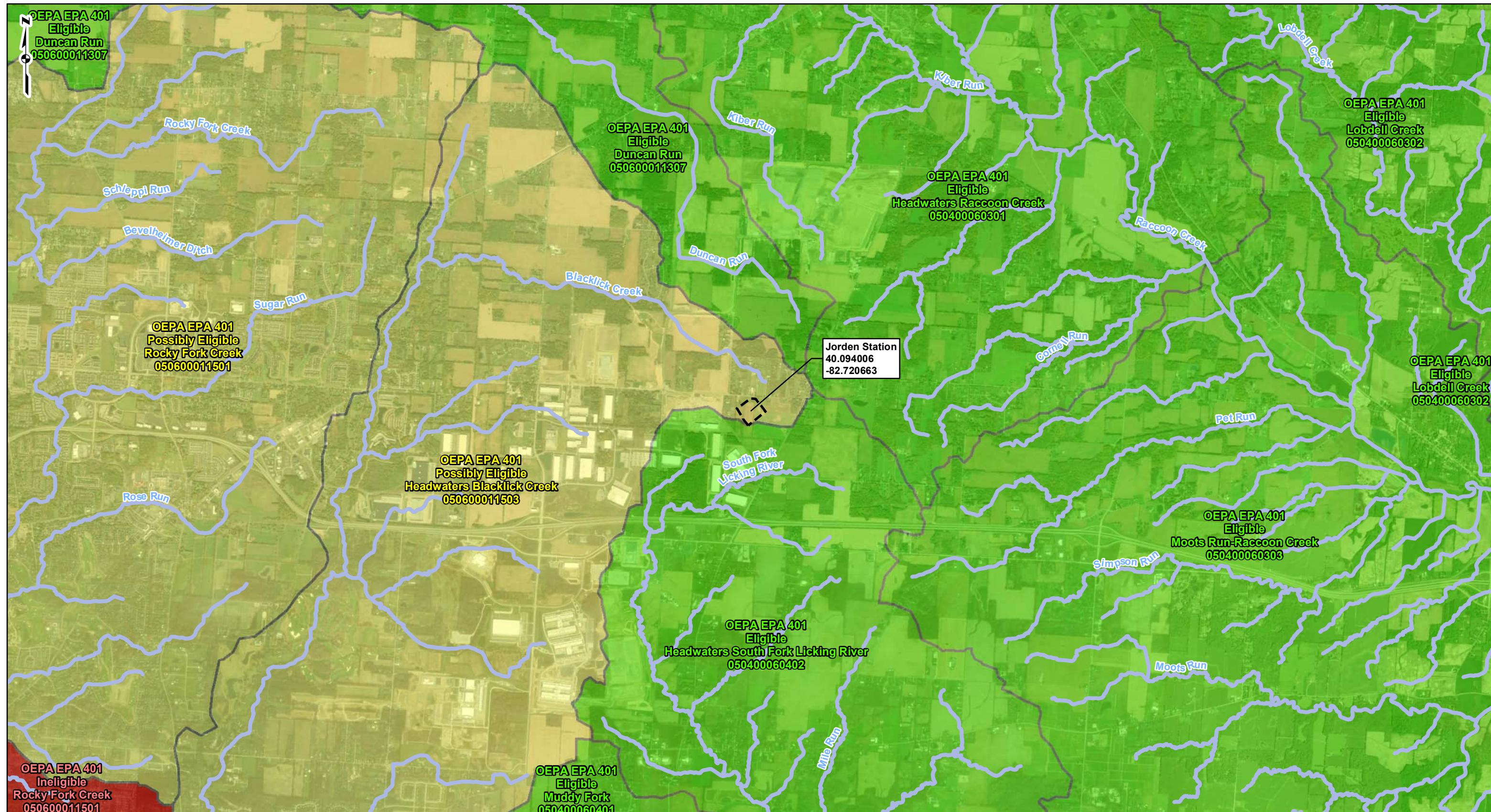
FIGURE 3  
WETLAND DELINEATION AND  
STREAM ASSESSMENT MAP

**AECOM** JORDEN STATION PROJECT  
AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER

DRAWN BY: AJH  
CHECKED: CT

DATE: 1/6/2025  
APPROVED:





REFERENCE: USGS 7.5' TOPOGRAPHIC QUADRANGLES: SUNBURY, OHIO, OBTAINED THROUGH ESRI USA TOPO MAPS, NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC TOPO AND USGS, ACCESSED 10/2024. OEPA ELIGIBLE WATERSHEDS, OHIO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, 2024.

10/21/2024

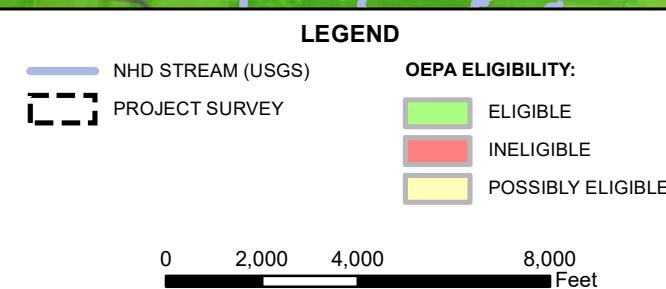
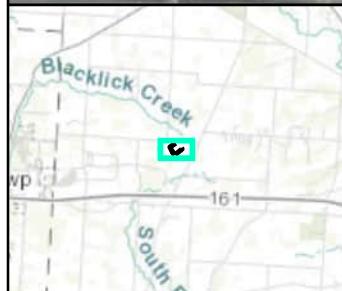
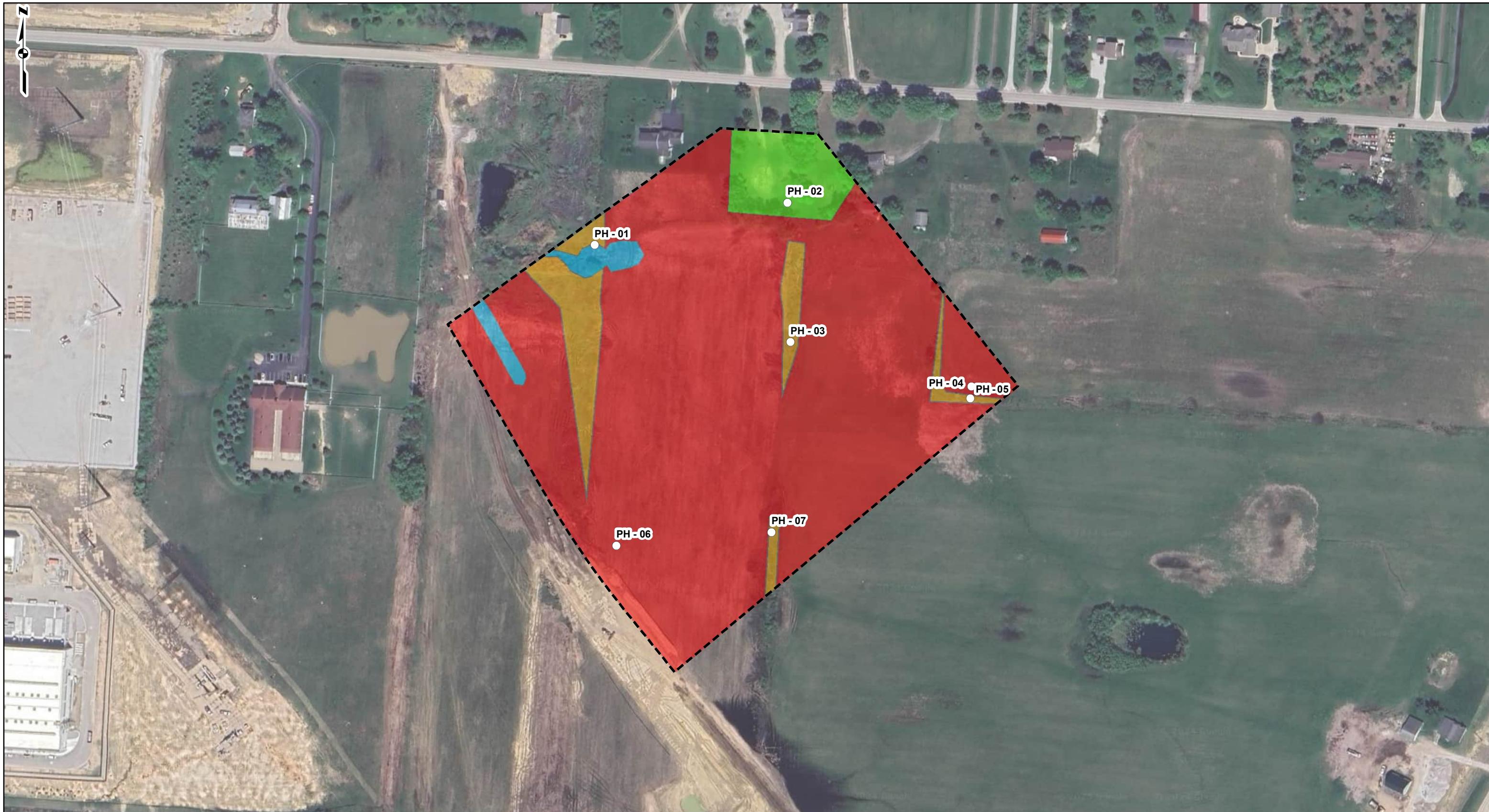


FIGURE 4  
STREAM ELIGIBILITY MAP

AECOM JORDEN STATION PROJECT  
AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER

DRAWN BY: AJH  
CHECKED: CT  
DATE: 10/21/2024  
APPROVED:





REFERENCE: WORLD IMAGERY (CLARITY),  
ESRI, ARCGIS ONLINE, ACCESSED 10/2024.

10/21/2024

● PHOTO LOCATION POINT  
- - - PROJECT SURVEY AREA



FIGURE 5  
VEGETATIVE COMMUNITIES  
ASSESSMENT MAP

AECOM

JORDEN STATION PROJECT  
AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER



DRAWN BY: AJH  
CHECKED: CT

DATE: 10/21/2024  
APPROVED:

X:\DCS\GIS\AnMap\_GeoDB\_Projects\ENV60694533\_AEP\_Jorden\_Extension\_ECO3\_MXD\Jorden\_Station\Jorden\_Station\_WDR\_FIG\_5.mxd

**APPENDIX A****JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATIONS (JDS) AND OEPA PERMIT APPLICATION BY OTHERS**



REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF

**DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY**  
HUNTINGTON DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
502 EIGHTH STREET  
HUNTINGTON, WEST VIRGINIA 25701-2070

September 26, 2022

Regulatory Division  
North Branch  
LRH-2022-691-SCR

**APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

Mr. Ryan Ohly  
City of New Albany  
99 West Main Street  
New Albany, Ohio 43054

Dear Mr. Ohly:

I refer to the *Investigation of Waters of the United States, City of New Albany, Licking County, Ohio* dated August 19, 2022, and completed by EMH&T. You have requested an approved jurisdictional determination for the non-jurisdictional features on the approximate 16.5-acre site. The JD review area is located east of the intersection of Harrison Road and Jug Street as well as northwest of the intersection between Mink Street and Beaver Road, in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio at approximately 40.09590 latitude, -82.72049 longitude. We have assigned the following file number to your PCN: LRH-2022-691-SCR. Please reference this file number on all future correspondence related to this subject proposal.

The United States Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) authority to regulate waters of the United States is based on the definitions and limits of jurisdiction contained in 33 CFR 328 and 33 CFR 329. Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (Section 404) requires a DA permit be obtained prior to discharging dredged and/or fill material into waters of the United States, including wetlands. Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (Section 10) requires a DA permit be obtained for any work in, on, over or under a navigable water.

Our December 2, 2008 headquarters guidance entitled *Clean Water Act Jurisdiction Following the U.S. Supreme Court's Decision in Rapanos v. United States & Carabell v. United States* was followed in the final verification of Section 404 jurisdiction. Based on a review of the information provided and other information available to us, the approximate 16.5-acre site contains 0.25 acre of six (6) wetlands (Wetlands A-F) and 0.02-acre of one (1) open water feature (Pond 1). Wetlands A-F are surrounded by uplands and do not exhibit a distinct surface water connection to a water of the United States. Wetlands A-F would not support interstate or foreign commerce interests, nor do they contain any rare, threatened, or endangered species. Additionally, the site contains Pond 1. Pond 1 has been constructed entirely in uplands, is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional stream, and has no connection to a water of the United States. Therefore, Wetlands A-F and Pond 1 are not jurisdictional waters of the United States.

However, you should contact the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, Division of Surface Water, at (614) 664-2001 to determine state permit requirements.

In accordance with the June 5, 2007 Joint Memorandum between the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the Corps and the January 28, 2008 Corps Memorandum regarding coordination on jurisdictional determinations, this isolated water determination was coordinated with the USEPA Region 5 and the Corps Headquarters, with coordination completed on September 12, 2022 and September 16, 2022, respectively.

This jurisdictional verification is valid for a period of five (5) years from the date of this letter unless new information warrants revision of the delineation prior to the expiration date. This letter contains an approved JD for the subject site within the approved JD boundary. If you object to this determination, you may request an administrative appeal under Corps regulations at 33 CFR 331. Enclosed you will find a Notification of Appeal Process (NAP) fact sheet and Request for Appeal (RFA) form. If you request to appeal this determination you must submit a completed RFA form to the Great Lakes and Ohio River Division Office at the following address:

Regulatory Administrative Appeals Officer  
United States Army Corps of Engineers  
Great Lakes and Ohio River Division  
550 Main Street, Room 10780  
Cincinnati, Ohio 45202-3222  
Phone: (513) 684-2699  
Fax: (513) 684-2460

In order for an RFA to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete, that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 CFR 331.5, and that it has been received by the Division Office within 60 days of the date of the NAP. It is not necessary to submit an RFA form to the Division Office if you do not object to the determination in this letter.

This determination has been conducted to identify the limits of the Corps' Section 404 jurisdiction for the particular site identified in this request. This determination may not be valid for the wetland conservation provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985. If you or your tenant are United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) program participants, or anticipate participation in USDA programs, you should request a certified wetland determination from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service prior to starting work.

If you have any questions concerning the above, please contact Cecil Cox of the North Branch at 304-399-5274, by mail at the above address, or by email at [cecil.m.cox@usace.army.mil](mailto:cecil.m.cox@usace.army.mil).

Sincerely,



Andrew J. Wendt  
Regulatory Project Manager  
North Branch

Enclosures

cc:

Eric Nagy (EMH&T) via email



REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
HUNTINGTON DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
502 EIGHTH STREET  
HUNTINGTON, WEST VIRGINIA 25701-2070

February 4, 2021

Regulatory Division  
North Branch  
LRH-2021-907-SCR-Blacklick Creek

**APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

Mr. Dick Roggenkamp  
MBJ Holdings  
8000 Walton Parkway, Suite 120  
New Albany, Ohio 43054

Dear Mr. Roggenkamp:

I refer to the *Delineation of Waters of the United States for the 145-acre Property known as Innovation East Development*, dated November 29, 2021, and submitted on your behalf by EMH&T. You have requested an approved jurisdictional determination (AJD) for the aquatic resources located on the 145-acre parcel. The property is located on the west side of Mink Street and the south side of Jug Street in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio (40.091436 latitude, -82.720029 longitude). Your AJD request has been assigned the following file number: LRH-2021-907-SCR-Blacklick Creek. Please reference this file number on all future correspondence related to this JD request.

The United States Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) authority to regulate waters of the United States is based on the definitions and limits of jurisdiction contained in 33 CFR 328 and 33 CFR 329. Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (Section 404) requires a Department of the Army (DA) permit be obtained prior to the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States, including wetlands. Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 requires a DA permit be obtained for any work in, on, over or under a traditional navigable water.

Our December 2, 2008 headquarters guidance entitled *Clean Water Act Jurisdiction Following the U.S. Supreme Court's Decision in Rapanos v. United States & Carabell v. United States* was followed in the final verification of Section 404 jurisdiction. Based on a review of the information provided, 1.26 acre of six (6) wetlands (Wetlands A-F) and 0.49 acre of two (2) ponds (Ponds 1-2) are present within the AJD area of interest as depicted on the enclosed map titled "Exhibit 6: Delineation Map" (Enclosure 1). These resources are also listed in the enclosed AJD Form (Enclosure 2).

Wetlands A-F and Ponds 1-2 are physically isolated and lack a direct hydrological connection to the tributary system. In addition to being hydrologically isolated, Wetlands A-F do not appear to support interstate or foreign commerce interests, nor do they contain any rare or endangered species. Wetlands A-F and Ponds 1-2 are not considered waters of the United States and are not subject to regulation under Section 404; however, you should contact the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, Division of Surface Water, at (614) 664-2001 to determine permit requirements.

In accordance with the June 5, 2007 Joint Memorandum between the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the Corps and the January 28, 2008 Corps Memorandum regarding coordination on jurisdictional determinations, this isolated wetland determination was coordinated with the USEPA Region 5 and the Corps Headquarters, with coordination completed on February 1, 2022 and January 11, 2022, respectively.

This jurisdictional verification is valid for a period of five (5) years from the date of this letter unless new information warrants revision of the delineation prior to the expiration date. This letter contains an AJD for the subject site. If you object to this determination, you may request an administrative appeal under Corps regulations at 33 CFR 331. Enclosed you will find a Notification of Appeal Process (NAP) fact sheet and Request for Appeal (RFA) form (Enclosure 3). If you request to appeal this determination you must submit a completed RFA form to the Great Lakes and Ohio River Division Office at the following address:

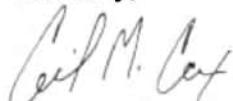
Appeal Review Officer  
United States Army Corps of Engineers  
Great Lakes and Ohio River Division  
550 Main Street, Room 10-714  
Cincinnati, Ohio 45202-3222  
Phone: (513) 684-7261  
Fax: (513) 684-2460

In order for an RFA to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete, that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 CFR 331.5, and that it has been received by the Division Office within 60 days of the date of the NAP. **It is not necessary to submit an RFA form to the Division Office if you do not object to the determination in this letter.**

This determination has been conducted to identify the limits of the Corps' Section 404 jurisdiction for the particular site identified in this request. This determination may not be valid for the wetland conservation provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985. If you or your tenant are United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) program participants, or anticipate participation in USDA programs, you should request a certified wetland determination from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service prior to starting work.

A copy of this letter will be provided to your consultant, Mr. Bryan Lombard with EMH&T. If you have any questions concerning the above, please contact Ms. Katie Samples of the North Branch at 304-399-6933, by mail at the above address, or by email at [katie.e.samples@usace.army.mil](mailto:katie.e.samples@usace.army.mil).

Sincerely,



Cecil M. Cox  
Regulatory Project Manager  
North Branch

Enclosures  
cc (by email):

Mr. Bryan Lombard (EMH&T)  
Mr. Jeff Boyles (Ohio EPA)

March 4, 2022

**Re: Innovation East Development  
Permit - Intermediate  
Application and Support  
401 Wetlands  
Licking County  
DSW401227865W**

**Isolated Wetland Permit Application (Level Two)**  
**Division of Surface Water**  
*(For impacts greater than 1/2 acre of Category 1 isolated wetlands and greater than 1/2 acre but not exceeding 3 acres for Category 2 isolated wetlands)*

**Section 1: Applicant and Consultant/Agent Information**

	<b>Applicant</b>	<b>Consultant/Agent</b>
<b>Company/Agency Name:</b>	MBJ Holdings, LLC	EMH&T
<b>Address:</b>	8000 Walton Parkway, Suite 120, New Albany, OH 43054	5500 New Albany Road, Columbus, OH 43054
<b>Contact Name/Title:</b>	Brent Bradbury/CFO	Michael Krokonko/Sr. Env Scientist
<b>Contact Phone:</b>	(614) 939-8030	(614) 775-4509
<b>Alternate Phone:</b>	(614) 736-2031	(614) 419-7911
<b>Contact FAX:</b>		
<b>Contact Email:</b>	bbradbury@newalbanycompany.com	mkrokonko@emht.com
<b>Technical Contact:</b>	Richard Roggenkamp	
<b>Technical Phone:</b>	(614) 939-8000	
<b>Technical Email:</b>	droggenkamp@newalbanycompany.com	

**Section 2: Project Information**

**A. Project Name:** Innovation East Development

**B. Has Pre-Application Coordination occurred?**  Yes  No

**401 Pre-application Reviewer:** **Date of 401 Pre-application Meeting:**

**C. Brief Project Description:** MBJ Holdings, LLC is proposing to develop a commercial warehouse facility capable of supporting approximately 1,575,000 square feet of space in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio. The site plan includes grading and construction of six (6) large buildings, associated parking areas, paved storage areas, a site entrance and access drive, stormwater facilities, and related infrastructure. Construction of the project in accordance with the proposed development plan will require impacts to six (6) Category 1 isolated wetlands (1.26 acres) and two (2) non-jurisdictional ponds (0.49 acre).

**D. Construction Start Date:** 08/01/2022 **End Date:** 08/01/2024

**E. Is any portion of the activity complete now?**  Yes  No

**Is this an "After-The-Fact" permit application?**  Yes  No

**Description of completed activities and its impact on the waters of the state.:**

**F. Coordinates LATITUDE:** 40.092133 **LONGITUDE:** -82.718897

**G. Project Address:** South of Jug St. and west of Mink St., New Albany, OH 43054

**Location Description:** The approximately 145-acre development site is located south of Jug Street and west of Mink Street in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio.

**ZIP Code(s):** 43054

<b>County(ies):</b>	<b>Township(s):</b>
Licking	Jersey
<b>H. 8 or 12 Digit HUC Number:</b>	<b>I. Watershed Name:</b>
050400060402	Headwaters South Fork Licking River
050600011503	Headwaters Blacklick Creek

**J. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District:** Huntington

**K. Proposed Impacts to Isolated Wetlands:**

<input type="checkbox"/> Beach Nourishment	<input type="checkbox"/> Blasting	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakwater	<input type="checkbox"/> Bulkhead
<input type="checkbox"/> Bridge/Culvert	<input type="checkbox"/> Dam	<input type="checkbox"/> Dredge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fill

<input type="checkbox"/> Groin/Jetty	<input type="checkbox"/> Levees/Berms	<input type="checkbox"/> Mine Through	<input type="checkbox"/> Revetment
<input type="checkbox"/> Bank Stabilization	<input type="checkbox"/> Stream Channelization	<input type="checkbox"/> Stream Relocation	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Body Crossing
<input type="checkbox"/> Weirs	<input type="checkbox"/> Other		

**L. Other water related permits issued or required include:**

- Individual 404 Permit
- Individual 401 WQC
- Nationwide Permit
- Section 9 Permit
- Section 10 Permit

NPDES Permit

**Permit Type: General**

**Will be Submitted on:** 08/01/2022

Permit to Install

**Will be Submitted on:** 09/01/2022

Regional General Permit

ODNR Permit

Oil & Gas Storm Water General Permit

**M. Are there other aquatic resources on the project site?**

- Perennial Streams
- Intermittent Streams
- Ephemeral Streams
- Non-Isolated Wetlands
- Lakes/Ponds

**Section 3: Fees**

**Are you exempt from fees?**  Yes  No (If YES, leave fee section blank)

**Is this an After the Fact (ATF) application?**  Yes  No

**If YES, double the fees. Maximum fees of \$10,000**

**Application Fee =** \$200.00

**Review Fees**

**Wetland Acres Impacted** 1.26 x \$500.00 = \$630.00

Total Review Fees = \$0.00

**Total Fees (\$200 Application Fee + Total Review Fees) =** \$830.00

**Due at the time of application submittal =** \$830.00

**PLEASE MAKE FEE CHECK PAYABLE TO: "TREASURER, STATE OF OHIO"**

**Section 4: Submitted Documentation**

**Check all documents/items that have been submitted.**

Proposed Project Mapping

**Upload File(s): Innovation East Exhibits.pdf**

Wetland Delineation Report

**Upload File(s): Innovation East Development Area Delineation Report Revised.pdf**

Wetland categorization (including 10-page ORAM sheets)

**Upload File(s): ORAM Forms.pdf**

Site Photographs

**Upload File(s): Photo Log.pdf**

US Army Corps of Engineers Jurisdictional Determination

**Upload File(s): 2021-907-SCR AJD\_Compiled.pdf**

Proposed Mitigation Plan

**Upload File(s): Rocky Fork Pooled Wetland Mitigation Balance Sheet\_REV 03-01-2022.pdf**

**Additional IWP Level 2 Information**

**Please provide an analysis of practicable on-site alternatives to the proposed filling of the isolated wetland(s) that would have a less adverse impact on the isolated wetland ecosystem:**

See attached Project Mapping and attached Project Report.

Upload File(s): Project Report.pdf

**Please provide information indicating whether high quality waters, as defined in rule 3745 -1-05 of the Administrative Code, are to be avoided by the proposed filling of the isolated wetland(s):**

See attached Project Report.

**Please provide maps and narratives describing buffers provided for any isolated wetland(s) that will be avoided at the site:**

All of the isolated wetlands onsite are proposed to be impacted. No avoided wetland buffers will be established for this project. See attached Project Report.

Upload File(s): Exhibit 7 - Preferred Alternative.pdf

**Please demonstrate that the wetland(s) to be filled are not locally or regionally scarce and do not contain rare, threatened or endangered species:**

See attached Project Report.

Upload File(s): Innovation East Development - ODNR Env Review Request.pdf, USFWS Species List\_ Ohio Ecological Services Field Office.pdf

**Please demonstrate that the project impacts would not result in significant degradation to the aquatic ecosystem:**

See attached Project Report.

**Please provide a comprehensive post-development storm water plan that includes water quality improvement measures:**

See attached Project Mapping and attached Project Report.

#### **Section 5: Applicant and Agent Signature**

Application is hereby made for an Isolated Wetland Permit. I certify that the information provided on this form and all attachments related to this project are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

<b>Applicant Name:</b> Brent Bradbury	<b>Title:</b> CFO
<b>Signature:</b> Electronically submitted by NEWALBANYCO	<b>Date:</b> Electronically submitted on 03/04/2022



**Application for an Isolated Wetland Permit - Proposed Wetland Impacts and Mitigation**  
**Division of Surface Water**  
**401 Water Quality Certification and Isolated Wetland Permitting Unit**

<b>Section 1: Wetlands Onsite and Proposed Impacts</b>										
Wetland ID	ORAM Score	Category	Cat. Verified by Ohio EPA?	Ohio EPA Reviewer who Verified	Size (Acres)			Proposed Impacts (Acres)		
					Forest	None	Total	Forest	None	Total
Wetland C	12.0	1	No		0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.07	0.07
Wetland B	24.0	1	No		0.00	0.43	0.43	0.00	0.43	0.43
Wetland D	15.0	1	No		0.00	0.05	0.05	0.00	0.05	0.05
Wetland E	13.0	1	No		0.00	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.06	0.06
Wetland A	12.0	1	No		0.00	0.37	0.37	0.00	0.37	0.37
Wetland F	17.0	1	No		0.00	0.28	0.28	0.00	0.28	0.28
Wetland Acreage Totals					0.00	1.26	1.26	0.00	1.26	1.26
Totals: Category 1 Wetlands					0.00	1.26	1.26	0.00	1.26	1.26
Totals: Category 2 Wetlands					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals: Category 3 Wetlands					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Section 2: Proposed Wetland Mitigation (Check All That Apply) Preferred Alternative**

**Wetland Mitigation Bank**

Mitigation Bank:

Other Mitigation Bank:

Number of Forested Credits:

Type of Credits (if applicable):

Number of Non-Forested Credits:

Type of Credits (if applicable):

**Proof of Reservation?**

**In-Lieu Fee Program**

ILF Sponsor:

Other ILF Sponsor:

Number of Wetland Credits:

**Proof of Reservation?**

**On-Site Permittee-Responsible Mitigation**

Type of Wetland:

Acres:

**Restoration/Creation**

Type of Wetland:

Acres:

**Preservation**

Type of Wetland:

Acres:

**Enhancement**

Type of Wetland:

Acres:

**Other**

**Other Description:**

Off-Site Permittee-Responsible Mitigation

Restoration/Creation

Preservation

Enhancement

Other

Type of Wetland: Non-Forested

Acres: 1.89

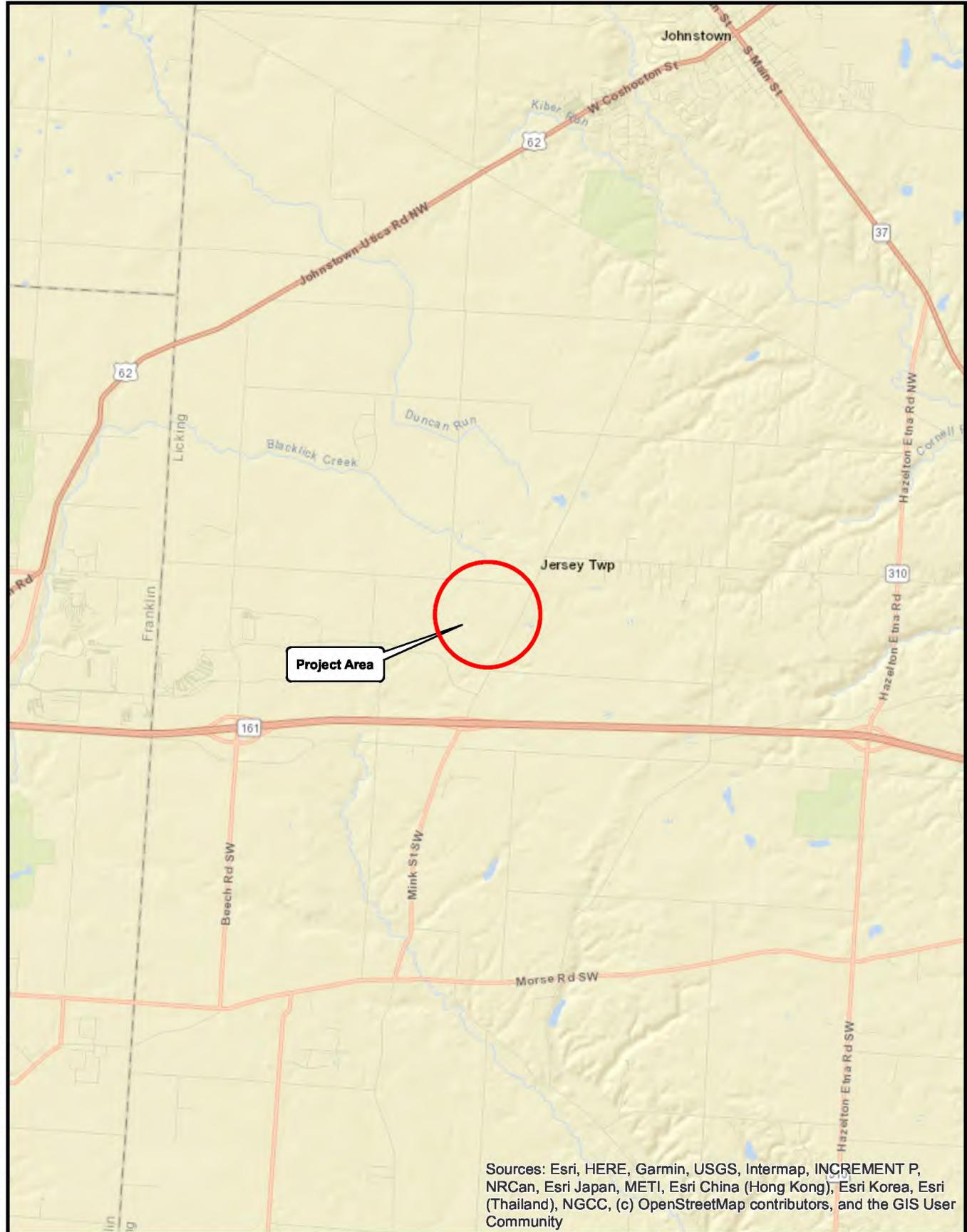
Type of Wetland:

Acres:

Type of Wetland:

Acres:

Other Description:



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

**EMH&T**

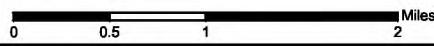
Engineers • Surveyors • Planners • Scientists  
5500 New Albany Road, Columbus, OH 43054  
Phone: 614.775.4500 Toll Free: 888.775.3648

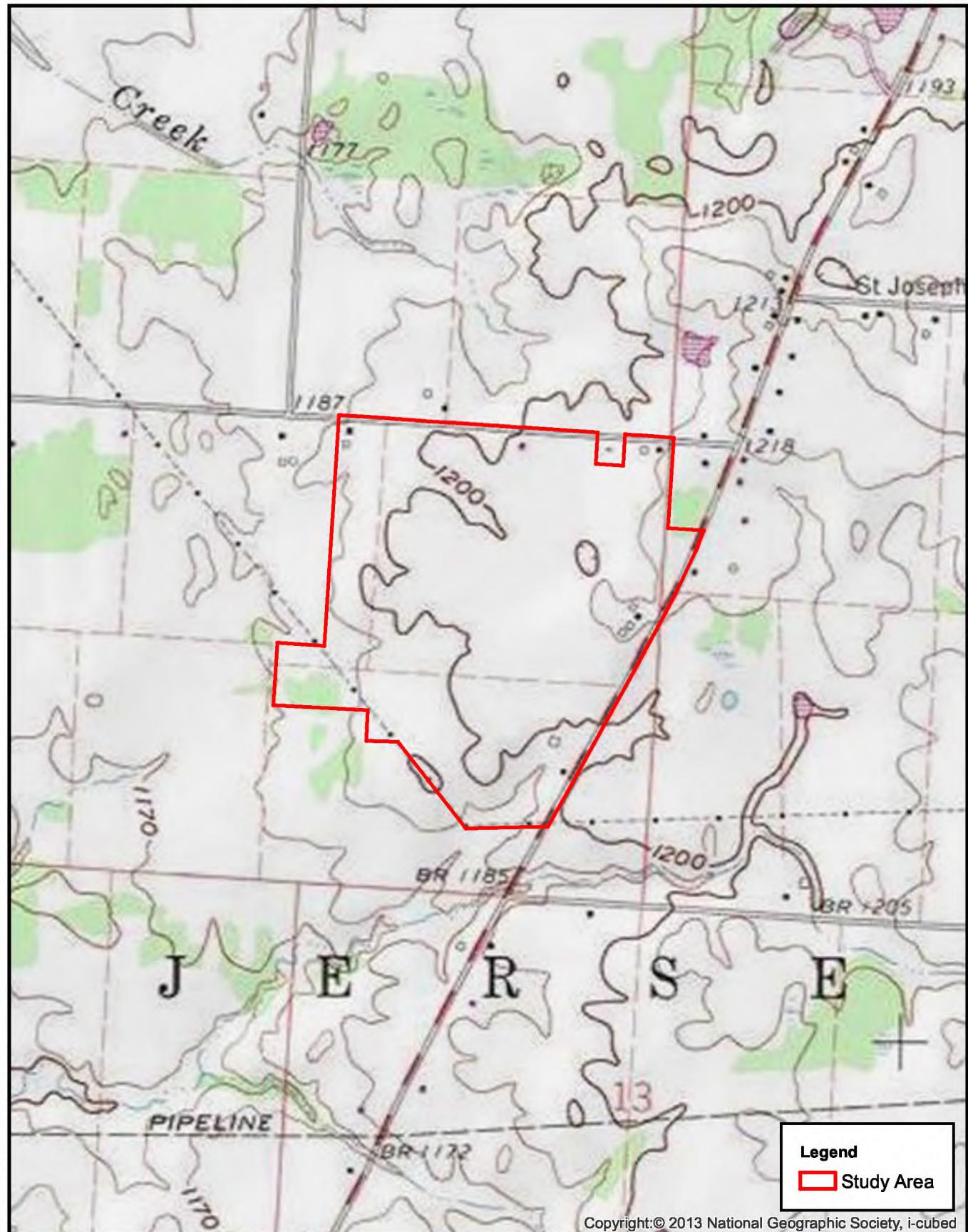
[emht.com](http://emht.com)

JERSEY TOWNSHIP, LICKING COUNTY, OHIO

**Innovation East Development Area  
Location Map  
Exhibit 1**

SCALE: 1" = 1 mile





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JERSEY TOWNSHIP, LICKING COUNTY, OHIO

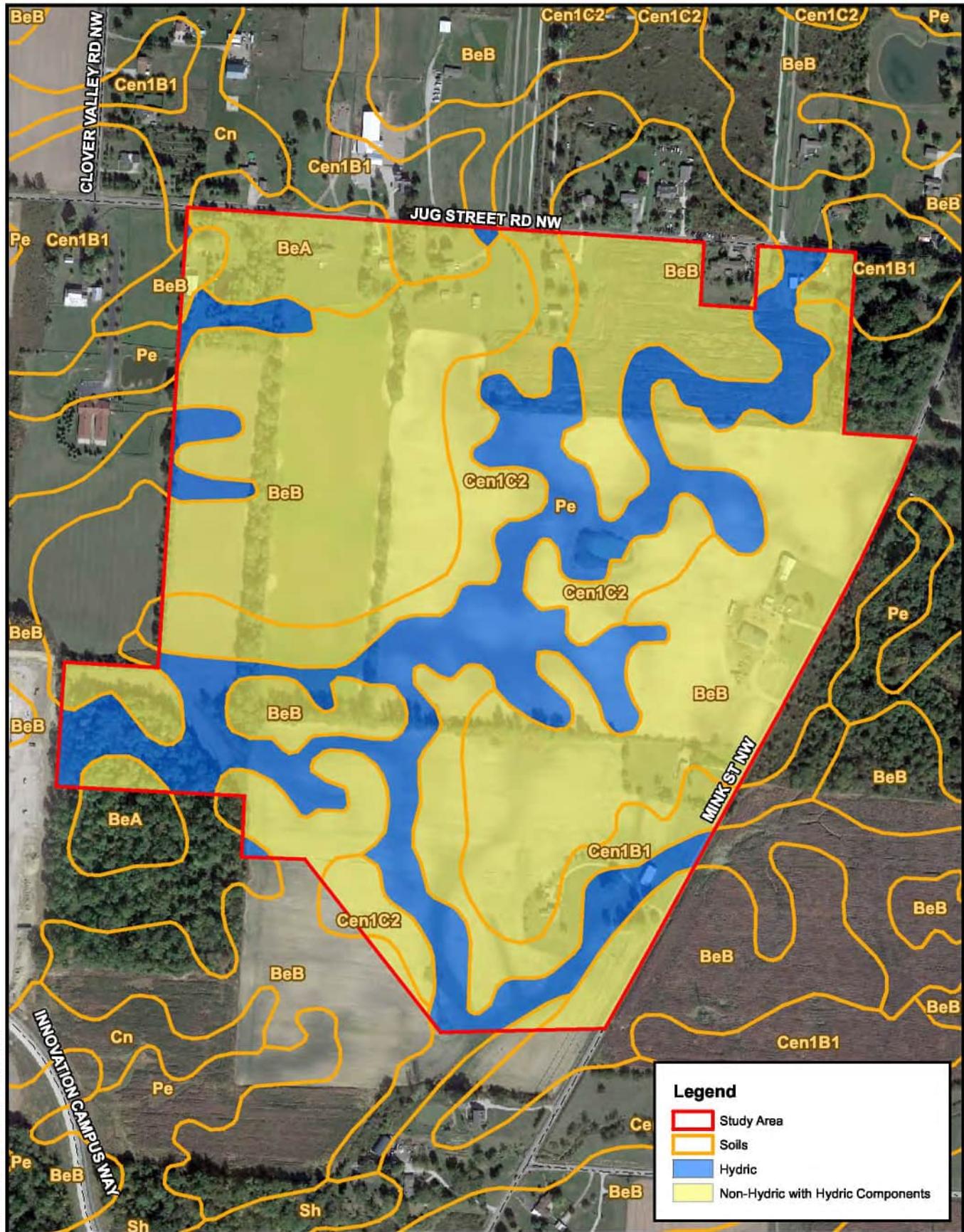
**Innovation East Development Area**  
**USGS Topographic Map**  
**Exhibit 2**

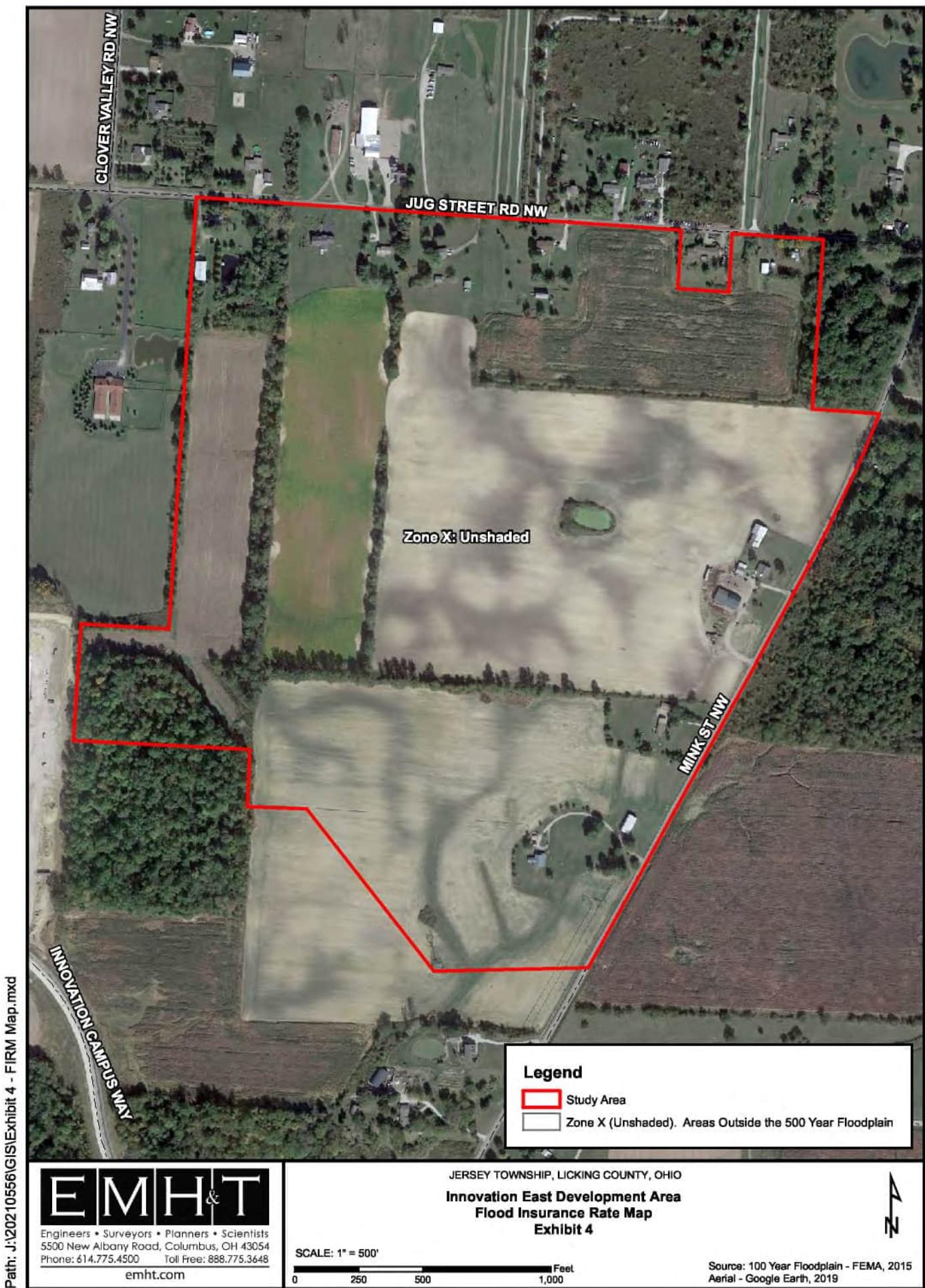
SCALE: 1" = 1000'

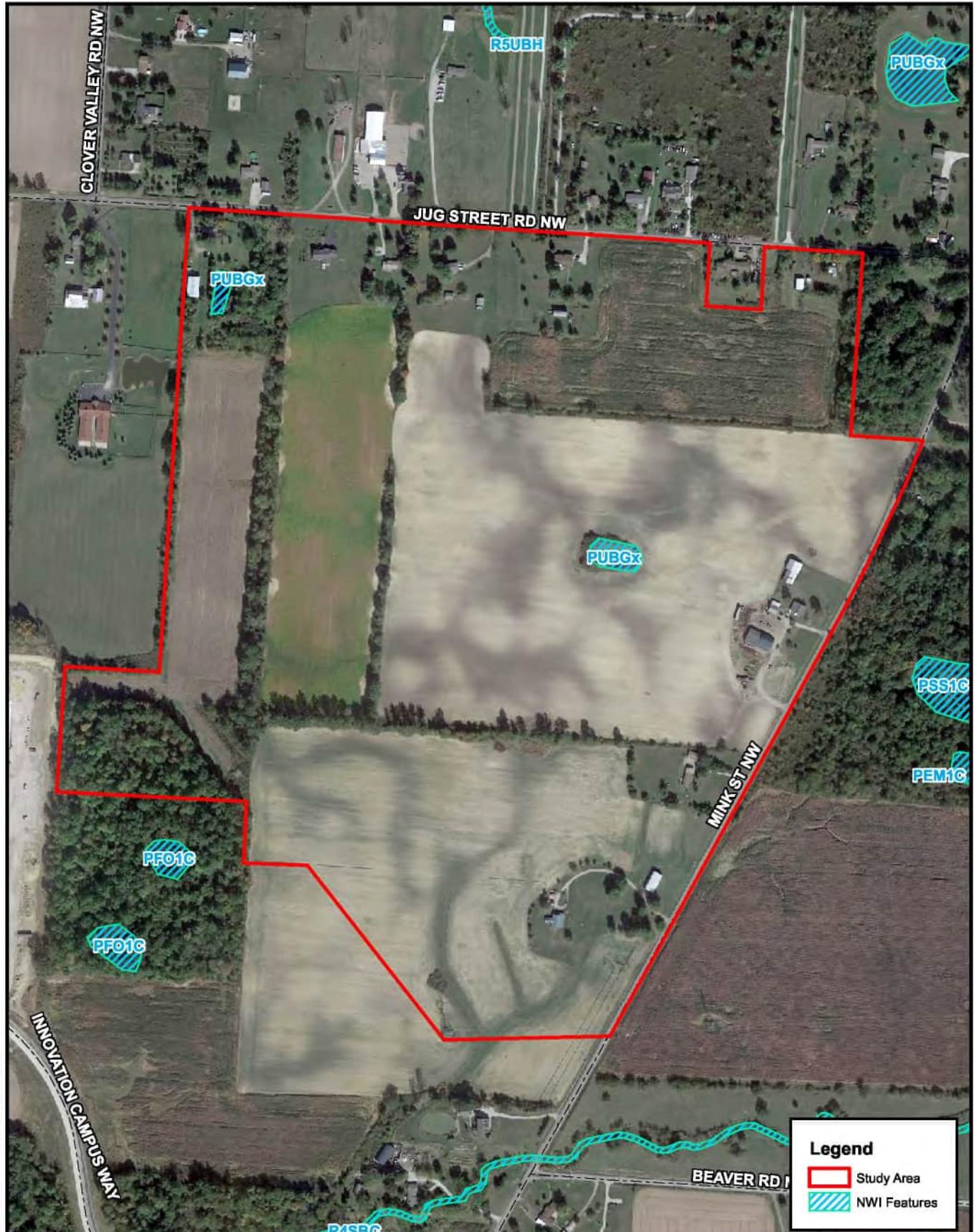
0 500 1,000 2,000

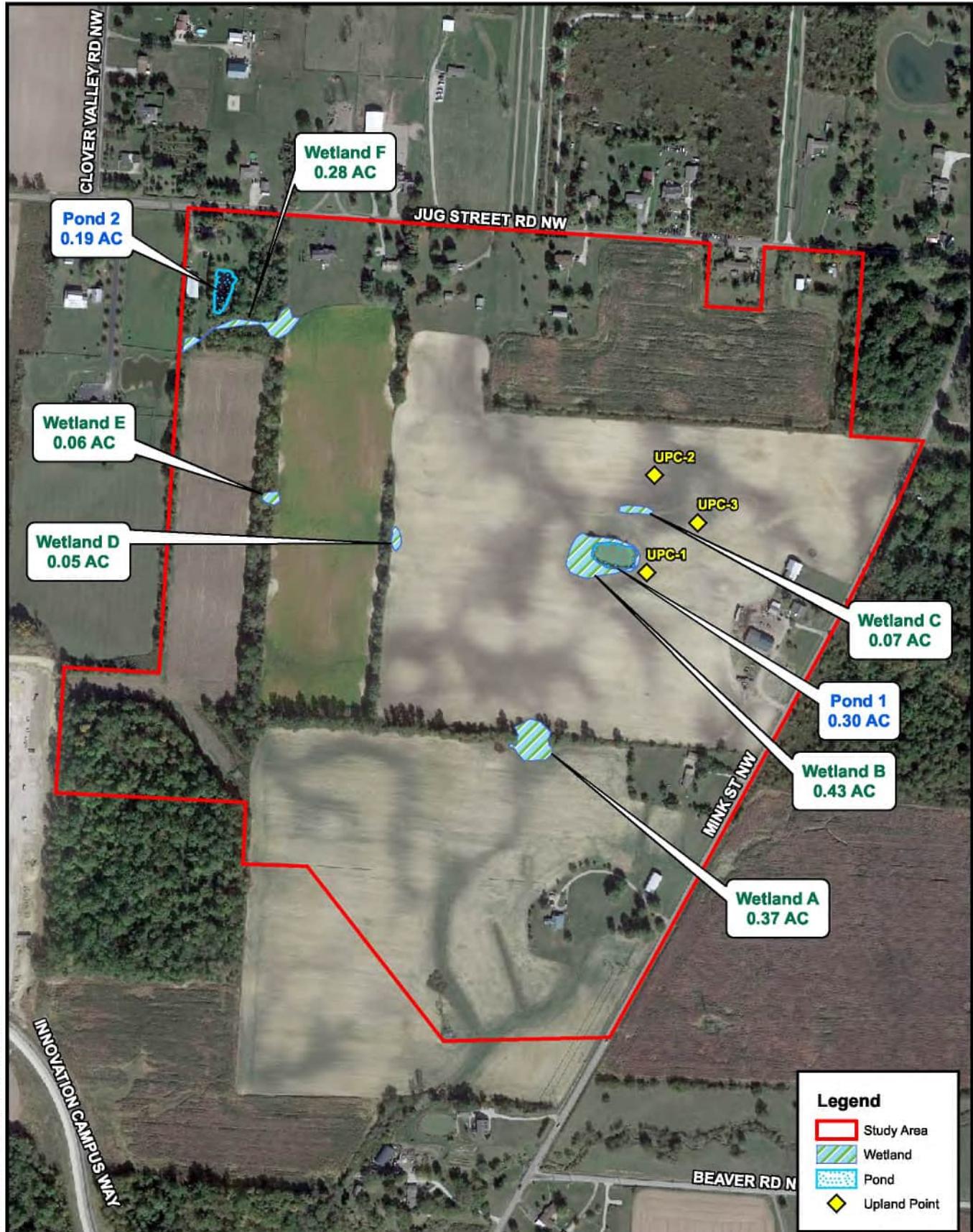
Source: USGS: Jersey, Ohio Quadrangle, 1961 (Rev. 1974)

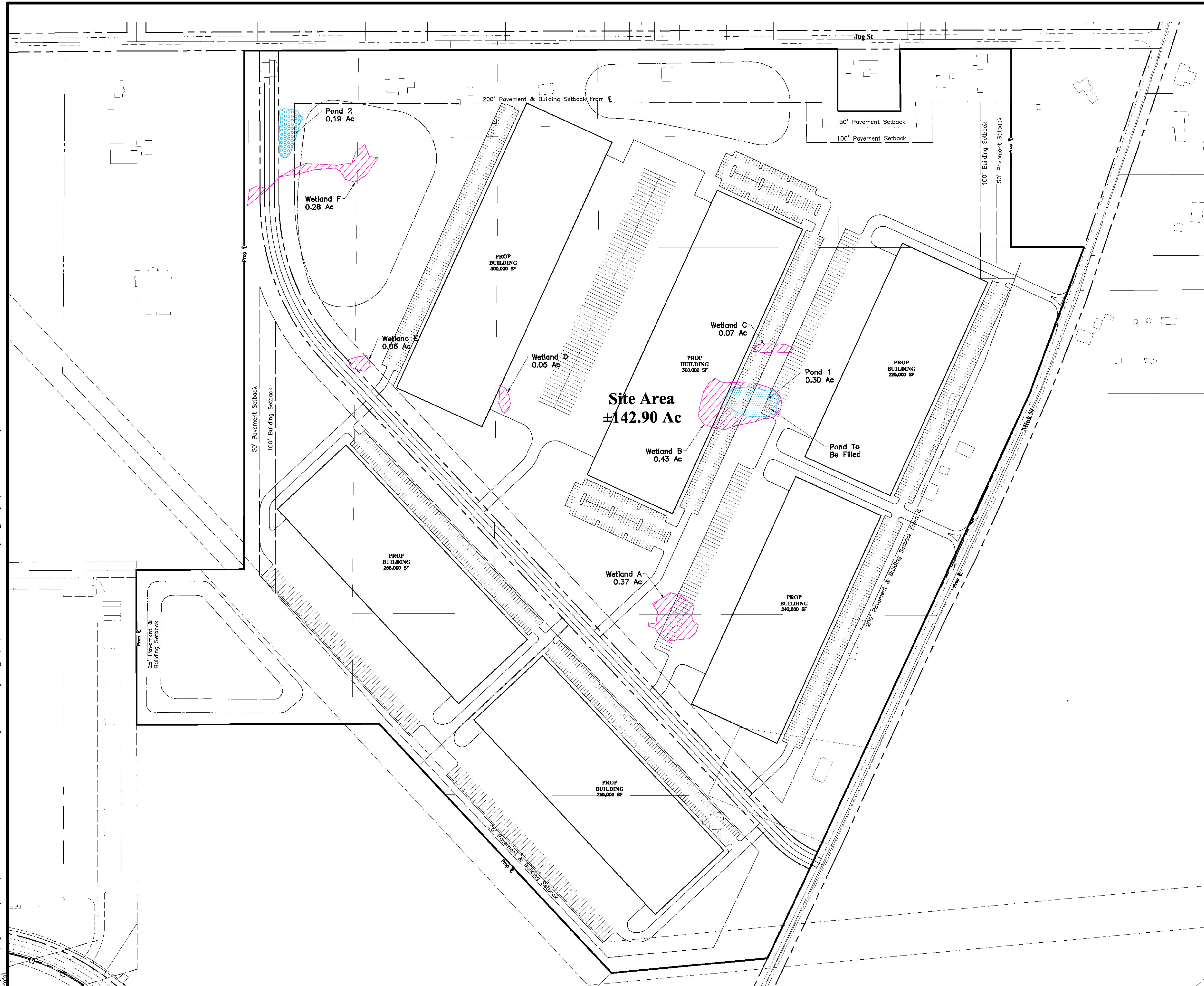












LEGEND		
Site Boundary		
Avoided Wetland 0.00 Acres		
Impacted Wetlands 1.26 Acres		
Avoided Pond 0.19 Acres		
Impacted Pond 0.30 Acres		
Existing Stream 0.00 LF		
Impacted Stream 0.00 LF		
Stream/Wetland Buffer		

REVISIONS

MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION

PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE EXHIBIT 7  
FOR  
INNOVATION EAST  
DEVELOPMENT

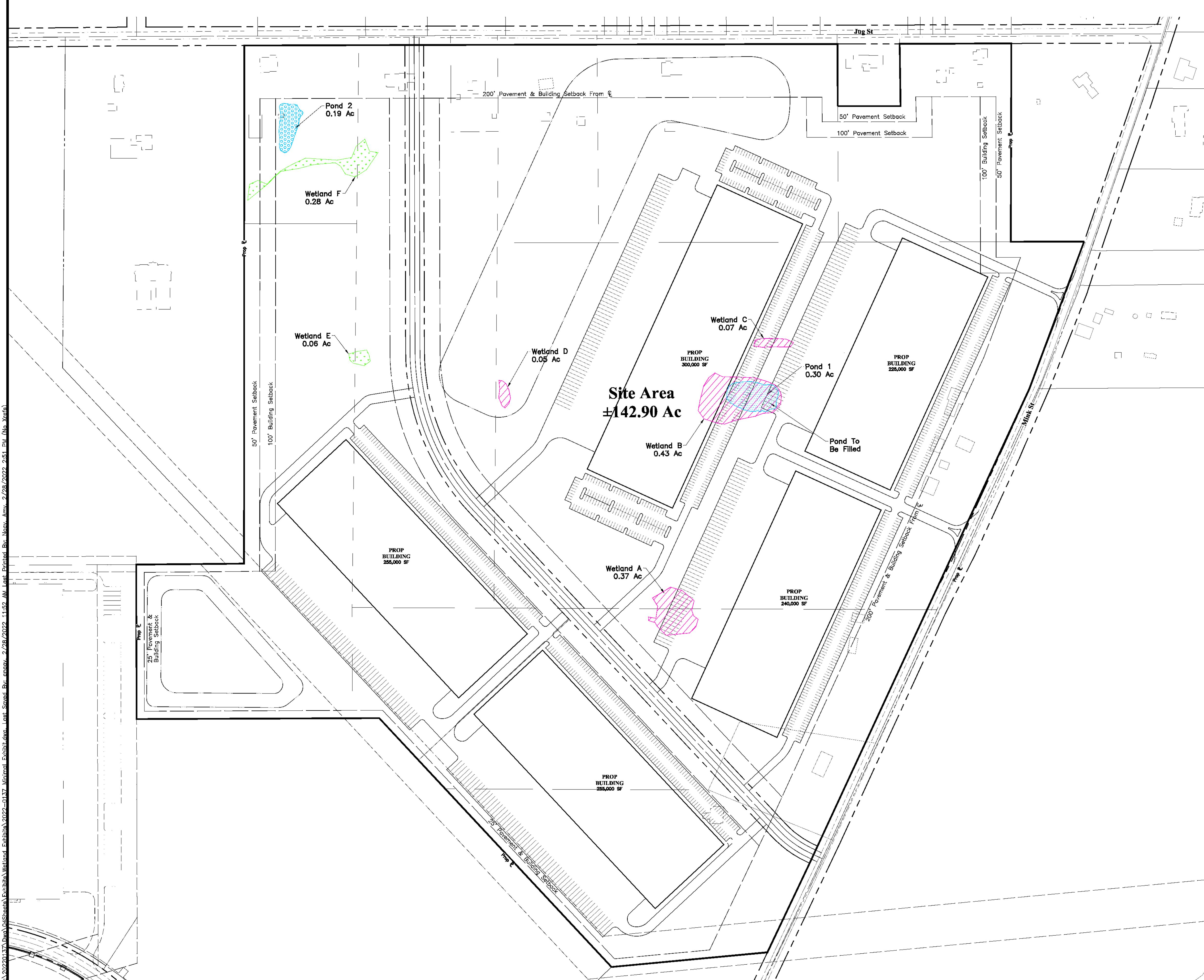
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5500 New Albany Road, Columbus, OH 43254  
Phone: 614.775.4500 toll free: 888.775.3448  
emhit.com

DATE  
February 28, 2022

SCALE  
1" = 150'

JOB NO.  
2022-0137

GRAPHIC SCALE  
0 75 150 300  
1 inch = 150 feet



LEGEND		
Site Boundary		
Avoided Wetland 0.34 Acres		
Impacted Wetlands 0.92 Acres		
Avoided Pond 0.19 Acres		
Impacted Pond 0.30 Acres		
Existing Stream 0.00 LF		
Impacted Stream 0.00 LF		
Stream/Wetland Buffer		

REVISI0NS

MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION

MINIMAL ALTERNATIVE EXHIBIT 8  
FOR  
INNOVATION EAST DEVELOPMENT

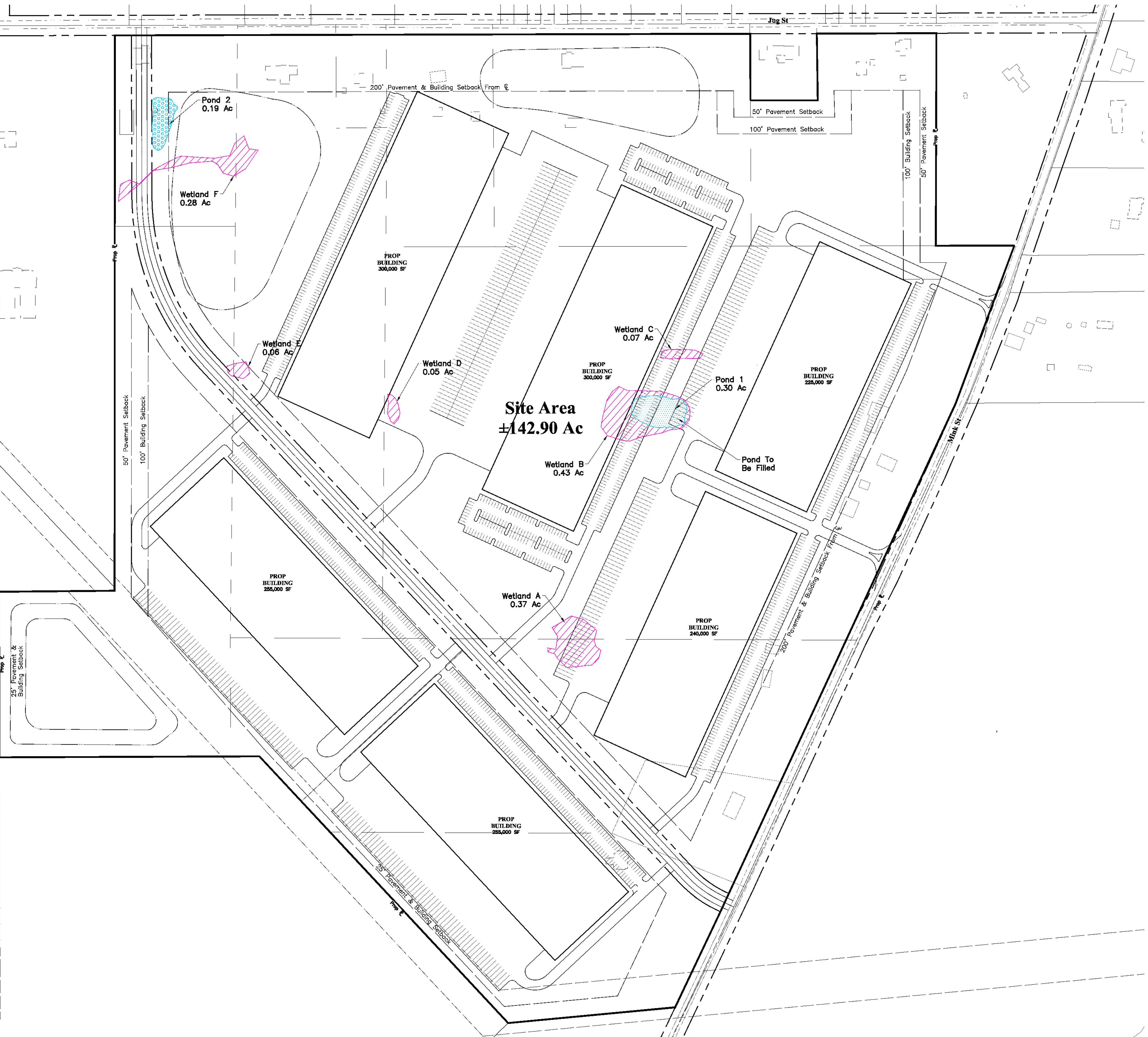
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Engineers • Surveyors • Planners • Scientists  
5500 New Albany Road, Columbus, OH 43254  
Phone: 614.775.4500 toll free: 888.775.3448  
emhit.com

DATE  
February 28, 2022

SCALE  
1" = 150'

JOB NO.  
2022-0137

GRAPHIC SCALE  
0 75 150 300  
1 inch = 150 feet



## LEGEND

## REVISI覩NS

100

PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE EXHIBIT 7  
FOR  
**INNOVATION EAST**  
**DEVELOPMENT**

EMHT & T

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**DATE**

**SCALE**

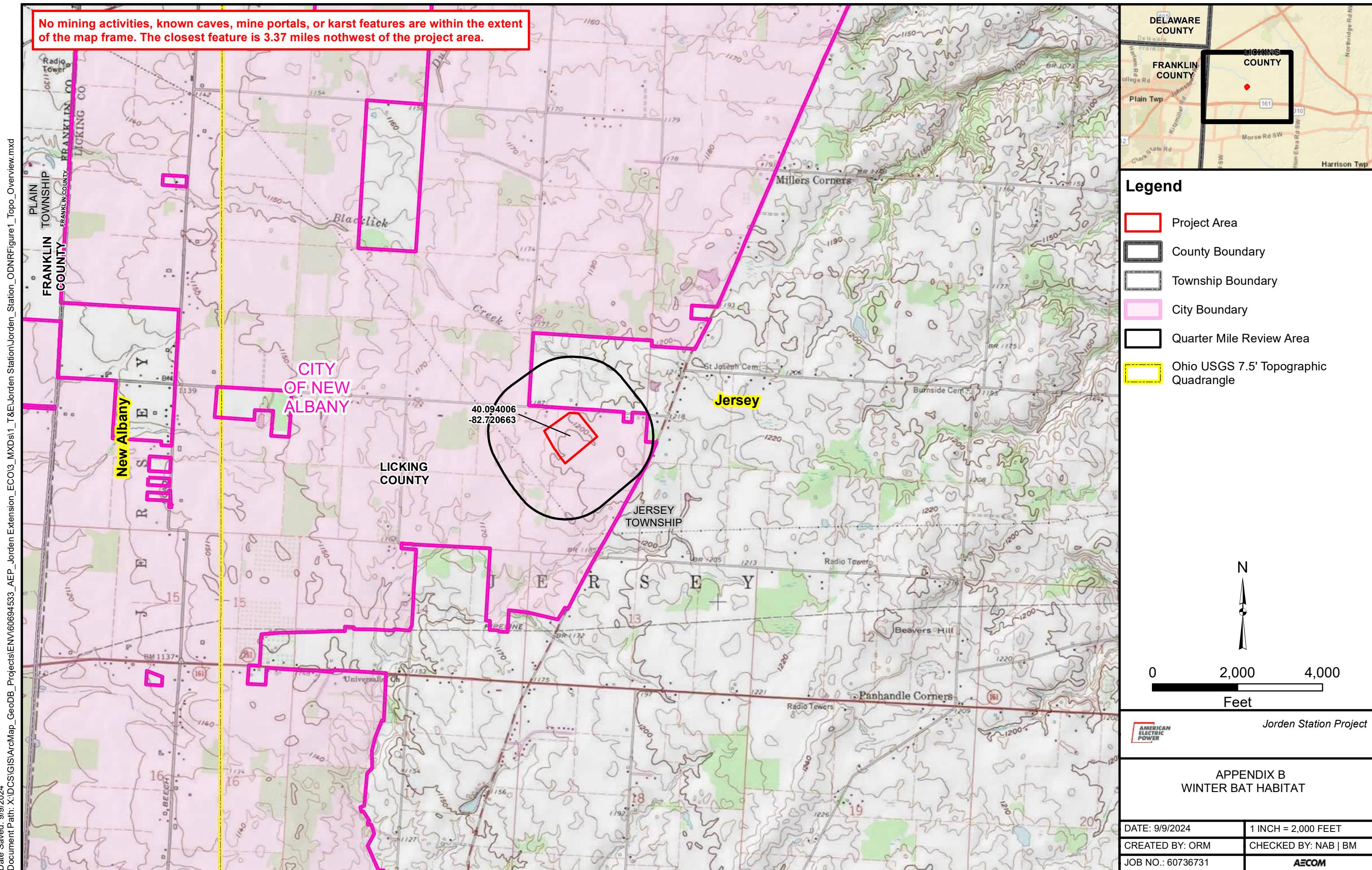
**JOB NO.**

**SHEET**

A graphic scale diagram. It features a horizontal line with three vertical tick marks. Above the first tick mark is the number '75', above the second is '150', and above the third is '300'. The segments between the tick marks are divided into smaller, unlabeled segments. The first segment after '75' is black, followed by a white segment, then a black segment, then a white segment, and finally a black segment. The segments after '150' and '300' are entirely black.

1/2

**APPENDIX B****DESKTOP ASSESSMENT FOR WINTER BAT HABITAT**



**APPENDIX C**

**U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORMS**  
**OEPA WETLAND ORAM FORMS**  
**DELINEATED FEATURES PHOTOGRAPHS (WETLANDS AND UPLANDS)**

<b>Version 5.0</b>	<b>Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands 10 Page Form for Wetland Categorization</b>
	<b>Background Information Scoring</b>
	<b>Boundary Worksheet Narrative</b>
	<b>Rating</b>
	<b>Field Form Quantitative Rating</b>
	<b>ORAM Summary Worksheet</b>
	<b>Wetland Categorization Worksheet</b>

### Instructions

The investigator is *STRONGLY URGED* to read the Manual for Using the Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands for further elaboration and discussion of the questions below prior to using the rating forms.

The Narrative Rating is designed to categorize a wetland or to provide alerts to the Rater based on the presence or possible presence of threatened or endangered species. The presence or proximity of such species is often an indicator of the quality and lack of disturbance of the wetland being evaluated. In addition, it is designed to categorize certain wetlands as presence or possible presence of threatened or endangered species. The presence or proximity of such species is often an indicator of the quality and lack of disturbance of the wetland being evaluated. In addition, it is designed to categorize certain wetlands as very low quality (Category 1) or very high quality (Category 3) regardless of the wetland's score on the Quantitative Rating. In addition, the Narrative Rating also alerts the investigator that a particular wetland may be a Category 3 wetland, again, regardless of the wetland's score on the Quantitative Rating.

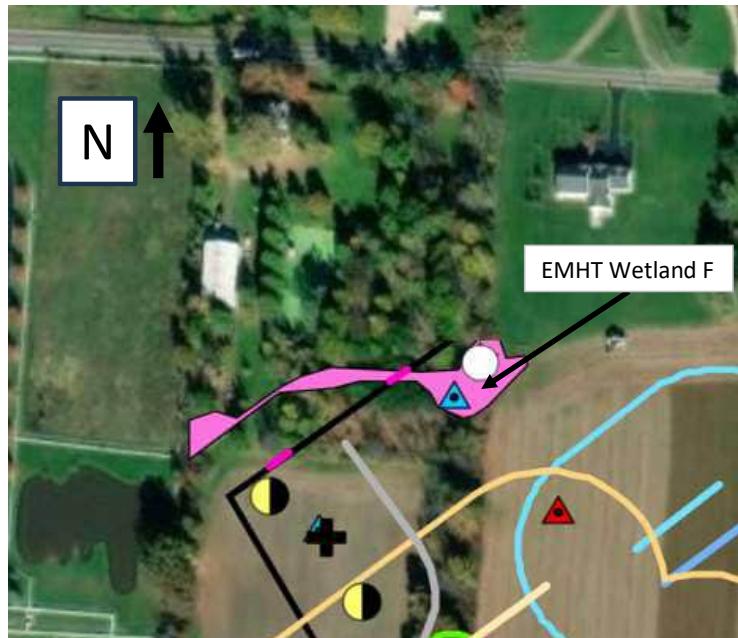
It is *VERY IMPORTANT* to properly and thoroughly answer each of the questions in the ORAM in order to properly categorize a wetland. To properly answer all the questions, the boundaries of the wetland being assessed must be correctly identified. Refer to Scoring Boundary worksheet and the User's Manual for a discussion of how to determine the "scoring boundaries." In some instances, the scoring boundaries may differ from the "jurisdictional boundaries."

Refer to the most recent ORAM Score Calibration Report for the scoring breakpoints between wetland categories. The most recent version of this document is posted on Ohio EPA's Division of Surface Water web page at: <http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dsw/wetlands/WetlandEcologySection.aspx>

## Background Information

Name:	AGS, TJK
Date:	9/17/2024
Affiliation:	AECOM
Address:	707 Grant Street, 5th Floor Pittsburgh, PA 15219
Phone Number:	412-395-8889
e-mail address:	<a href="mailto:austin.sige@aecom.com">austin.sige@aecom.com</a>
Name of Wetland:	EMHT Wetland F
Vegetation Communit(ies):	PEM
HGM Class(es):	Depressional

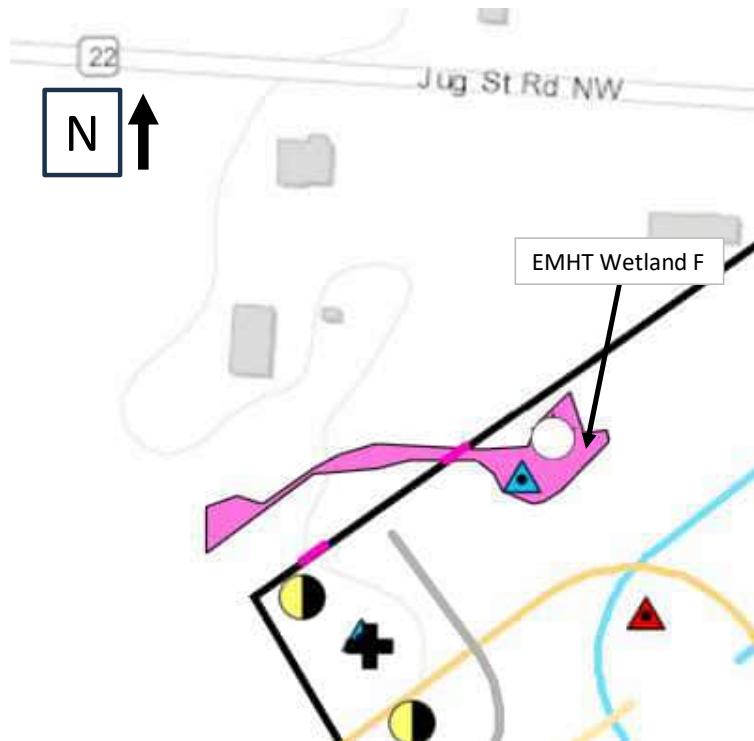
Location of Wetland: include map, address, north arrow, landmarks, distances, roads, etc.



Lat/Long or UTM Coordinate:	40.09469, -82.721807
USGS Quad Name:	Jersey
County:	Licking
Township:	Jersey
Section and Subsection:	Township 2 North, Range 15 West
Hydrologic Unit Code:	050400060402
Site Visit:	9/17/2024
National Wetland Inventory Map:	<a href="#">See Figure 2</a>
Ohio Wetland Inventory Map:	<a href="#">See Figure 2</a>
Soil Survey:	<a href="#">See Figure 2</a>
Delineation report/map:	<a href="#">See Figure 3</a>

Name of Wetland:	EMHT Wetland F		
Wetland Size (delineated acres):	0.22	Wetland Size (Estimated total acres):	0.28

Sketch: Include north arrow, relationship with other surface waters, vegetation zones, etc.



Comments, Narrative Discussion, Justification of Category Changes:

**EMHT Wetland F** is a PEM, isolated wetland located adjacent to old field and scrub/shrub habitats. This wetland receives hydrology from precipitation and possibly from a ponded area outside of the study corridor, that is visible from aerial imagery.

Final score:	28	Category:	1
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<b>Wetland ID:</b>	<b>EMHT Wetland F</b>
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### Scoring Boundary Worksheet

INSTRUCTIONS. The initial step in completing the ORAM is to identify the “scoring boundaries” of the wetland being rated. In many instances this determination will be relatively easy and the scoring boundaries will coincide with the “jurisdictional boundaries.” For example, the scoring boundary of an isolated cattail marsh located in the middle of a farm field will likely be the same as that wetland’s jurisdictional boundaries. In other instances, however, the scoring boundary will not be as easily determined. Wetlands that are small or isolated from other surface waters often form large contiguous areas or heterogeneous complexes of wetland and upland. In separating wetlands for scoring purposes, the hydrologic regime of the wetland is the main criterion that should be used. Boundaries between contiguous or connected wetlands should be established where the volume, flow, or velocity of water moving through the wetland changes significantly. Areas with a high degree of hydrologic interaction should be scored as a single wetland. In determining a wetland’s scoring boundaries, use the guidelines in the ORAM Manual Section 5.0. In certain instances, it may be difficult to establish the scoring boundary for the wetland being rated. These problem situations include wetlands that form a patchwork on the landscape, wetlands divided by artificial boundaries like property fences, roads, or railroad embankments, wetlands that are contiguous with streams, lakes, or rivers, and estuarine or coastal wetlands. These situations are discussed below, however, it is recommended that Rater contact Ohio EPA, Division of Surface Water, 401/Wetlands Section if there are additional questions or a need for further clarification of the appropriate scoring boundaries of a particular wetland.

#	Steps in properly establishing scoring boundaries	done?	not applicable
<b>Step 1</b>	Identify the wetland area of interest. This may be the site of a proposed impact, a reference site, conservation site, etc.	X	
<b>Step 2</b>	Identify the locations where there is physical evidence that hydrology changes rapidly. Such evidence includes both natural and human- induced changes including, constrictions caused by berms or dikes, points where the water velocity changes rapidly at rapids or falls, points where significant inflows occur at the confluence of rivers, or other factors that may restrict hydrologic interaction between the wetlands or parts of a single wetland.	X	
<b>Step 3</b>	Delineate the boundary of the wetland to be rated such that all areas of interest that are contiguous to and within the areas where the hydrology does not change significantly, i.e. areas that have a high degree of hydrologic interaction are included within the scoring boundary.	X	
<b>Step 4</b>	Determine if artificial boundaries, such as property lines, state lines, roads, railroad embankments, etc., are present. These should not be used to establish scoring boundaries unless they coincide with areas where the hydrologic regime changes.	X	
<b>Step 5</b>	In all instances, the Rater may enlarge the minimum scoring boundaries discussed here to score together wetlands that could be scored separately.		X
<b>Step 6</b>	Consult ORAM Manual Section 5.0 for how to establish scoring boundaries for wetlands that form a patchwork on the landscape, divided by artificial boundaries, contiguous to streams, lakes or rivers, or for dual classifications.		X

**End of Scoring Boundary Determination. Begin Narrative Rating on next page.**

<b>Wetland ID:</b>	<b>EMHT Wetland F</b>
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### Narrative Rating

INSTRUCTIONS. Answer each of the following questions. Questions 1, 2, 3 and 4 should be answered based on information obtained from the site visit or the literature and by submitting a Data Services Request to the Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Natural Areas and Preserves, Natural Heritage Data Services, 1889 Fountain Square Court, Building F-1, Columbus, Ohio 43224, 614-265-6453 (phone), 614-265-3096 (fax), <http://www.dnr.state.oh.us/dnap> . The remaining questions are designed to be answered primarily by the results of the site visit. Refer to the User's Manual for descriptions of these wetland types. Note: "Critical habitat" is legally defined in the Endangered Species Act and is the geographic area containing physical or biological features essential to the conservation of a listed species or as an area that may require special management considerations or protection. The Rater should contact the Region 3 Headquarters or the Columbus Ecological Services Office for updates as to whether critical habitat has been designated for other federally listed threatened or endangered species. "Documented" means the wetland is listed in the appropriate State of Ohio database.

#	Question	Circle one	
1	<p><b>Critical Habitat.</b> Is the wetland in a township, section, or subsection of a United States Geological Survey 7.5 minute Quadrangle that has been designated by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as "critical habitat" for any threatened or endangered plant or animal species?</p> <p>Note: as of January 1, 2001, of the federally listed endangered or threatened species which can be found in Ohio, the Indiana Bat has had critical habitat designated (50 CFR 17.95(a)) and the piping plover has had critical habitat proposed (65 FR 41812 July 6, 2000).</p>	<p>YES Wetland should be evaluated for possible Category 3 status Go to Question 2</p>	<p><b>*NO</b> Go to Question 2</p>
2	<p><b>Threatened or Endangered Species.</b> Is the wetland known to contain an individual of, or documented occurrences of federal or state-listed threatened or endangered plant or animal species?</p>	<p>YES Wetland is a Category 3 wetland. Go to Question 3</p>	<p><b>*NO</b> Go to Question 3</p>
3	<p><b>Documented High Quality Wetland.</b> Is the wetland on record in Natural Heritage Database as a high quality wetland?</p>	<p>YES Wetland is a Category 3 wetland Go to Question 4</p>	<p><b>*NO</b> Go to Question 4</p>
4	<p><b>Significant Breeding or Concentration Area.</b> Does the wetland contain documented regionally significant breeding or nonbreeding waterfowl, neotropical songbird, or shorebird concentration areas?</p>	<p>YES Wetland is a Category 3 wetland Go to Question 5</p>	<p><b>*NO</b> Go to Question 5</p>
5	<p><b>Category 1 Wetlands.</b> Is the wetland less than 0.5 hectares (1 acre) in size and <b>hydrologically isolated</b> and either 1) comprised of vegetation that is dominated (greater than eighty per cent areal cover) by <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>, <i>Lythrum salicaria</i>, or <i>Phragmites australis</i>, or 2) an acidic pond created or excavated on mined lands that has little or no vegetation?</p>	<p>YES Wetland is a Category 1 wetland Go to Question 6</p>	<p><b>*NO</b> Go to Question 6</p>
6	<p><b>Bogs.</b> Is the wetland a peat-accumulating wetland that 1) has no significant inflows or outflows, 2) supports acidophilic mosses, particularly <i>Sphagnum</i> spp., 3) the acidophilic mosses have &gt;30% cover, 4) at least one species from Table 1 is present, and 5) the cover of invasive species (see Table 1) is &lt;25%?</p>	<p>YES Wetland is a Category 3 wetland Go to Question 7</p>	<p><b>*NO</b> Go to Question 7</p>
7	<p><b>Fens.</b> Is the wetland a carbon accumulating (peat, muck) wetland that is saturated during most of the year, primarily by a discharge of free flowing, mineral rich, ground water with a circumneutral ph (5.5-9.0) and with one or more plant species listed in Table 1 and the cover of invasive species listed in Table 1 is &lt;25%?</p>	<p>YES Wetland is a Category 3 wetland Go to Question 8a</p>	<p><b>*NO</b> Go to Question 8a</p>
8a	<p><b>"Old Growth Forest."</b> Is the wetland a forested wetland and is the forest characterized by, but not limited to, the following characteristics: overstory canopy trees of great age (exceeding at least 50% of a projected maximum attainable age for a species); little or no evidence of human-caused understory disturbance during the past 80 to 100 years; an all-aged structure and multilayered canopies; aggregations of canopy trees interspersed with canopy gaps; and significant numbers of standing dead snags and downed logs?</p>	<p>YES Wetland is a Category 3 wetland. Go to Question 8b</p>	<p><b>*NO</b> Go to Question 8b</p>

<b>Wetland ID:</b>	<b>EMHT Wetland F</b>
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<b>8b Mature forested wetlands.</b> Is the wetland a forested wetland with 50% or more of the cover of upper forest canopy consisting of deciduous trees with large diameters at breast height (dbh), generally diameters greater than 45cm (17.7in) dbh?	YES  Wetland should be evaluated for possible Category 3 status. Go to Question 9a	<b>*NO</b>  Go to Question 9a
<b>9a Lake Erie coastal and tributary wetlands.</b> Is the wetland located at an elevation less than 575 feet on the USGS map, adjacent to this elevation, or along a tributary to Lake Erie that is accessible to fish?	YES  Go to Question 9b	<b>*NO</b>  Go to Question 10
<b>9b</b> Does the wetland's hydrology result from measures designed to prevent erosion and the loss of aquatic plants, i.e. the wetland is partially hydrologically restricted from Lake Erie due to lakeward or landward dikes or other hydrological controls?	YES  Wetland should be evaluated for possible Category 3 status Go to Question 10	<b>*NO</b>  Go to Question 9c
<b>9c</b> Are Lake Erie water levels the wetland's primary hydrological influence, i.e. the wetland is hydrologically unrestricted (no lakeward or upland border alterations), or the wetland can be characterized as an "estuarine" wetland with lake and river influenced hydrology. These include sandbar deposition wetlands, estuarine wetlands, river mouth wetlands, or those dominated by submersed aquatic vegetation.	YES  Go to Question 9d	<b>*NO</b>  Go to Question 10
<b>9d</b> Does the wetland have a predominance of native species within its vegetation communities, although non-native or disturbance tolerant native species can also be present?	YES  Wetland is a Category 3 wetland Go to Question 10	NO  Go to Question 9e
<b>9e</b> Does the wetland have a predominance of non-native or disturbance tolerant native plant species within its vegetation communities?	YES  Wetland should be evaluated for possible Category 3 status Go to Question 10	NO  Go to Question 10
<b>10 Lake Plain Sand Prairies (Oak Openings)</b> Is the wetland located in Lucas, Fulton, Henry, or Wood Counties and can the wetland be characterized by the following description: the wetland has a sandy substrate with interspersed organic matter, a water table often within several inches of the surface, and often with a dominance of the gramineous vegetation listed in Table 1 (woody species may also be present). The Ohio Department of Natural Resources Division of Natural Areas and Preserves can provide assistance in confirming this type of wetland and its quality.	YES  Wetland is a Category 3 wetland. Go to Question 11	<b>*NO</b>  Go to Question 11
<b>11 Relict Wet Prairies.</b> Is the wetland a relict wet prairie community dominated by some or all of the species in Table 1. Extensive prairies were formerly located in the Darby Plains (Madison and Union Counties), Sandusky Plains (Wyandot, Crawford, and Marion Counties), northwest Ohio (e.g. Erie, Huron, Lucas, Wood Counties), and portions of western Ohio Counties (e.g. Darke, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Van Wert etc.).	YES  Wetland should be evaluated for possible Category 3 status Complete Quantitative Rating	<b>*NO</b>  Complete Quantitative Rating

<b>Wetland ID:</b>	<b>EMHT Wetland F</b>
--------------------	-----------------------

<b>Table 1. Characteristic plant species.</b>				
<b>invasive/exotic spp</b>	<b>fen species</b>	<b>bog species</b>	<b>oak opening species</b>	<b>wet prairie species</b>
<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>	<i>Zygadenus elegans</i> var. <i>glaucus</i>	<i>Calla palustris</i>	<i>Carex cryptolepis</i>	<i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i>
<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>	<i>Cacalia plantaginea</i>	<i>Carex atlantica</i> var. <i>capillacea</i>	<i>Carex lasiocarpa</i>	<i>Calamagrostis stricta</i>
<i>Najas minor</i>	<i>Carex flava</i>	<i>Carex echinata</i>	<i>Carex stricta</i>	<i>Carex atherodes</i>
<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	<i>Carex sterilis</i>	<i>Carex oligosperma</i>	<i>Cladium mariscoides</i>	<i>Carex buxbaumii</i>
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	<i>Carex stricta</i>	<i>Carex trisperma</i>	<i>Calamagrostis stricta</i>	<i>Carex pellita</i>
<i>Potamogeton crispus</i>	<i>Deschampsia caespitosa</i>	<i>Chamaedaphne calyculata</i>	<i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i>	<i>Carex sartwellii</i>
<i>Ranunculus ficaria</i>	<i>Eleocharis rostellata</i>	<i>Decodon verticillatus</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Gentiana andrewsii</i>
<i>Rhamnus frangula</i>	<i>Eriophorum viridicarinatum</i>	<i>Eriophorum virginicum</i>		<i>Helianthus grosseserratus</i>
<i>Typha angustifolia</i>	<i>Gentianopsis spp.</i>	<i>Larix laricina</i>		<i>Liatris spicata</i>
<i>Typha xglauca</i>	<i>Lobelia kalmii</i>	<i>Nemopanthus mucronatus</i>		<i>Lysimachia quadriflora</i>
	<i>Parnassia glauca</i>	<i>Scheuchzeria palustris</i>		<i>Lythrum alatum</i>
	<i>Potentilla fruticosa</i>	<i>Sphagnum spp.</i>		<i>Pycnanthemum virginianum</i>
	<i>Rhamnus alnifolia</i>	<i>Vaccinium macrocarpon</i>		<i>Silphium terebinthinaceum</i>
	<i>Rhynchospora capillacea</i>	<i>Vaccinium corymbosum</i>		<i>Sorghastrum nutans</i>
	<i>Salix candida</i>	<i>Woodwardia virginica</i>		<i>Spartina pectinata</i>
	<i>Salix myricoides</i>	<i>Xyris difformis</i>		<i>Solidago riddellii</i>
	<i>Salix serissima</i>			
	<i>Solidago ohioensis</i>			
	<i>Tofieldia glutinosa</i>			
	<i>Triglochin maritimum</i>			
	<i>Triglochin palustre</i>			

**End of Narrative Rating. Begin Quantitative Rating on next page.**

**Wetland ID:** **EMHT Wetland F**

Site: **Jordan Station Projects** Rater(s): **AGS, TJK** Date: **9/17/2024**

<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>Metric 1. Wetland Area (size).</b>	<b>Field ID:</b> <b>EMHT Wetland F</b>
max 6 pts	subtotal	Select one size class and assign score.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> >50 acres (>20.2ha) (6 pts) <input type="checkbox"/> 25 to <50 acres (10.1 to <20.2ha) (5 pts) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 to <25 acres (4 to <10.1ha) (4 pts) <input type="checkbox"/> 3 to <10 acres (1.2 to <4ha) (3 pts) <input type="checkbox"/> 0.3 to <3 acres (0.12 to <1.2ha) (2 pts) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x 0.1 to <0.3 acres (0.04 to <0.12ha) (1 pt) <input type="checkbox"/> <0.1 acres (0.04ha) (0 pts)	

<b>7.0</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>Metric 2. Upland buffers and surrounding land use.</b>
max 14 pts.	subtotal	2a. Calculate average buffer width. Select only one and assign score. Do not double check.
		<input type="checkbox"/> WIDE. Buffers average 50m (164ft) or more around wetland perimeter (7) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x MEDIUM. Buffers average 25m to <50m (82 to <164ft) around wetland perimeter (4) <input type="checkbox"/> NARROW. Buffers average 10m to <25m (32ft to <82ft) around wetland perimeter (1) <input type="checkbox"/> VERY NARROW. Buffers average <10m (<32ft) around wetland perimeter (0)
		2b. Intensity of surrounding land use. Select one or double check and average.
		<input type="checkbox"/> VERY LOW. 2nd growth or older forest, prairie, savannah, wildlife area, etc. (7) <input type="checkbox"/> LOW. Old field (> 10 years), shrubland, young second growth forest. (5) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x MODERATELY HIGH. Residential, fenced pasture, park, conservation tillage, new fallow field. (3) <input type="checkbox"/> HIGH. Urban, industrial, open pasture, row cropping, mining, construction. (1)

<b>11.0</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>Metric 3. Hydrology.</b>	
max 30 pts.	subtotal	3a. Sources of Water. Score all that apply.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> High pH groundwater (5) <input type="checkbox"/> Other groundwater (3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Precipitation (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Seasonal/Intermittent surface water (3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Perennial surface water (lake or stream) (5)	
		3c. Maximum water depth. Select one.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> >0.7 (27.6in) (3) <input type="checkbox"/> 0.4 to 0.7m (15.7 to 27.6in) (2) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x <0.4m (<15.7in) (1)	
		3e. Modifications to natural hydrologic regime. Score one or double check and average.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> None or none apparent (12) <input type="checkbox"/> Recovered (7) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Recovering (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent or no recovery (1)	
		3b. Connectivity. Score all that apply.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> 100 year floodplain (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Between stream/lake and other human use (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Part of wetland/upland (e.g. forest), complex (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Part of riparian or upland corridor (1)	
		3d. Duration inundation/saturation. Score one or dbl check.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Semi- to permanently inundated/saturated (4) <input type="checkbox"/> Regularly inundated/saturated (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Seasonally inundated (2) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Seasonally saturated in upper 30cm (12in) (1)	
		Check all disturbances observed	
		<input type="checkbox"/> ditch <input type="checkbox"/> tile <input type="checkbox"/> dike <input type="checkbox"/> weir <input type="checkbox"/> stormwater input	<input type="checkbox"/> point source (nonstormwater) <input type="checkbox"/> filling/grading <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x road bed/RR track <input type="checkbox"/> dredging <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Other: Construction/New road

<b>8.0</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>Metric 4. Habitat Alteration and Development.</b>	
max 20 pts.	subtotal	4a. Substrate disturbance. Score one or double check and average.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> None or none apparent (4) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Recovered (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Recovering (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent or no recovery (1)	
		4b. Habitat development. Select only one and assign score.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Excellent (7) <input type="checkbox"/> Very good (6) <input type="checkbox"/> Good (5) <input type="checkbox"/> Moderately good (4) <input type="checkbox"/> Fair (3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Poor to fair (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Poor (1)	
		4c. Habitat alteration. Score one or double check and average.	
		<input type="checkbox"/> None or none apparent (9) <input type="checkbox"/> Recovered (6) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x Recovering (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent or no recovery (1)	
		Check all disturbances observed	
		<input type="checkbox"/> mowing <input type="checkbox"/> grazing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x clearing/cutting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> x selective cutting <input type="checkbox"/> woody debris removal <input type="checkbox"/> toxic pollutants	<input type="checkbox"/> shrub/sapling removal <input type="checkbox"/> herbaceous/aquatic bed removal <input type="checkbox"/> sedimentation <input type="checkbox"/> dredging <input type="checkbox"/> farming <input type="checkbox"/> nutrient enrichment

**27.0**  
subtotal this page ORAM v. 5.0 Field Form Quantitative Rating

<b>Wetland ID:</b>	EMHT Wetland F
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Site:	Jordan Station Projects	Rater(s):	AGS, TJK	Date:	9/17/2024
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27.0
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subtotal this page

**Field ID:**

EMHT Wetland F
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0.0	27.0
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### Metric 5. Special Wetlands.

Check all that apply and score as indicated.

- Bog (10)
- Fen (10)
- Old growth forest (10)
- Mature forested wetland (5)
- Lake Erie coastal/tributary wetland-unrestricted hydrology (10)
- Lake Erie coastal/tributary wetland-restricted hydrology (5)
- Lake Plain Sand Prairies (Oak Openings) (10)
- Relict Wet Prairies (10)
- Known occurrence state/federal threatened or endangered species (10)
- Significant migratory songbird/water fowl habitat or usage (10)
- Category 1 Wetland. See Question 5 Qualitative Rating (-10)

1.0	28.0
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### Metric 6. Plant communities, interspersion, microtopography.

max 20pts. subtotal

#### 6a. Wetland Vegetation Communities.

Score all present using 0 to 3 scale.

- Aquatic bed
- 1 Emergent
- 1 Shrub
- Forest
- Mudflats
- Open water
- Other

#### 6b. horizontal (plan view) Interspersion.

Select only one.

- High (5)
- Moderately high(4)
- Moderate (3)
- x Moderately low (2)
- Low (1)
- None (0)

#### 6c. Coverage of invasive plants. Refer

Table 1 ORAM long form for list. Add or deduct points for coverage

- Extensive >75% cover (-5)
- x Moderate 25-75% cover (-3)
- Sparse 5-25% cover (-1)
- Nearly absent <5% cover (0)
- Absent (1)

#### 6d. Microtopography.

Score all present using 0 to 3 scale.

- 0 Vegetated hummocks/tussocks
- 0 Coarse woody debris >15cm (6in)
- 0 Standing dead >25cm (10in) dbh
- 0 Amphibian breeding pools

#### Vegetation Community Cover Scale

0	Absent or comprises <0.1ha (0.2471 acres) contiguous area
1	Present and either comprises small part of wetland's 1 vegetation and is of moderate quality, or comprises a significant part but is of low quality
2	Present and either comprises significant part of wetland's 2 vegetation and is of moderate quality or comprises a small part and is of high quality
3	Present and comprises significant part, or more, of wetland's 3 vegetation and is of high quality

#### Narrative Description of Vegetation Quality

Low spp diversity and/or predominance of nonnative or low disturbance tolerant native species

Native spp are dominant component of the vegetation, mod although nonnative and/or disturbance tolerant native spp can also be present, and species diversity moderate to moderately high, but generally w/o presence of rare threatened or endangered spp to

A predominance of native species, with nonnative spp high and/or disturbance tolerant native spp absent or virtually absent, and high spp diversity and often, but not always, the presence of rare, threatened, or endangered spp

#### Mudflat and Open Water Class Quality

0	Absent <0.1ha (0.247 acres)
1	Low 0.1 to <1ha (0.247 to 2.47 acres)
2	Moderate 1 to <4ha (2.47 to 9.88 acres)
3	High 4ha (9.88 acres) or more

#### Microtopography Cover Scale

0	Absent
1	Present very small amounts or if more common of marginal quality
2	Present in moderate amounts, but not of highest quality or in small amounts of highest quality
3	Present in moderate or greater amounts and of highest quality

28.0	TOTAL (Max 100 pts)
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1	Category
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<b>Wetland ID:</b>	<b>EMHT Wetland F</b>
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### ORAM Summary Worksheet

		<b>Circle answer or insert score</b>	<b>Result</b>
<b>Narrative Rating</b>	Question 1 Critical Habitat	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 2. Threatened or Endangered Species	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 3. High Quality Natural Wetland	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 4. Significant bird habitat	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 5. Category 1 Wetlands	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 1.
	Question 6. Bogs	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 7. Fens	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 8a. Old Growth Forest	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 8b. Mature Forested Wetland	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, evaluate for Category 3; may also be 1 or 2.
	Question 9b. Lake Erie Wetlands - Restricted	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, evaluate for Category 3; may also be 1 or 2.
	Question 9d. Lake Erie Wetlands – Unrestricted with native plants	YES      NO	If yes, Category 3
	Question 9e. Lake Erie Wetlands - Unrestricted with invasive plants	YES      NO	If yes, evaluate for Category 3; may also be 1 or 2.
	Question 10. Oak Openings	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, Category 3
	Question 11. Relict Wet Prairies	YES <b>*NO</b>	If yes, evaluate for Category 3; may also be 1 or 2.
<b>Quantitative Rating</b>	Metric 1. Size	<b>1</b>	
	Metric 2. Buffers and surrounding land use	<b>7</b>	
	Metric 3. Hydrology	<b>11</b>	
	Metric 4. Habitat	<b>8</b>	
	Metric 5. Special Wetland Communities	<b>0</b>	
	Metric 6. Plant communities, interspersion, microtopography	<b>1</b>	
	<b>TOTAL SCORE</b>	<b>28</b>	Category based on score breakpoints

### Complete Wetland Categorization Worksheet.

<b>Wetland ID:</b>	EMHT Wetland F
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## Wetland Categorization Worksheet

Choices	Circle one		Evaluation of Categorization Result of ORAM
Did you answer "Yes" to any of the following questions: Narrative Rating Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8a, 9d, 10	YES  Wetland is categorized as a Category 3 wetland	*NO	Is quantitative rating score <i>less</i> than the Category 2 scoring threshold ( <i>excluding</i> gray zone)? If yes, reevaluate the category of the wetland using the narrative criteria in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C) and biological and/or functional assessments to determine if the wetland has been over- categorized by the ORAM
Did you answer "Yes" to any of the following questions: Narrative Rating Nos. 1, 8b, 9b, 9e, 11	YES  Wetland should be evaluated for possible Category 3 status	*NO	Evaluate the wetland using the 1) narrative criteria in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C) and 2) the quantitative rating score. If the wetland is determined to be a Category 3 wetland using either of these, it should be categorized as a Category 3 wetland. Detailed biological and/or functional assessments may also be used to determine the wetland's category.
Did you answer "Yes" to Narrative Rating No. 5	YES  Wetland is categorized as a Category 1 wetland	*NO	Is quantitative rating score <i>greater</i> than the Category 2 scoring threshold ( <i>including</i> any gray zone)? If yes, reevaluate the category of the wetland using the narrative criteria in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C) and biological and/or functional assessments to determine if the wetland has been under-categorized by the ORAM
Does the quantitative score fall within the scoring range of a Category 1, 2, or 3 wetland?	*YES  Wetland is assigned to the appropriate category based on the scoring range	NO	If the score of the wetland is located within the scoring range for a particular category, the wetland should be assigned to that category. In all instances however, the narrative criteria described in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C) can be used to clarify or change a categorization based on a quantitative score.
Does the quantitative score fall within the "gray zone" for Category 1 or 2 or Category 2 or 3 wetlands?	YES  Wetland is assigned to the higher of the two categories or assigned to a category based on detailed assessments and the narrative criteria	*NO	Rater has the option of assigning the wetland to the higher of the two categories or to assign a category based on the results of a nonrapid wetland assessment method, e.g. functional assessment, biological assessment, etc, and a consideration of the narrative criteria in OAC rule 3745-1- 54(C).
Does the wetland otherwise exhibit <i>moderate OR superior</i> hydrologic OR habitat, OR recreational functions AND the wetland was <i>not</i> categorized as a Category 2 wetland (in the case of moderate functions) or a Category 3 wetland (in the case of superior functions) by this method?	YES  Wetland was undercategorized by this method. A written justification for recategorization should be provided on Background Information Form	*NO  Wetland is assigned to category as determined by the ORAM.	A wetland may be undercategorized using this method, but still exhibit one or more superior functions, e.g. a wetland's biotic communities may be degraded by human activities, but the wetland may still exhibit superior hydrologic functions because of its type, landscape position, size, local or regional significance, etc. In this circumstance, the narrative criteria in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C)(2) and (3) are controlling, and the under-categorization should be corrected. A written justification with supporting reasons or information for this determination should be provided.

### Final Category

Choose one	*Category 1	Category 2	Category 3
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**End of Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands.**

## U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Midwest Region

See ERDC/EL TR-10-16; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp:11/30/2024

Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:

(Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Jorden Projects City/County: Licking County Sampling Date: 09/17/2024

Applicant/Owner: AEP State: OH Sampling Point: EMHT Wetland F

Investigator(s): AGS/TJK Section, Township, Range: Township 2 North, Range 15 West

Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Depression Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave

Slope (%): 1 Lat: 40.09469 Long: -82.721807 Datum: NAD83

Soil Map Unit Name: Pe: Pewamo silty clay loam, low carbonate till, 0 to 2 percent slopes NWI classification: None

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_

Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	
Remarks: EMHT Wetland F is a PEM, isolated wetland located adjacent to old field and scrub/shrub habitats. This wetland receives hydrology from precipitation and possibly from a ponded area outside of the study corridor, that is visible from aerial imagery.	

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30'r )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:	
1. <u>Quercus palustris</u>	5	Yes	FACW	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4 (A)	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 5 (B)	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 80.0% (A/B)	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____	_____		
	5	=Total Cover			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15'r )				Prevalence Index worksheet:	
1. <u>Rosa multiflora</u>	5	Yes	FACU	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____	
2. <u>Cornus amomum</u>	5	Yes	FACW	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____	
3. <u>Acer rubrum</u>	5	Yes	FAC	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____	
	15	=Total Cover		UPL species _____ x 5 = _____	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r )				Column Totals: (A) (B)	
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	70	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A = _____	
2. <u>Leersia oryzoides</u>	15	No	OBL		
3. _____	_____	_____	_____		
4. _____	_____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____	_____		
6. _____	_____	_____	_____		
7. _____	_____	_____	_____		
8. _____	_____	_____	_____		
9. _____	_____	_____	_____		
10. _____	_____	_____	_____		
	85	=Total Cover			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30'r )				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%	
	_____	_____	_____	3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$	
	_____	_____	_____	4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)	
	_____	_____	_____	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)	
1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.					
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Hydrophytic vegetation indicators are present.

## SOIL

Sampling Point: EMHT Wetland F

## HYDROLOGY

<b>Wetland Hydrology Indicators:</b>		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> True Aquatic Plants (B14)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Gauge or Well Data (D9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Midwest Region**  
See ERDC/EL TR-10-16; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

**OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp:11/30/2024**  
**Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:**  
**(Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)**

Project/Site: Jorden Projects City/County: Licking County Sampling Date: 09/17/2024  
Applicant/Owner: AEP State: OH Sampling Point: EMHT Wetland F-UPL  
Investigator(s): AGS/TJK Section, Township, Range: Township 2 North, Range 15 West  
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Convex  
Slope (%): 1 Lat: 40.094274 Long: -82.721336 Datum: NAD83  
Soil Map Unit Name: BeB: Bennington silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes NWI classification: None  
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil X, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No X  
Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	<b>Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?</b> Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
<b>Remarks:</b> EMHT Wetland F-UPL is an upland data point located within an old field habitat. The source of hydrology to the area is precipitation. The soil is disturbed and is compacted and rocky throughout the profile.	

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30'r</u> ) 1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ =Total Cover	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50.0%</u> (A/B)
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>15'r</u> ) 1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ =Total Cover	<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species <u>0</u> x <u>1</u> = <u>0</u> FACW species <u>5</u> x <u>2</u> = <u>10</u> FAC species <u>20</u> x <u>3</u> = <u>60</u> FACU species <u>75</u> x <u>4</u> = <u>300</u> UPL species <u>0</u> x <u>5</u> = <u>0</u> Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>370</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.70</u>
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5'r</u> ) 1. <u>Solidago canadensis</u> <u>65</u> Yes <u>FACU</u> 2. <u>Juncus tenuis</u> <u>20</u> Yes <u>FAC</u> 3. <u>Andropogon virginicus</u> <u>10</u> No <u>FACU</u> 4. <u>Epilobium ciliatum</u> <u>5</u> No <u>FACW</u> 5. _____ 6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____ =Total Cover	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$ 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30'r</u> ) 1. _____ 2. _____ =Total Cover	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes _____ No <u>X</u>

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Hydrophytic vegetation indicators are not present.

## SOIL

Sampling Point: EMHT Wetland F-UPL

## HYDROLOGY

<b>Wetland Hydrology Indicators:</b>	
<b>Primary Indicators</b> (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> True Aquatic Plants (B14)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Gauge or Well Data (D9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<b>Secondary Indicators</b> (minimum of two required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	

## U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Midwest Region

See ERDC/EL TR-10-16; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp:11/30/2024

Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:

(Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Jorden Projects City/County: Licking County Sampling Date: 09/17/2024

Applicant/Owner: AEP State: OH Sampling Point: UPL-AGS-001

Investigator(s): AGS/TJK Section, Township, Range: Township 2 North, Range 15 West

Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave

Slope (%): 1 Lat: 40.094084 Long: -82.720005 Datum: NAD83

Soil Map Unit Name: BeB: Bennington silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes NWI classification: None

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No  (If no, explain in Remarks.)Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: UPL-AGS-001 is an upland data point located in an old field habitat. The source of hydrology to the area is precipitation. The soil is disturbed and is compacted and rocky throughout the profile.	

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: 30'r )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 33.3% (A/B)	
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
=Total Cover					
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: 15'r )				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 0 x 1 = 0 FACW species 40 x 2 = 80 FAC species 0 x 3 = 0 FACU species 60 x 4 = 240 UPL species 0 x 5 = 0  Column Totals: 100 (A) 320 (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.20	
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
=Total Cover					
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: 5'r )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$ 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)  Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)	
1. <i>Sympetrum lateriflorum</i>	30	Yes	FACW		
2. <i>Cirsium arvense</i>	30	Yes	FACU		
3. <i>Andropogon virginicus</i>	20	Yes	FACU		
4. <i>Solidago canadensis</i>	10	No	FACU		
5. <i>Euthamia graminifolia</i>	10	No	FACW		
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
=Total Cover					
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: 30'r )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
1.					
2.					
=Total Cover					

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Hydrophytic vegetation indicators are not present.

## SOIL

Sampling Point: UPL-AGS-001

## HYDROLOGY

<b>Wetland Hydrology Indicators:</b>			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<b>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> True Aquatic Plants (B14)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Gauge or Well Data (D9)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)		

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

## **WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Midwest Region**

See ERDC/EL TR-10-16; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp:11/30/2024

### **Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:**

(Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Jorden Projects      City/County: Licking County      Sampling Date: 09/17/2024

Applicant/Owner: AEP State: OH Sampling Point: UPL-AGS-003

Investigator(s): AGS/TJK Section, Township, Range: Township 2 North, Range 15 West

Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Hillslope Local relief (concave, convex, none): Convex

Slope (%): 1 Lat: 40.093016 Long: -82.72178 Datum: NAD83

Soil Map Unit Name: BeB: Bennington silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes NWI classification: None

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)

Are Vegetation   X  , Soil   X  , or Hydrology    significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes   X   No

Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

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**Remarks:**

UPL-AGS-003 is an upland data point located adjacent to a sidewalk and paved road. The location of the upland point has tire tracks running across it from recent and active construction. The soil is disturbed and is compacted and rocky throughout the profile. The source of hydrology to the area precipitation.

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.				
<u>Tree Stratum</u>	(Plot size: <u>30'r</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
				=Total Cover
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u>	(Plot size: <u>15'r</u> )			
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
				=Total Cover
<u>Herb Stratum</u>	(Plot size: <u>5'r</u> )			
1. <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	20	Yes	FACU	
2. <i>Daucus carota</i>	10	Yes	UPL	
3. <i>Trifolium pratense</i>	10	Yes	FACU	
4. <i>Setaria pumila</i>	10	Yes	FAC	
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
				=Total Cover
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u>	(Plot size: <u>30'r</u> )			
1.				
2.				
				=Total Cover
<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b>				
Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:				<u>1</u> (A)
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:				<u>4</u> (B)
Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:				<u>25.0%</u> (A/B)
<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b>				
Total % Cover of:			Multiply by:	
OBL species	<u>0</u>	x 1 =	<u>0</u>	
FACW species	<u>0</u>	x 2 =	<u>0</u>	
FAC species	<u>10</u>	x 3 =	<u>30</u>	
FACU species	<u>30</u>	x 4 =	<u>120</u>	
UPL species	<u>10</u>	x 5 =	<u>50</u>	
Column Totals:	<u>50</u>	(A)	<u>200</u> (B)	
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>4.00</u>				
<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b>				
1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation				
2 - Dominance Test is >50%				
3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$				
4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)				
Problems Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)				
<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.				
<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <u>      </u> No <u>      X      </u>				

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Hydrophytic vegetation indicators are not present. The remaining 50% of coverage is bareground/paved sidewalk.

## SOIL

Sampling Point: UPL-AGS-003

## HYDROLOGY

<b>Wetland Hydrology Indicators:</b>	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> True Aquatic Plants (B14)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Gauge or Well Data (D9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>EMH&amp;T Wetland F</b>	
<b>Date:</b> September 17, 2024	

<b>EMH&amp;T Wetland F</b>	
<b>Date:</b> September 17, 2024	

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>EMH&amp;T Wetland F</b>	
<b>Date:</b> September 17, 2024	

<b>EMH&amp;T Wetland F</b>	
<b>Date:</b> September 17, 2024	

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>EMH&amp;T Wetland F</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	September 17, 2024
<b>Description:</b>	PEM Category 1 Facing Soils

<b>UPL-AGS-001</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	September 17, 2024
<b>Description:</b>	Upland Data Point Facing North

**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Wetland Photograph Record**

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>UPL-AGS-001</b>	
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<b>UPL-AGS-001</b>	
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**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Wetland Photograph Record**

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>UPL-AGS-001</b>	
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<b>UPL-AGS-001</b>	
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<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>UPL-AGS-003</b>	
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<b>UPL-AGS-003</b>	
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**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Wetland Photograph Record**

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>UPL-AGS-003</b>	
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<b>UPL-AGS-003</b>	
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<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>UPL-AGS-003</b>
<b>Date:</b>
September 17, 2024
<b>Description:</b>
Upland Data Point
Facing Soils



**APPENDIX D****POND PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**

**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Ponds Photograph Record****Client Name:**

AEP

**Site Location:**

Jorden Station

**Project No.**

60736731

<b>P-AGS-002</b>
<b>Date:</b>
September 17, 2024
<b>Description:</b>



<b>P-AGS-002</b>
<b>Date:</b>
September 17, 2024
<b>Description:</b>



**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Ponds Photograph Record****Client Name:**

AEP

**Site Location:**

Jorden Station

**Project No.**

60736731

<b>P-AGS-002</b>
<b>Date:</b>
September 17, 2024
<b>Description:</b>

Pond

Facing South



<b>P-AGS-002</b>
<b>Date:</b>
September 17, 2024
<b>Description:</b>

Pond

Facing West



**APPENDIX E****UPLAND DRAINAGE FEATURES PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**

**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Upland Drainage Feature (UDF)**  
**Photograph Record****Client Name:**

AEP

**Site Location:**

Jorden Station

**Project No.**

60736731

<b>UDF-AGS-003</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	
September 17, 2024	
<b>Description:</b>	
Upland Drainage Feature	
Facing Up	

<b>UDF-AGS-003</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	
September 17, 2024	
<b>Description:</b>	
Upland Drainage Feature	
Facing Down	

**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Upland Drainage Feature (UDF)**  
**Photograph Record**

Client Name:	Site Location:	Project No.
AEP	Jorden Station	60736731

<b>UDF-AGS-003</b>	
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<b>UDF-AGS-004</b>	
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**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Upland Drainage Feature (UDF)**  
**Photograph Record**

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>UDF-AGS-004</b>	
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<b>UDF-AGS-004</b>	
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**APPENDIX F****HABITAT PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>PH-1</b>	 A photograph showing a scrub-shrub and wetland boundary. In the foreground, there is a dense growth of yellow flowers (likely goldenrod) and various green plants. A weathered wooden post stands in the center-left. In the background, a field of tall grass and yellow flowers extends to a line of trees under a cloudy sky.
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<b>PH-2</b>	 A photograph of a woodland area. In the foreground, there is a field of tall grass and yellow flowers. In the middle ground, a cluster of trees, including a mix of deciduous and coniferous species, stands. The background shows a dense line of trees under a cloudy sky.
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<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>PH-3</b>	
<b>Date:</b> September 17, 2024	
<b>Description:</b> Scrub-Shrub Facing South	

<b>PH-4</b>	
<b>Date:</b> September 17, 2024	
<b>Description:</b> Old Field Facing North	

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>PH-5</b>	
<b>Date:</b> September 17, 2024	
<b>Description:</b> Scrub-Shrub Facing West	

<b>PH-6</b>	
<b>Date:</b> September 17, 2024	
<b>Description:</b> Old Field Facing North	

**PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD**  
**Habitat Photograph Record**

<b>Client Name:</b> AEP	<b>Site Location:</b> Jorden Station	<b>Project No.</b> 60736731
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<b>PH-7</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	September 17, 2024
<b>Description:</b>	Scrub-Shrub Facing North

**APPENDIX G**  
**AGENCY RESPONSE LETTERS**



**Office of Real Estate & Land Management**

Tara Paciorek - Chief  
2045 Morse Road – E-2  
Columbus, Ohio 43229-6693

December 30, 2024

Joshua Holmes  
AECOM  
707 Grant Street, 5th Floor  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15219

**Re:** 24-1900 - Jorden Station

**Project:** The proposed project involves building a new, greenfield substation located within an 18.7-acre parcel.

**Location:** The proposed project is located in Jersey Township, Licking County, Ohio.

The Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) has completed a review of the above referenced project. These comments were generated by an inter-disciplinary review within the Department. These comments have been prepared under the authority of the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (48 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.), the National Environmental Policy Act, the Coastal Zone Management Act, Ohio Revised Code and other applicable laws and regulations. These comments are also based on ODNR's experience as the state natural resource management agency and do not supersede or replace the regulatory authority of any local, state, or federal agency nor relieve the applicant of the obligation to comply with any local, state, or federal laws or regulations.

**Natural Heritage Database:** A review of the Ohio Natural Heritage Database indicates there are no records of state or federally listed plants or animals within one mile of the specified project area. Records searched date from 1980.

Please note that Ohio has not been completely surveyed and we rely on receiving information from many sources. Therefore, a lack of records for any particular area is not a statement that rare species or unique features are absent from that area.

**Fish and Wildlife:** The Division of Wildlife (DOW) has the following comments.

The DOW recommends that impacts to streams, wetlands and other water resources be avoided and minimized to the fullest extent possible, and that Best Management Practices be utilized to minimize erosion and sedimentation.

The project is within the vicinity of records for the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*), a state endangered and federally endangered species. Because presence of a state endangered bat species has been established in the area, summer tree cutting is not recommended, and additional summer surveys would not constitute presence/absence in the area. However, limited summer tree

cutting inside this buffer may be acceptable after further consultation with DOW (contact Eileen Wyza at [Eileen.Wyza@dnr.ohio.gov](mailto:Eileen.Wyza@dnr.ohio.gov)).

In addition, the entire state of Ohio is within the range of the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*), a state endangered and federally endangered species, the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*), a state endangered and federally endangered species, the little brown bat (*Myotis lucifugus*), a state endangered species, and the tricolored bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*), a state endangered species. During the spring and summer (April 1 through September 30), these bat species predominately roost in trees behind loose, exfoliating bark, in crevices and cavities, or in the leaves. However, these species are also dependent on the forest structure surrounding roost trees. The DOW recommends tree cutting only occur from October 1 through March 31, conserving trees with loose, shaggy bark and/or crevices, holes, or cavities, as well as trees with DBH  $\geq 20$  if possible.

The DOW also recommends that a desktop habitat assessment is conducted, followed by a field assessment if needed, to determine if a potential hibernaculum is present within the project area. Direction on how to conduct habitat assessments can be found in the current USFWS "[RANGE-WIDE INDIANA BAT & NORTHERN LONG-EARED BAT SURVEY GUIDELINES](#)." If a habitat assessment finds that a potential hibernaculum is present within 0.25 miles of the project area, please send this information to Eileen Wyza for project recommendations. If a potential or known hibernaculum is found, the DOW recommends a 0.25-mile tree cutting and subsurface disturbance buffer around the hibernaculum entrance, however, limited summer or winter tree cutting may be acceptable after consultation with the DOW. If no tree cutting or subsurface impacts to a hibernaculum are proposed, this project is not likely to impact these species.

The project is within the range of the lake chubsucker (*Erimyzon suetta*) a state threatened fish. The DOW recommends no in-water work in perennial streams from March 15 through June 30 to reduce impacts to indigenous aquatic species and their habitat. If no in-water work is proposed in a perennial stream, this project is not likely to impact this or other aquatic species.

The project is within the range of the eastern massasauga (*Sistrurus catenatus*), a state endangered and a federally threatened snake species. The eastern massasauga uses a range of habitats including wet prairies, fens, and other wetlands, as well as drier upland habitat. Due to the location, the type of habitat within the project area, and the type of work proposed, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the northern harrier (*Circus hudsonius*), a state endangered bird. This is a common migrant and winter species. Nesters are much rarer, although they occasionally breed in large marshes and grasslands. Harriers often nest in loose colonies. The female builds a nest out of sticks on the ground, often on top of a mound. Harriers hunt over grasslands. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of April 15 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

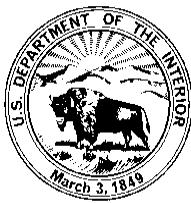
Due to the potential of impacts to federally listed species, as well as to state listed species, we recommend that this project be coordinated with the US Fish & Wildlife Service.

**Water Resources:** The Division of Water Resources has the following comment.

If the subject project is in a floodplain regulated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), the local [local floodplain administrator](#) should be contacted concerning the possible need for any floodplain permits or approvals. The FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer (NHFL) Viewer [website](#) can be utilized to see if the project is in a FEMA regulated floodplain. If the project is not in a FEMA regulated floodplain, then no further action is required.

ODNR appreciates the opportunity to provide these comments. Please contact Mike Pettegrew (Environmental Services Administrator) at [mike.pettegrew@dnr.ohio.gov](mailto:mike.pettegrew@dnr.ohio.gov) if you have questions about these comments or need additional information.

**Expiration:** *ODNR Environmental Reviews are typically valid for 2 years from the issuance date. If the scope of work, project area, construction limits, and/or anticipated impacts to natural resources have changed significantly from the original project submittal, then a new Environmental Review request should be submitted.*



# United States Department of the Interior

## FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Ecological Services  
4625 Morse Road, Suite 104  
Columbus, Ohio 43230  
(614) 416-8993 / FAX (614) 416-8994



December 16, 2024

Project Code: 2024-0140512

Dear Joshua Holmes:

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has received your recent correspondence requesting information about the subject proposal. We offer the following comments and recommendations to assist you in minimizing and avoiding adverse impacts to threatened, endangered, and proposed species pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq), as amended (ESA).

**Federally Threatened and Endangered Species:** The endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) and northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) occur throughout the State of Ohio. The Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat may be found wherever suitable habitat occurs unless a presence/absence survey has been performed to document absence. Suitable summer habitat for Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats consists of a wide variety of forested/wooded habitats where they roost, forage, and breed that may also include adjacent and interspersed non-forested habitats such as emergent wetlands and adjacent edges of agricultural fields, woodlots, fallow fields, and pastures. Roost trees for both species include live and standing dead trees  $\geq 3$  inches diameter at breast height (dbh) that have any exfoliating bark, cracks, crevices, hollows and/or cavities. These roost trees may be located in forested habitats as well as linear features such as fencerows, riparian forests, and other wooded corridors. Individual trees may be considered suitable habitat when they exhibit the characteristics of a potential roost tree and are located within 1,000 feet of other forested/wooded habitat. Northern long-eared bats have also been observed roosting in human-made structures, such as buildings, barns, bridges, and bat houses; therefore, these structures should also be considered potential summer habitat. In the winter, Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats hibernate in caves, rock crevices and abandoned mines.

**Federally Proposed Species:** On September 14, 2022, the Service proposed to list the tricolored bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*) as endangered under the ESA. The bat faces extinction due to the impacts of white-nose syndrome, a deadly disease affecting cave-dwelling bats across the continent. During spring, summer, and fall, this species roosts primarily among leaf clusters of live or recently dead trees, emerging at dusk to hunt for insects over waterways and forest edges. While white-nose syndrome is by far the most serious threat to the tricolored bat, other threats now have an increased significance due to the dramatic decline in the species' population. These threats include disturbance to bats in roosting, foraging, commuting, and over-wintering habitats. Mortality due to collision with wind turbines, especially during migration, has also been documented across their range. Conservation measures for the Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat will also help to conserve the tricolored bat.

***Seasonal Tree Clearing for Federally Listed Bat Species:*** Should the proposed project site contain trees  $\geq 3$  inches dbh, we recommend avoiding tree removal wherever possible. If any caves or abandoned mines may be disturbed, further coordination with this office is requested to determine if fall or spring portal surveys are warranted. If no caves or abandoned mines are present and trees  $\geq 3$  inches dbh cannot be avoided, we recommend removal of any trees  $\geq 3$  inches dbh only occur between October 1 and March 31. Seasonal clearing is recommended to avoid adverse effects to Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats.

If implementation of this seasonal tree cutting recommendation is not possible, a summer presence/absence survey may be conducted for Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats. If Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats are not detected during the survey, then tree clearing may occur at any time of the year. Surveys must be conducted by an approved surveyor and be designed and conducted in coordination with the Ohio Field Office. Surveyors must have a valid federal permit. Please note that in Ohio summer mist net surveys may only be conducted between June 1 and August 15.

**Section 7 Coordination:** If there is a federal nexus for the project (e.g., federal funding provided, federal permits required to construct), then no tree clearing should occur on any portion of the project area until consultation under section 7 of the ESA, between the Service and the federal action agency, is completed. We recommend the federal action agency submit a determination of effects to this office, relative to the Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat, for our review and concurrence. This letter provides technical assistance only and does not serve as a completed section 7 consultation document.

**Stream and Wetland Avoidance:** Over 90% of the wetlands in Ohio have been drained, filled, or modified by human activities, thus is it important to conserve the functions and values of the remaining wetlands in Ohio ([https://epa.ohio.gov/portals/47/facts/ohio\\_wetlands.pdf](https://epa.ohio.gov/portals/47/facts/ohio_wetlands.pdf)). We recommend avoiding and minimizing project impacts to all wetland habitats (e.g., forests, streams, vernal pools) to the maximum extent possible in order to benefit water quality and fish and wildlife habitat. Additionally, natural buffers around streams and wetlands should be preserved to enhance beneficial functions. If streams or wetlands will be impacted, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers should be contacted to determine whether a Clean Water Act section 404 permit is required. Best management practices should be used to minimize erosion, especially on slopes. Disturbed areas should be mulched and revegetated with native plant species. In addition, prevention of non-native, invasive plant establishment is critical in maintaining high quality habitats.

Due to the project type, size, and location, we do not anticipate adverse effects to any other federally endangered, threatened, or proposed species, or proposed or designated critical habitat. Should the project design change, or additional information on listed or proposed species or their critical habitat become available, or if new information reveals effects of the action that were not previously considered, coordination with the Service should be initiated to assess any potential impacts.

Thank you for your efforts to conserve listed species and sensitive habitats in Ohio. We recommend coordinating with the Ohio Department of Natural Resources due to the potential for the proposed project to affect state listed species and/or state lands. Contact Mike Pettegrew, Environmental Services Administrator, at (614) 265-6387 or at [mike.pettegrew@dnr.ohio.gov](mailto:mike.pettegrew@dnr.ohio.gov).

If you have questions, or if we can be of further assistance in this matter, please contact our office at (614) 416-8993 or [ohio@fws.gov](mailto:ohio@fws.gov).

Sincerely,



Erin Knoll  
Field Office Supervisor

cc: Matthew.Stooksbury@dnr.ohio.gov  
Eileen.Wyza@dnr.ohio.gov

**APPENDIX H****2024 JOINT GUIDANCE FOR BAT SURVEYS AND TREE CLEARING**



## OHIO DIVISION OF WILDLIFE AND U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE (OH-FIELD OFFICE) JOINT GUIDANCE FOR BAT SURVEYS AND TREE CLEARING MAY 2024

This document has been updated with new state guidance for the 2024 field season.

*This guidance applies to state recommendations only. Contact the USFWS to determine if federal consultation is also necessary to comply with federal law.*

### **Agency Contacts:**

**ODNR-DOW Permit Coordinator:** Wildlife.Permits@dnr.ohio.gov, (614) 265-6315

**ODNR-DOW Bat Survey Coordinator:** Eileen Wyza, Eileen.Wyza@dnr.ohio.gov, (614) 265-6764

**USFWS OHFO Endangered Species:** Angela Boyer, angela\_boyer@fws.gov, (614) 416-8993, ext.122

### **Covid-19 Guidance:**

Surveyors should follow all covid protocols put in place by their agency. All surveyors should wear masks when handling bats and anyone exhibiting symptoms of covid-19 should not participate in bat surveys.

### **Ohio Mist-net Surveys:**

This document serves as guidance for bat mist netting activities in Ohio and does not supersede any requirements listed on your permits or facility certificate. All permit conditions must be strictly adhered to for permits to be valid and for renewal of permits beyond the existing year.

Due to the presence of White-nose Syndrome (WNS), mist-netting in Ohio must be conducted between June 1 and August 15 unless stated otherwise in your state permit. The ODNR Division of Wildlife (ODNR-DOW) and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Ohio Field Office (OHFO) have determined that delaying netting activities until June 1 will provide additional recovery time for bats affected by WNS. For presence/probable absence surveys, netting will not be accepted outside of the June 1 - August 15 timeframe.

To assess project areas for presence or probable absence of the state and federally listed Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) and northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) during summer residency, the USFWS developed the USFWS Range-wide Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat Summer Survey Guidelines (March 2024). This protocol may also be used for the tricolored bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*) which is state endangered and proposed to be federally endangered. **With minor modifications referenced below**, it can also be used in Ohio for the 2024 field season and includes surveying for the state-listed little brown bat (*Myotis lucifugus*).

According to the updated federal range-wide guidelines, presence/probable absence net surveys for northern long-eared bats or federally-proposed tricolored bats shall incorporate either 10 net nights per square 0.5 kilometer (123

acres) of project area, or four net nights per kilometer for linear projects. Presence/probable absence net surveys for Indiana bats shall incorporate six net nights per square 0.5 kilometer (123 acres) of project area, or two net nights per kilometer for linear projects. If a project area is eligible for a presence/probable absence survey for both Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats or tricolored bat, following the northern long-eared/tricolored bat level of effort will qualify as a presence/ probable absence survey for the three species. However, if a project area is eligible for a presence/absence survey for the three species, following the Indiana bat level of effort will not qualify the survey for a northern long-eared bat or tricolored bat presence/probable absence survey. Please note that the USFWS Range-wide Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat Summer Survey Guidelines (March 2024) requires that a minimum of two (2) biologists (e.g., one permitted and one technician) must be on-site for every four (4) net-sets being operated. Exceptions to on-site minimum staffing levels may be allowed under extenuating circumstances, provided written justification is included in the proposed survey study plan and subsequently approved by the OHFO and ODNR-DOW.

Due to the reclassification of the northern long-eared bat to federally endangered on March 31, 2023, the northern long-eared bat 4(d) rule has been nullified. There is a new online tool in the USFWS's Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) website that allows project proponents to utilize the optional Northern Long-eared Bat Rangewide Determination Key (Dkey). **The Dkey cannot be used to replace consultation with ODNR-DOW.** Project proponents should coordinate directly with the ODNR-DOW for project technical assistance for all federally listed species, including the Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat. **OHFO discourages the use of the Dkey for Ohio projects.** Contacting OHFO directly ([ohio@fws.gov](mailto:ohio@fws.gov)) for technical assistance for both the northern long-eared bat and Indiana bat is the more efficient process.

The tricolored bat is listed as endangered by ODNR-DOW and has been officially proposed for federal listing as endangered. The USFWS is scheduled to publish a final rule on the tricolored bat's status by the end of September 2024. Therefore, in addition to coordinating with ODNR-DOW regarding the tricolored bat, we recommend that project proponents also coordinate with the OHFO. The USFWS Range-wide Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat Summer Survey Guidelines (March 2024) allows presence/absence surveys for the tricolored bat that use the northern long-eared bat level of effort.

**Exception for Ohio mist-net surveys:** All presence/absence surveys conducted for state listed bat species (Indiana, northern long-eared, little brown, tricolored) should follow the highest minimum net nights set forth in the federal guidance to be considered valid by ODNR-DOW. Any modifications to this position will be communicated at the time of the site authorization approval.

#### **Ohio Acoustic Surveys:**

Acoustic bat surveys for presence/absence will be accepted by ODNR-DOW for the 2024 season. Surveys should follow guidelines laid out in the USFWS Range-wide Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat Summer Survey Guidelines (March 2024) with the following exceptions:

- Ohio survey dates are June 1 – August 15
- After conducting automated analyses using one or more of the currently available 'approved' acoustic bat ID programs<sup>1</sup>, qualitative analysis (i.e., manual vetting) of any calls recorded from state-endangered species (*M. sodalis*, *M. septentrionalis*<sup>2</sup>, *M. lucifugus*<sup>2</sup>, and *P. subflavus*<sup>2</sup>) must be completed.
- **All presence/absence acoustic surveys conducted for state listed bat species (Indiana, northern long-eared, little brown, tricolored) should follow the highest minimum acoustic nights set forth in the federal guidance to be considered valid by ODNR-DOW. Any modifications to this position will be communicated at the time of the site authorization approval.**

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<sup>1</sup> <https://www.fws.gov/media/indiana-bat-summer-survey-guidance>

<sup>2</sup> State listing as endangered effective July 1, 2020

At a minimum, for each detector site/night a program considered presence of state-listed bats likely, review all files (including no IDs) from that site/night. If more than one acoustic bat ID program is used, qualitative analysis must also include a comparison of the results of each program by site and night.

### **Combined Mist-netting and Acoustic Surveys:**

ODNR-DOW will accept the USFWS pilot survey option of combining mist-netting and acoustic surveys for traditional survey sites (e.g., 123-acre area) detailed in Appendix I of the USFWS Range-wide Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat Summer Survey Guidelines (2024). All presence/absence combined mist-net and acoustic surveys conducted for state listed bat species should follow the highest minimum level of effort set forth by the federal guidance to be considered valid by ODNR-DOW. Any modifications to this position will be communicated at the time of the site authorization approval.

### **Before Field Season:**

- Anyone surveying bats using mist-nets in the state of Ohio must obtain a federal permit as well as a state scientific collection permit. The federal permit should include both the Indiana bat and the northern long-eared bat.
- Your ODNR-DOW permit consists of two documents: a Scientific Collector (Wild Animal) Permit and an endangered species letter signed by the Chief of the Division of Wildlife (in addition to your federal permit). Both ODNR-DOW documents must be obtained prior to field work and kept with you and any sub-permittees during field work.

### **During Field Season:**

- Prior to initiation of field work (a minimum of two weeks in advance), permittees must provide proposed mist netting plans to USFWS and ODNR-DOW in the form of an e-mail letter to the USFWS OHFO and copy to the ODNR-DOW Bat Survey Coordinator. Plans must be reviewed and approved by USFWS OHFO and ODNR-DOW before ANY surveys take place. Study plans must specify objectives, location details, dates of proposed work, and all other relevant details. **Study plans must also include a USFWS Project Code.** **Project Codes can only be obtained by requesting an official species list through the USFWS's Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) website: (<https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/>).** When handling bats, you must strictly adhere to the current WNS Decontamination Protocol (current version can be found at <https://www.whitenosesyndrome.org/topics/decontamination>). Clothing, boots, gear, and equipment should all be thoroughly decontaminated between nights, as well as between netting sites.
- Request bat bands at least two weeks in advance of needing them. Bat bands can be obtained by e-mailing the ODNR-DOW Bat Survey Coordinator with how many bands are needed, current permit number, sizes, and a mailing address. Bands will not be issued until your permits are valid. We have three sizes of bands—2.4 mm, 2.9 mm, and 4.2 mm. The 2.4 mm split metal bat ring made of aluminum alloy is suitable for banding tricolored bats. 2.9 mm bands are suitable for Indiana, northern long-eared, and little brown bats. The larger 4.2 mm band is suitable for silver-haired (*Lasionycteris noctivagans*), big brown (*Eptesicus fuscus*), and hoary (*Lasius cinereus*) bats. **You must band all Indiana, northern long-eared, little brown, and tricolored bats with ODNR-DOW bands; therefore, you should not be in the field without the 2.4 mm and 2.9 mm sized bands.**

**NOTE: While ODNR-DOW obtains 2.9 mm bands per new 2024 USFWS guidelines, banding of endangered *Myotis* species should not be done until 2.9 mm bands are received. Please watch for updates from the Wildlife Permits email and request 2.9 mm bands when they become available.**

- Only individuals who are named on the ODNR-DOW endangered species letter portion of the permit and on the corresponding federal bat permit may conduct and oversee mist-net surveys. Trained assistants may work on permitted bat activities under the direct and on-site supervision of a named permittee. All bat IDs must be verified by a named permittee. If an Indiana bat, northern long-eared bat, and/or tricolored bat is captured, the permittee shall notify the USFWS and the ODNR-DOW Bat Survey Coordinator referenced

above within 48 hours via email. If a little brown bat is captured, notify the ODNR-DOW Bat Survey Coordinator only within 48 hours via email. Reports of listed bat captures should include specific information such as spatial location of capture, band information, radio-transmitter frequency information, sex, reproductive status, and age of individual.

- For presence/absence surveys, ODNR-DOW requires all female and juvenile state endangered and threatened bat species (Indiana, northern long-eared, little brown, and tricolored bat) be radio-tracked if caught, in accordance with methods outlined in Appendix D of USFWS 2024 Range-wide Indiana Bat Summer Survey Guidelines.

If you are taking any biological samples (tissue, fur, blood, etc.), this must be specifically authorized in your state and federal permits and noted in your survey proposal.

#### **After Field Season:**

By March 15, you must submit your final ODNR-DOW report(s) from the previous summer. You are not required to fill out the ODNR-DOW Wildlife Diversity Bat Excel Spreadsheet; instead, please forward your USFWS Midwestern US Spreadsheet (found here: <https://www.fws.gov/media/bat-reporting-spreadsheets>) to the ODNR-DOW Bat Survey Coordinator and ODNR-DOW Permit Coordinator and include your state permit number along with an electronic copy of the project report. Electronic summaries emailed during the field season are NOT considered as full compliance of this reporting requirement.

#### **Ohio Environmental Review Recommendations for projects involving disturbance near potential/known bat hibernacula (cliffs, caves, mines) or tree cutting:**

**Step 1:** Coordinate with Ohio Division of Wildlife regarding existing records for state-listed endangered bat summer and/or winter occurrence information. Potential hibernacula found during a habitat assessment must address possible suitability for Indiana bats, northern long-eared bats, tricolored bats, and little brown bats.

If project site contains a known bat hibernaculum(a) –

- Both the DOW and USFWS should be contacted for guidance on projects occurring:
  - Within 5 miles of known or potential Indiana bat and/or northern long-eared bat hibernacula.
  - Within 3 miles of known or potential tricolored bat hibernacula
- Only ODNR-DOW should be contacted if a project occurs within 5 miles of known or potential little brown bat hibernacula.

If a project site does not contain known bat hibernaculum(a) –

- Conduct a desktop habitat assessment of the project area. Tools such as the [ODNR Mines of Ohio Viewer](#), [Karst Interactive Map](#), topographic maps, aerial photos, historical records, etc. should be used to determine if there are any potential caves, mines, karst features, rock ledges, or other features that may serve as potential hibernacula.
- If no such features are found, proceed to **Step 2**.
- If potential hibernacula are found during the desktop assessment:
  - Assume bats are using these hibernacula and refrain from clearing trees from March 15 - Nov 15

**OR**

- Conduct a field habitat assessment to determine if a potential hibernaculum(a) is present within the action area. We encourage impacts to ledges and rock outcroppings be avoided. If impacts cannot be avoided, features should be evaluated for potential roosting characteristics such as recesses, overhangs, and crevices.

- **NOTE:** The USFWS Range-wide Indiana Bat Guidelines, Appendix H, contains instructions for completing a habitat assessment for Indiana bat, but can be applied to other bat species.

**Step 2:** Conduct a presence/absence survey following current ODNR-DOW guidelines, where applicable.

**Step 3: If a state-listed endangered bat is captured or recorded during the survey:**

- Recommendation of no summer tree cutting, or limited cutting following guidelines detailed below, within 5 miles of an Indiana bat or little brown bat capture or 3 miles of a northern long-eared bat and/or tricolored bat capture if a roost is not located.
- Recommendation of no summer tree cutting, or limited cutting following guidelines detailed below, within a minimum of 2.5 miles of an Indiana bat or little brown bat roost or 1.5 miles of a northern long-eared bat and/or tricolored bat roost tree if located.
- Recommended tree clearing dates within capture record buffers are October 1 – March 31

**If no state-listed endangered bat is captured or recorded during the survey:**

- Summer tree cutting may proceed for 5 years before a new survey is needed under state guidance.

**Limited summer tree cutting guidance for little brown bats:** Limited tree cutting in summer may be permitted after consultation with ODNR-DOW, but clearing trees with the following characteristics should be avoided unless they pose a hazard: dead or live trees of any size with loose, shaggy bark; crevices, holes, or cavities; clusters of dead leaves; live trees of any species with DBH  $\geq 20''$ .

## **FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS**

### **When does the ODNR-DOW Bat Survey protocol have to be used?**

This protocol should be used anytime Indiana bat, northern long-eared bat, little brown bat, or tricolored bat summer presence/probable absence surveys are conducted in the state of Ohio.

### **How many detector nights are required for presence/probable absence acoustic surveys?**

As described in the current USFWS Range-wide Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat Summer Survey Guidelines:

Level of effort for all state-listed endangered bat species: follow highest minimum detector nights as outlined in the federal guidance for northern long-eared bat and tricolored bat.

#### Northern Long-eared Bat and Tricolored Bat Level of Effort:

Linear projects: a minimum of 4 detector nights per km (0.6 miles) of suitable summer habitat

Non-linear projects: a minimum of 10 detector nights per 123 acres (0.5 km<sup>2</sup>) of suitable summer habitat.

At least 2 detector locations per 123 acre "site" shall be sampled until at least 10 detector nights has been completed over the course of at least 2 calendar nights (may be consecutive). For example:

- 5 detectors for 2 nights each (can sample the same location or move within the site)
- 2 detectors for 5 nights each (can sample the same location or move within the site)
- 1 detector for 10 nights (must sample at least 2 locations and move within the site – we recommend evenly distributing LOE among locations)

#### Indiana Bat Level of Effort:

Linear projects: a minimum of 2 detector nights per km (0.6 miles) of suitable summer habitat

Non-linear projects: a minimum of 6 detector nights per 123 acres (0.5 km<sup>2</sup>) of suitable summer habitat.

At least 2 detector locations per 123 acre "site" shall be sampled until at least 6 detector nights has been completed over the course of at least 2 calendar nights (may be consecutive). For example:

- 3 detectors for 2 nights each (can sample the same location or move within the site)
- 2 detectors for 3 nights each (can sample the same location or move within the site)
- 1 detector for 6 nights (must sample at least 2 locations and move within the site – we recommend evenly distributing LOE among locations)

### **How many net surveys are required for presence/probable absence?**

Level of effort for all state-listed endangered bat species including Indiana bat and northern long-eared bats:

Follow highest minimum net nights as outlined in the federal guidance for the northern long-eared bat and tricolored bat.

Net surveys for northern long-eared bat presence/probable absence shall incorporate, at a minimum, either 10 net nights per square 0.5 kilometer (123 acres) of project area, or four net nights per kilometer for linear projects. For linear projects, there must be at least one net night of survey on two different nights (minimum of two nights). This does not allow for two net nights on a single night for surveys.

Net surveys for Indiana bat presence/probable absence shall incorporate, at a minimum, either six net nights net nights per square 0.5 kilometer (123 acres) of project area, or two net nights per kilometer for linear projects. For

linear projects, there must be at least one net night of survey on two different nights (minimum of two nights). This does not allow for two net nights on a single night for surveys.

**How long are the results of the surveys valid for an assessment of an area?**

Mist-net or acoustic surveys documenting probable absence of state-listed endangered bats are valid for five years.

**When can acoustic or net surveys occur in Ohio?**

In Ohio, acoustic or net surveys may only be conducted from June 1 through August 15 unless indicated otherwise in your state permit. Any surveys outside of the June 1 - August 15 timeframe cannot be used in Ohio to assess the presence/probable absence of state-listed bats.

**Can a presence/probable absence survey be conducted within a known bat capture/detection buffer?**

Surveys generally cannot be used to document presence/probable absence of state-listed endangered bats where presence of the species has already been confirmed by prior surveys.

**What if a project is proposing to clear trees between April 1 and September 30 when bats may be present but no bat records exist in the project area?**

Any Ohio project that is not within a known bat record buffer, and tree clearing between April 1 and September 31 is being proposed, may have a presence/probable absence survey conducted between June 1 and August 15 following the range-wide guidance. If a presence/probable absence survey is not performed, presence of listed bats is assumed.

**Where do I get bands?**

If you need bands, email the ODNR-DOW Bat Survey Coordinator at least two weeks in advance with your current ODNR permit number, how many bands in each size (2.4 mm, 2.9 mm, and 4.2 mm) you will need this season, and a current address to ship the bands.

**Do I have to band every bat?**

No, currently this is optional. However, you are required as per your state permit to band all Indiana, northern long-eared, little brown, and tricolored bats.

**NOTE:** While ODNR-DOW obtains 2.9 mm bands per new 2024 USFWS guidelines, banding of endangered *Myotis* species should not be done until 2.9 mm bands are received. Please watch for updates from the Wildlife Permits email and request 2.9 mm bands when they become available.